

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET DDODICTC

	PHUUULIS	CODE NO
	ORIGINAL ISSUÉ DATE: 1-7-8	
IDENTIFICATION	INFORMATION & EMERG	SENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER 755-1900

PRODUCT NAME:

FITANIUM ALLOY (6 Al, 4 V) COMMON NAME:

TITANIUM 6-4

NEPA HAZARD RATING

Flammability/ 4 = Extreme 3 - High

2 = Moderate

1 = Slight 0 = Insignificant Resclivily

Health Special

DISTRIBUTOR:

TITANIUM & ALLOYS CORP. 21870 Hoover Road Warren, Michigan 48089

INGREDIENTS AND RECOMMENDED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

NOTE: Products under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, ingestion or contact health hazard. However, operations, such as, burning, · welding, sawing, brazing, grinding, and possibly machining, etc., which results in elevating the temperature of the product to or above its melting point or results in the generation of airborn particulates, may present health hazards.

	% WEIGHT	EXPOSURE LIMITS		······································	
BASE METAL, ALLOYING ELEMENTS		OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	HAZARD DATA	
TITANIUM ALUMINUM VANADIUM	90.0% 6.0 4.0	20 mg/m ³ 20 mg/m ³ NS	10 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ .5 mg/m ³	See Section VI.	

NOTE: All commercial metals contain small amounts of various elements in addition to those that are specified. These small quantities, frequently referred to as "trace" or "residual" elements, generally originate in the raw materials, primarily scrap, utilized in the production.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

MELTING POINT:

1560 - 1840°C @ 1 atmosphere.

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Gray metallic solid; no odor.

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

This product: does not burn. However, grinding or polishing this product in the absence exygen, such as under water, can result in a finely divided waste is ignitable.

REACTIVITY DATA

This is a stable material at room temperature under normal storage and handling conditions.

/I. HEALTH HAZARD DATA	
FFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:	•
TITANTIMA TO THE STATE OF THE S	
TITANIUM: There is no evidence of a health hazard inhalation of titanium discrider in the standard inhalation of titanium discrider inhalation discrider inhalation of titanium discrider inhalation discrider in	•
exceeding 10 = /-3 = Citanium dioxide in concentrations Binhalamon	EYE CONTACT
dioxide has been found to be relatively inert. Skin	INGESTION
contact with titanium dusts may cause physical abrasion. Eye contact with pure has shown particulate irritation. A NCI bioassay of titanium dioxide, administ the diet of rats and mice, was reported to be negative (NCI-CC-TR-97, 1979). A Aluminum dust/fines and fumes are a low health risk by inhalation, and should be as a nuisance dust (Ref. ACGIH). VANADIUM: Exposure to high concentrations of dust and fumes can cause respiratory irritation, skin pallor, greenish-black to chest pain, cough, dyspnea, palpitation, lung changes.	ered in LUMINUM: e treated
	×
MERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	40
For overexposure to airborne fumes and particulates generated during various mile operations, remove exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is distincted to the state of t	lling
operations, remove exposed person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult or hardinister artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Cook and indicated	as stopped.
administer artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Seek medical attention	on promptly.
II. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES	
	•
N/A	
PECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION SP. (ORY: Respirator recommended for all and all all all all all all all all all al	
	supplier
for selection of appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator. Consult local	· ouppiler
Protective clothing and gloves may be required for certain handling operat	
	ions.
Safety glasses should be worn.	
Adequate general and/or local exhaust ventilation should be provided a	19
nocorca:	
THER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	
THER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: None Required.	
THER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:	

- Keep work areas free of the waste.
- Store wet and keep away from heat and open flame maintain humidity above 50% to prevent an electrostatic build-up.
- No smoking in area.
- Use non-sparking metal equipment.
- Extinguishing media: dry chemical powders, salts or inert gas. Do not use water or liquid: explosion hazard could result.



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