HALLIBURTON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WellLife 930

Revision Date: 17-Apr-2014 Revision Number: 6

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name

Product Trade Name: WellLife 930

Other Names

Synonyms: None Product Code: HM007156

Recommended Use

Recommended Use Elastomeric Additive
Uses Advised Against No information available

Company Name, Address and Contact Details

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton New Zealand

1 Paraite Rd,

Bell Block, New Plymouth

New Zealand Registration No.: 824207

E-Mail address: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

Emergency Telephone Number +64-6-7559274

New Zealand National Poisons

Centre

0800 764 766 (24 hours)

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulation 2001; Not Classified as dangerous good according to NZS 5433:2012, UN, IMDG or IATA

Classification

6.7A Known or presumed human carcinogens 6.9B Harmful to human target organs or systems

Hazard and Precautionary Statements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H350 - May cause cancer by inhalation

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Precautionary Statements

Prevention P103 - Read label before use

P104 - Read Safety Data Sheet before use P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required

Response P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

Storage P405 - Store locked up

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved landfill

Contains

Substances	CAS Number	Substance HSNO Classification
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	6.7A
		6.9A

2.3 Other Hazards

None known

3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	60 - 100%
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5%

4. First-Aid Measures

Requirements for First Aid or Medical Care

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek medical

attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Workplace Facilities Required

None

Relation to Health Effect

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Type of Hazard Flammability Hazard

Non-flammable

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable Extinguishing Media

All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

HAZCHEM Code

Hazchem Code: None Allocated

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Not applicable.

Special Exposure Hazards

Organic dust in the presence of an ignition source can be explosive in high concentrations. Good housekeeping practices are required to minimize this potential.

6. Spillage, Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

See Section 8 for additional information

6.2 Environmental precautions

None known.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 and 13 for additional information.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Handling Precautions

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

Handling Practices

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

Approved Handlers

If more than 10 kg (Class 6) is present, then an approved handler must be present when the substance is being handled and when not in use, the substance must be locked away.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not reuse empty container. Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Store in a well ventilated area. Store locked up. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

Store Site Requirements

No special controls required

Packaging

No special packaging required

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Workplace Exposure Standards

Exposure Limits

Substances	CAS Number	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA		

Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³

Engineering Controls

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures

below applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), AS/NZS 1715, or

equivalent respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered

before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or

laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Granules Color: Light brown

Odor: Odorless Odor Threshold: No information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u>

Remarks/ - Method

pH: No data available No data available Freezing Point/Range No data available **Melting Point/Range Boiling Point/Range** No data available **Flash Point** No data available **Evaporation rate** No data available **Vapor Pressure** No data available No data available Vapor Density

Specific Gravity 2

Water Solubility Insoluble in water No data available Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available No data available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available No data available **Viscosity Explosive Properties** No information available No information available **Oxidizing Properties**

9.2 Other information

VOC Content (%)

No data available

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C). Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

11. Toxicological Information

Health Effect from Likely Routes of Exposure Acute Toxicity

Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eye Contact Skin Contact Ingestion May cause mild eye irritation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

May produce nervous system effects such as feeling of weakness, unsteady walk, and dilation of blood vessels. May affect the heart and cardiovascular system.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Prolonged inhalation of fine barium sulfate dusts form harmless nodular granules in lung, an affliction called baritosis. Baritosis produces no symptoms of bronchitis or emphysema, and lung functioning is not affected although dyspnea, upon exertion, may occur. The nodulation disappears if exposure is stopped. Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Toxicity Data

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	> 307,000 mg/kg > 2000mg/kg (similar substance - barium dichloride)	> 2,000 mg/kg	No data available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available

12. Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Ecotoxicity Effects

Product Ecotoxicity Data

No data available

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	EC50(72h): (growth rate)	TLM96: 7500 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50(96h): > 174 mg/L (Danio rerio) LC50(96h): > 97.5 mg/L (Danio rerio) (elemental Barium) LC50(28d): 42700 ug/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (elemental Barium)	EC50(3h): (respiration rate) >1000 mg/L (activated sludge)	TLM96: > 1,000,000 ppm (Mysidopsis bahia) LC50(48h): 14500 ug/L (Daphnia magna) (elemental Barium) EC16(3wk): 5800 ug/L (Daphnia magna) (elemental Barium) EC16(3wk): 4800 ug/L (Daphnia magna)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	EC50(72h): 89 mg/L (biomass) (Scenedesmus subspicatus) (similar substance)	LC50(96h): 508 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LC50(48h): 731 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance) LC50(48h) 33.5 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia) (similar substance)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances

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Substances	Persistence and Degradability	
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate

Substances	Log Pow	
Barium sulfate	BCF: 1.2 - 74.4 L/kg (Lepomis macrochirus)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available

Ecotoxicity Hazard Statements

None known

12.6 Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal Method Contaminated Packaging Bury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating

packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into commercial waste collection.

14. Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN Number: Not restricted. **UN Proper Shipping Name:** Not restricted Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable

Packing Group: Not applicable Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

NZ 5433.1999

UN Number: Not restricted.
UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable

IATA/ICAO

UN Number: Not restricted.
UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted
Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable

Special Precautions for User None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable

15. Regulatory Information

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

HSNO Approval Number HSR002512

Group Name Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Toxic 6.7 HSR002512)

HSNO Controls Refer to the NZ EPA website for more information: http://www.epa.govt.nz

Approved Handlers If more than 10 kg (Class 6) is present, then an approved handler must be present when

the substance is being handled and when not in use, the substance must be locked

away.

Poisons Schedule: None Allocated

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS

Not applicable

Additional information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact

Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Key literature references and sources for data

www.ChemADVISOR.com/

NZ CCID

Revision Date: 17-Apr-2014

Revision Note
Not applicable

Disclaimer Statement

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End of Safety Data Sheet