

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : INSTAPAK® COMPONENT "A"
 Product code : Not available.
 Other means of identification : M-3
 Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Polymethylene Polyphenylisocyanate (PMDI) mixture for the production of Instapak® polyurethane packaging foam.
 Area of application : Industrial applications.
 Manufacturer : Sealed Air Corporation (US)
 10 Old Sherman Turnpike
 Danbury, CT 06810
 United States
 Telephone: +1 203-791-3500
 e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Sealedair.com
 Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 (24/7)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
 Classification of the substance or mixture : H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
 H315 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
 H320 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
 H334 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
 H372 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements : H315 + H320 - Causes skin and eye irritation.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
 H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory tract) (inhalation)

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.
 P284 - Wear respiratory protection.
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
 P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
 P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
 P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : P405 - Store locked up.
 P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : Contact with water in container lead to a dangerous build-up of pressure in container due to the generation of carbon dioxide.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	Other names	%	CAS number
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	-	≥25 - <50	9016-87-9
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	≥25 - ≤50	101-68-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
- Skin contact** : Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Low acute oral toxicity. Exposure not probable with intended use.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
hydrogen cyanide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Storage temperature: 10 to 30°C (50 to 86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours. CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 10 minutes. CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). CEIL: 0.02 ppm CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eyeface protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection
- Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Recommended: nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber or PVC gloves..
- Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state : Liquid.
- Color : Brown.
- Odor : Musty.
- Odor threshold : Not available.
- pH : Not available.
- Melting point : Not available.
- Boiling point : 208°C (406.4°F)
- Flash point : Closed cup: 198°C (388.4°F) [ASTM D 93]

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.000013 kPa (<0.0001 mm Hg) at 25°C
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.24 [Water = 1] at 25°C
Density	: 1.234 g/cm ³ [20°C (68°F)]
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): 150 to 250 mPa·s (150 to 250 cP)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions of use and storage. Polymerises at about 200°C with evolution of carbon dioxide.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO ₂ gas. Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. PMDI is insoluble with and heavier than water and sinks to the bottom reacting slowly at the interface. A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating CO ₂ gas. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid high temperature and moisture.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: water, amines, strong alkalis, alcohols, copper alloys.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	490 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>9400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male	0.368 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>9400 mg/kg (similar material)	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	>7616 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit Human	- -	- -	- -

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
	Respiratory	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Gene mutation assay, Salmonella typhimurium	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	Micronucleus Assay, Mouse	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	Micronucleus test, rat, male	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	Ames test, Salmonella typhimurium	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Equivocal

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Rat - Male, Female	6 mg/m ³ LOAEL	2 years; 6 hours per day ; 5 days per week

Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary : Polymeric MDI has been classified as IARC Group 3 ("Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans") (1999) indicating there is inadequate evidence available to describe the carcinogenic potential. Epidemiological studies found no association between isocyanates and cancer. In chronic exposure studies in rodents, PMDI produced tumors only at the highest exposure level of 6 mg/m³. This exposure level is significantly above the TLV for MDI (0.051 mg/m³). Based on the weight of the evidence, a determination of not classified for carcinogenicity is justified.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	-	3	-
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Positive	-	-	Rat - Female	Inhalation: 4 mg/m ³ NOAEL	15 days; 6 hours per day

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Negative - Inhalation	Rat - Female	12 mg/m ³ NOAEL	15 days; 6 hours per day

Conclusion/Summary : No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested. Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Instapak Component A	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Instapak Component A	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

- Eye contact : Causes eye irritation.
- Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion : Low acute oral toxicity. Exposure not probable with intended use.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
wheezing and breathing difficulties
asthma
- Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	1 mg/m ³	90 days; 6 hours per day ; 5 days per week
	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.2 mg/m ³	2 years; 6 hours per day ; 5 days per week
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.3 mg/m ³	90 days; 18 hours per day , 5 days per week

- General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/03/2020 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Instapak Component A	5555.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.7
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	EC50 >100 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >3000 mg/l	Fish - Oryzias latipes	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 1640 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Acute LC50 >500 mg/l	Daphnia - Water flea	24 hours
	Acute LC50 >500 mg/l	Fish - Zebra fish	24 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	-	0 % - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	-	<1	low
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	4.51	200	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification : **Reportable quantity** 11111.1 lbs / 5044.4 kg [1079.9 gal / 4087.9 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : **TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: All components are listed or exempted.
TSCA 8(c) calls for record of SAR: Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues; 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air
Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed
Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals : Not listed
(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals : Not listed
(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	≥25 - <50	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	≥25 - ≤50	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

SARA 313

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	≥25 - <50
	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	≥25 - ≤50
Supplier notification	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	≥25 - <50
	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	≥25 - ≤50

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE; DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE; MDI
- New York** : The following components are listed: Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate
- New Jersey** : The following components are listed: METHYLENE DIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (POLYMERIC); ISOCYANIC ACID, POLYMETHYLENEPOLYPHENYLENE ESTER
- Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: BENZENE, 1,1'-METHYLENEBIS [4-ISOCYANATO-

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

- Other special considerations** : All Rights reserved.
No part of this publication may be made publicly available by print, microfilm, photoprint, or any other means of publication without written permission of Sealed Air.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Expert judgment
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Expert judgment
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	On basis of test data

History

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/03/2020
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: Sphera Solutions
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate AMP = Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available UN = United Nations
References	: HCS (U.S.A.)- Hazard Communication Standard International transport regulations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.