

PHOSPHOROUS TRIFLUORIDE

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name PHOSPHOROUS TRIFLUORIDE

Product Code(s) G-73

UN-No UN3304

Recommended Use Compressed gas.

Supplier Address Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave. Murray Hill, NJ 07974 Phone: 908-464-8100 www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc. Las Palmas Village Road No. 869, Street No. 7 Catano, Puerto Rico 00962

Phone: 787-641-7445 www.pr.lindegas.com

1910.1200).

Linde Canada Limited 5860 Chedworth Way Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2 Phone: 905-501-1700 www.lindecanada.com

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Chemical Emergency Phone

Number

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 for US/703-527-3887 outside US

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

DANGER!

Emergency Overview

Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive

Chemical Asphyxiant-interferes with oxygen transport
The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes
Contents under pressure

Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F

Appearance ColorlessPhysical State Compressed gas.Odor Odorless

OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Inhalation Fatal if inhaled. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache,

dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest,

shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate.

Reacts with hemoglobin in the blood to form a hemoglobin complex, similar to carbon monoxide. The altered hemoglobin cannot take part in oxygen transport. Suffocation from exposure to this may occur

in the presence of sufficient oxygen to support respiration.

Eyes Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness.

Skin Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns. Symptoms may be delayed.

Skin Absorption Hazard No known hazard by skin absorption.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure. Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tract.

Chronic Effects Extended low level systemic absorption of fluorides may cause fluorosis, an abnormal calcification

patter of the skeletal system.

Aggravated Medical

Conditions

Bone. Respiratory disorders. Blood disorders. Skin disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders.

Environmental Hazard See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS-No | Volume % | Chemical Formula |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|------------------|
| Phosphorous Trifluoride | 7783-55-3 | > 99 | PF ₃ |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact Immediate medical attention is required. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes

with running water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,

then continue rinsing.

Skin Contact Immediate medical attention is required. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at

least 30 minutes while removing all contaminated clothing and shoes. Dermal burns may be treated with calcium gluconate gel or slurry in water or glycerine. This compound binds the active fluorides in

an insoluble form and limits burn extension and pain.

Inhalation PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF INHALATION OVEREXPOSURE, RESCUE

PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Conscious inhalation victims should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area and, as necessary, given artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Treatment should be symptomatic

and supportive.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure. Immediate medical attention is required. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center

immediately.

Notes to Physician For dermal exposure, the use of 2.5-33% calcium gluconate or carbonate gel or slurry has been

recommended. The gel is either placed into a surgical glove into which the affected extremity is then placed or applied directly on the burn. This compound binds with the active fluorides in an insoluble

form and limits burn extension and pain. Calcium chloride should not be used.

Protection of First-aiders Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Not flammable.

Suitable Extinguishing MediaUse extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding

environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media May react violently with water.

Hazardous Combustion Products Fluoride compounds.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None

Sensitivity to Static Discharge None

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

Contact with water will cause hydrolysis to Hydrofluoric acid. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be

handled only by specialists.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Additional chemical protective clothing may be required to protect

from toxic decomposition products.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of

spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not touch

damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas. Do not allow

material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment. Prevent

further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in

container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call

your closest Linde location.

Methods for Cleaning Up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Keep equipment scrupulously dry. Many of the metal fluorides are water soluble so that the passive film corrosion protection may be destroyed if wetted with water. DRY Phosphorus Trifluoride may be used with mild steel, copper, copper-zinc and copper-silica alloys, nickel or Monel®. If moisture is present gas should be handled in Monel®. Fluoride "passivation" is also recommended. Kel-F® and Teflon® are the preferred gasket materials.

Use only in ventilated areas. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use backflow preventive device in piping. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar,etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur.

Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Storage

Protect from physical damage. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Full and empty cylinders should be segregrated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH IDLH |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| Phosphorous Trifluoride 7783-55-3 | TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F | TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ F | - |

Other Exposure Guidelines

Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir.,

1992)

Engineering Measures

Showers. Eyewash stations. Ventilation systems. Exhaust gas should be vented to a gas treatment

system.

Ventilation

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face-shield.

Skin and Body Protection

Appropriate protective and chemical resistant gloves, clothing and splash protection, or fully encapsulating vapor protective clothing to prevent exposure. For materials of construction consult

protective clothing manufacturer's specifications.

Respiratory Protection

General Use

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Emergency UseUse positive pressure air line respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus for exposure over

exposure limits or emergency use.

Hygiene Measures When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and

clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceColorless.OdorOdorless.Odor ThresholdNo information available.Physical StateCompressed gas

Flash Point No information available. Autoignition Temperature No information available Decomposition Temperature No information available Boiling Point/Range -101.5°C / -150.7°F

Freezing Point -151.5°C / -240.7°F Molecular Weight 87.97

Water SolubilityHydrolyzes slowly at roomEvaporation RateNo information available

temperature.

Vapor PressureAbove critical temp.Vapor Density3.26 (air = 1)

VOC Content (%) Not applicable Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Not applicable **Lower** Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Incompatible Products Plastics. Metals.

Conditions to Avoid Rapidly reacts with water or water vapor to form hydrofluoric acid which reacts with most metals and

organic materials resulting in evolution of heat and hydrogen gas.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Hydrogen fluoride.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

LD50 Oral: No information available.

LD50 Dermal: No information available.

LC50 Inhalation: Per CGA P-20:433 ppm/ 1 hr. (Rat)

Repeated Dose ToxicityNo information available.

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity Extended low level systemic absorption of fluorides may cause fluorosis, an abnormal calcification

patter of the skeletal system.

Carcinogenicity Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen.

Irritation No information available.

Sensitization No information available.

Reproductive Toxicity No information available.

Developmental Toxicity No information available.

Synergistic Materials None known.

Target Organ Effects Respiratory system. Eyes. Skin. Bone.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11 = 1): Does not contain ozone depleting chemical (40 CFR Part 82).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container

PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN

PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper Shipping NameCompressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 2.3 Subsidiary Class 8 UN-No UN3304

Description UN3304, Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. (Phosphorus

Trifluoride),2.3,(8)

Additional Description: "Toxic-Inhalation Hazard Zone B".

Additional Marking Requirements: "Inhalation Hazard".

Emergency Response Guide Number 123

TDG

Proper Shipping NameCompressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class2.3Subsidiary Class(8)UN-NoUN3304

Description UN3304,COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.,2.3(8)

MEX

Proper Shipping Name Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 2.3 Subsidiary Class 8 UN-No UN3304

Description UN3304 Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.(Phosphorus

Trifluoride),2.3(8)

IATA

UN-No UN3304

Proper Shipping NameCompressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class2.3Subsidiary Class8ERG Code2CP

Description UN3304, Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s. (Phosphorus

Trifluoride),2.3(8) Forbidden

Maximum Quantity for PassengerForbiddenMaximum Quantity for Cargo OnlyForbidden

Limited Quantity

No information available.

IMDG/IMO

Proper Shipping NameCompressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class 2.3
Subsidiary Class 8
UN-No UN3304
EmS No. F-C, S-U

Description UN3304, Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.(Phosphorus

Trifluoride),2.3(8)

ADR

Proper Shipping Name Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.

Hazard Class2.3UN-NoUN3304Classification Code1TC

DescriptionUN3304 Compressed gas, toxic, corrosive, n.o.s.(Phosphorous

8

Trifluoride),2.3,

ADR/RID-Labels

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies

DSL Does not Comply

NDSL Complies

EINECS/ELINCS Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

| Acute Health Hazard | Yes |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Chronic Health Hazard | Yes |
| Fire Hazard | No |
| Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard | Yes |
| Reactive Hazard | No |

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CERCLA/SARA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

| Chemical Name | Massachusetts | New Jersey | Pennsylvania | Illinois | Rhode Island |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Phosphorous Trifluoride | | Χ | | | Χ |

International Regulations

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

A Compressed gases E Corrosive material D1A Very toxic materials



16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Product Stewardship

23 British American Blvd. Latham, NY 12110 1-800-572-6501

Issuing Date 01-Jul-2010

Revision Date

Revision Number 0

Revision Note Initial Release.

NFPA Health Hazard 4 Flammability 0 Stability 2 Physical and Chemical Hazards W

<u>HMIS</u> Health Hazard 3* Flammability 0 Physical Hazard 3 Personal Protection -

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

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End of Safety Data Sheet