Material Safety Data Sheet

	nemical Product and Company Identifica	
Common Name	Tip Blender	Code
Supplier	EZ Flow Nail Ssytem	MSDS#
	13720 Rosecrans Ave Santa Fe Springs, C 96070	Validation Date 10/16/2001
Synonym	Not available.	Print Date 10/16/2001
Trade name		Responsible Name
Material Uses	Not available.	
		In Case of Monday-Friday, 830-500pm, Emergency 513-779-7300 EST.
Manufacturer		Emergency 513-779-7300 EST. CHEMTREC - 1-800-9300 - 24 hours.

Section 2. Composition, Information on Ingredients			
Name	CAS#	% by Weight	Exposure Limits
Gamma-Butyrolactone Ethanol	96-48-0 64-17-5	70-80 20-30	Not available. TWA: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 1000 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

ARNING! ATH DEFECT HAZARD. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT. CONTAINS TERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. AMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN BITATION. Be paway from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container seed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Wash thoroughly after
TTH DEFECT HAZARD. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT. CONTAINS TERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. AMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN RITATION. Be paway from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container
TERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM, PRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. AMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN RITATION. EP away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container
ndling.
sorbed through skin. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
ation and tearing may result if exposed to above exposure limits.
y cause drying, redness and irritation. May be absorbed through damaged skin.
rels of 5000 ppm to 10 000 ppm may result in irritation of mouth, nose, and throat, coughing, and leading sleep and stupor.
estion: One ounce of pure ethanol may cause redddening of face and neck, and an exaggerated feeling vell-being. Three ounces of pure ethanol may cause an initial burst of excitement and activity followed by reasing loss of coordination, slurred speech, nausea and drowsiness. This may proceed to stupor, coma, I death. Lethal dose of ethanol ranges from two to five ounces, depending on age and size of the vidual.
RCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH ag term exposure: Prolonged inhalation may produce symptoms listed under inhalation and additional aptoms of headache, dizziness, tremor and fatigue. Alcohol has been linked t birth defects in humans.
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Aggravated by Overexposure:	condition.
Overexposure /Signs/Symptoms	Not available.

Section 4. First Aid Measures		
Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.	
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used.Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	If symptoms of prolonged exposure to concentrated material vapors appear, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, loosen any restrictive clothing and provide oxygen and get medical care if necessary.	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.	
Notes to Physician	Medical surveillance: For those with frequent or potential high exposure, liver function tests are recommended. Ethanol can be measured in the blood, urine, and exhaled breath.	

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures		
Flammability of the Product	Flammable.	
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 455°C (851°F).	
Flash Points	The lowest known value is CLOSED CUP: 12°C (53.6°F). (Ethanol)	
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is LOWER: 3.3% UPPER: 19% (Ethanol)	
Products of Combustion	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).	
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Not available.	
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	None known.	
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	Carbon Dioxide (CO2).	
Protective Clothing (Fire)	Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.	
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Not available.	
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.	

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures		
Small Spill and Leak	Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary:	
Large Spill and Leak	Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.	

Section 7. Handling and Storage		
Handling	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.	
Storage	Product containing ethanol must be stored to avoid contact with strong oxidizers such as perchlorates, peroxides, chlorates, nitrates, and permenganates, because violent reactions occur. Store in tighlty closed containers in cool, well-ventillated area away from heat or flame. Sources of ignition such as smoking ans open flames are prohibited. Metal container involving transfer of 5 gallons or more should be grounded and bonded. Drums must be equipped with self-closing valves, pressure vacuum bungs, and flame arresters. Use only non-sparking tools and equipment, especially when opening and closing container.	

Section 8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection

Eyes Splash goggles.

Body Synthetic apron.

Respiratory Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Hands Gloves (impervious).

Feet Not applicable.

Protective Clothing (Pictograms)









Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill

Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves.

Product Name

Exposure Limits

1) Dihydro-1 (3H) -Furanone

2) Ethanol

Not available.

TWA: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 1000 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States]

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties **Physical State and** Liquid. (Light Yellow) Odor Ester like. **Appearance Taste** Not available. **Molecular Weight** Not applicable. Clear Yellow. (Light.) Color Molecular Formula Not applicable. pH (1% Soln/Water) Acidic. **Boiling/Condensation Point** The lowest known value is 78.4 (173.1°F) (Ethanol). Weighted average: 173.35°C (344°F) May start to solidify at -43.5°C (-46.3°F) Melting/Freezing Point **Critical Temperature** Not available. 0.9 (Water = 1)**Specific Gravity**

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Vapor Pressure	The highest known value is 0.2 kPa (@ 20°C).	
Vapor Density	The highest known value is 1.6 (Air = 1) (Ethanol).	
Volatility	34% (v/v). (Ethanol.)	
Odor Threshold	The highest known value is 180 ppm (Ethanol)	
Evaporation Rate	9.2(Ethanol) compared to Butyl acetate.	
voc	34 (%)	
Viscosity	Not available.	
LogKow	Not available.	
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.	
Dispersion Properties	See solubility in water.	
Solubility	Soluble in cold water, hot water.	
Physical Chemical Comments Not available.		

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity		
Stability and Reactivity	The product is stable.	
Conditions of Instability	Not available.	
Incompatibility with Various Substances	Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Not available.	
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.	

Section 11. Toxicological Information		
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3450 mg/kg [Mouse]. (Ethanol).	
Chronic Effects on Humans	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH [Ethanol]. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [PROVEN] [Ethanol].	
Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Prolonged inhalation may produce symptoms listed under inhalation and additional symptoms of headache, dizziness, tremor and fatigue. Alcohol has been linked t birth defects in humans.	
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	No additional remark.	
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Not available.	
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Loss of consciousness and coma. If inhaled, ingested or absorbed, the liquid or vapors may cause CNS efects, including nausea, headache, dizziness and drawsiness. (Gamma-Butyrolactone)	

Section 12. Ecological Information		
Ecotoxicity	Not available.	
BOD5 and COD	Not available.	
Biodegradable/OECD	Not available.	
Mobility	Not available.	
Products of Degradation	Not available.	
Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation	None known.	
Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation	Not available.	

Section 13. Disposal Considerations		
Waste Information	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.	
Waste Stream	Not available.	
Consult your local or regional authorities.		

Section 14. Transport Information			
DOT Classification	CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.		
	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S., 3, UN1993, II		
Marine Pollutant	Not available.		
Special Provisions for Transport	Not available.		
ADR/RID Classification	CLASS 3: Flammable liquid A.		
IMO/IMDG Classification	CLASS 3.2: Flammable liquid (Intermediate flashpoint group of liquids having a flashpoint of -18°C (0°F) up to, but not including, 23°C (73°F) c.c.).		
ICAO/IATA Classification	CLASS 3: Flammable liquid.		

HCS Classification	CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS: Target organ effects. CLASS: Reproductive toxins.
U.S. Federal Regulations	TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethanol SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found. SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: No products were found. SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.
	Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found. Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Ethanol

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	Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.
International Regulations	
EINECS	Not available.
DSCL (EEC)	R11- Highly flammable. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.
International Lists	No products were found.
State Regulations	Pennsylvania RTK: Ethanol Florida: Ethanol Minnesota: Ethanol Massachusetts RTK: Ethanol New Jersey: Ethanol
	California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Ethanol

Section 16. Other Information **Label Requirements** BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, NERVOUS SYSTEM, REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYES, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. **Hazardous Material** Health 1 **National Fire** Fire Hazard **Protection Information System** 3 Fire Hazard Association (U.S.A.) (U.S.A.) Health Reactivity Reactivity 0 Specific Hazard **Personal Protection** H References -Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. **Other Special** Not available. **Considerations** Printed 10/16/2001.

Monday-Friday, 830-500pm, 513-779-7300 EST.

CHEMTREC - 1-800-9300 - 24 hours.

Notice to Reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.