

Safety Data Sheet



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: YATES NUTRICOTE YELLOW / CREAM / MAGENTA / LIME / SILVER

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: Controlled release fertiliser.

Supplier: Yates Australia, a division of DuluxGroup (Australia) Pty Ltd
ABN: 67 000 049 427
Street Address: 1 Gow Street,
Padstow, NSW 2211
Australia

Telephone Number: +61 2 9781 8777
Facsimile: +61 2 9781 8825
Emergency Telephone: 1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Based on available information, not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Risk Phrases
Ammonium nitrate	6484-52-2	<40%	-
Potassium nitrate	7757-79-1	<30%	-
Potassium sulfate	7778-80-5	<30%	-
Monoammonium phosphate	7722-76-1	<30%	-
Calcium hydrogen orthophosphate	7757-93-9	<10%	-
Calcium sulfate	7778-18-9	<10%	-
Inerts	-	<10%	-

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin Contact:

If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs, seek medical advice.

Eye Contact:

If in eyes, wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.

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Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, give a glass of water to drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat as for exposure to nitrates. Clinical findings: The smooth muscle relaxant effect of nitrate salts may lead to headache, dizziness and marked hypotension.

Cyanosis is clinically detectable when approximately 15% of the haemoglobin has been converted to methaemoglobin (ie. ferric iron).

Symptoms such as headache, dizziness, weakness and dyspnoea occur when methaemoglobin concentrations are 30% to 40%; at levels of about 60%, stupor, convulsions, coma and respiratory paralysis occur and the blood is a chocolate brown colour. At higher levels death may result. Spectrophotometric analysis can determine the presence and concentration of methaemoglobin in blood.

Treatment:

1. Give 100% oxygen.
 2. In cases of (a) ingestion: use gastric lavage, (b) contamination of skin (unburnt or burnt): continue washing to remove salts.
 3. Observe blood pressure and treat hypotension if necessary.
 4. When methaemoglobin concentrations exceed 40% or when symptoms are present, give methylene blue 1 to 2 mg/kg body weight in a 1% solution by slow intravenous injection. If cyanosis has not resolved within one hour a second dose of 2 mg/kg body weight may be given. The total dose should not exceed 7 mg/kg body weight as unwanted effects such as dyspnoea, chest pain, vomiting, diarrhoea, mental confusion and cyanosis may occur. Without treatment methaemoglobin levels of 20-30% revert to normal within 3 days.
 5. Bed rest is required for methaemoglobin levels in excess of 40%.
 6. Continue to monitor and give oxygen for at least two hours after treatment with methylene blue.
 7. Consider transfer to centre where haemoperfusion can be performed to remove the nitrates from the blood if the condition of the patient is unstable.
 8. Following inhalation of oxides of nitrogen the patient should be observed in hospital for 24 hours for delayed onset of pulmonary oedema.
- Further observation for 2-3 weeks may be required to detect the onset of the inflammatory changes of bronchiolitis fibrosa obliterans.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Media applicable to surrounding fire.

Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: 1Z

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Non-combustible material. Decomposes on heating emitting toxic fumes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:

If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Collect and seal in properly labelled containers. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Keep out of reach of children.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for spills.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Natural ventilation should be adequate under normal use conditions.

Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

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No special personal protective equipment required. Rubber gloves are recommended if handling often. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:	Granules
Odour:	Odourless
Solubility:	Soluble in water.
Specific Gravity:	Not available
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure (20 °C):	Nil
Flash Point (°C):	Not applicable
Solubility in water (g/L):	90%
Melting Point/Range (°C):	Not available
Decomposition Point (°C):	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information available.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Reacts with strong acids liberating nitrogen dioxide .

Conditions to avoid: Avoid contact with foodstuffs. Avoid exposure to heat, sources of ignition, and open flame. Avoid exposure to moisture.

Incompatible materials: Incompatible with acids.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Oxides of phosphorus.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

- Ingestion:** Swallowing may result in irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.
- Eye contact:** Exposure to the dust may cause discomfort due to particulate nature. May cause physical irritation to the eyes.
- Skin contact:** Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritation.
- Inhalation:** Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation.

Acute toxicity: No LD50 data available for the product.

Chronic effects: No information available for the product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:
Refer to local government authority for disposal recommendations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Road and Rail Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; DANGEROUS GOODS.



UN No: 2071
Transport Hazard Class: 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Packing Group: III
Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER

Hazchem or Emergency Action Code: 1Z

Marine Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No: 2071
Transport Hazard Class: 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Packing Group: III

Product Name: YATES NUTRICOTE YELLOW / CREAM /
MAGENTA / LIME / SILVER
Substance No: 000000020686

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Version: 2

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Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER

Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN No: 2071
Transport Hazard Class: 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods
Packing Group: III
Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: AMMONIUM NITRATE FERTILISERS

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification:

Based on available information, not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP): None allocated.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason(s) for Issue:

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

This safety data sheet has been prepared by SDS Services.

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since DuluxGroup Limited cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their DuluxGroup representative or DuluxGroup Limited at the contact details on page 1.

DuluxGroup Limited's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

DuluxGroup owns the Dulux trade mark in Australia, New Zealand, PNG and Fiji. It is not associated with and has no connection to the owners of the Dulux trade mark in other countries, nor does it sell Dulux products in other countries.