HALLIBURTON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

TUNED LIGHT 132

Revision Date: 04-Sep-2015 **Revision Number: 23**

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name TUNED LIGHT 132

Internal ID Code HM007589

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Cement

Sector of use Refer to the Annex for a listing of uses.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Halliburton Energy Services

Halliburton House, Howemoss Place

Kirkhill Industrial Estate

Dyce

Aberdeen, AB21 0GN United Kingdom

www.halliburton.com

For further information, please contact

fdunexchem@halliburton.com E-Mail address:

1.4. Emergency telephone number +44 8 08 189 0979 / 1-760-476-3961

Emergency telephone - §4	45 - (EC)1272/2008
Europe	112
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja (CKO): (+385 1) 23-48-342 (Poison Control Center (PCC) - Institute for Medical Research and Occupational Health)
Cyprus	+210 7793777
Denmark	Poison Control Hotline (DK): +45 82 12 12 12
France	ORFILA (FR): + 01 45 42 59 59
Germany	Poison Center Berlin (DE): +49 030 30686 790
Italy	Poison Center, Milan (IT): +39 02 6610 1029
Netherlands	National Poisons Information Center (NL): +31 30 274 88 88 (NB: this service is only available to health professionals)
Norway	Poisons Information (NO):+ 47 22 591300
Poland	Poison Control and Information Centre, Warsaw (PL): +48 22 619 66 54; +48 22 619 08 97
Romania	+40 21 318 36 06
Spain	Poison Information Service (ES): +34 91 562 04 20
United Kingdom	NHS Direct (UK): +44 0845 46 47

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Category 2 - (H315)
Category 1 - (H318)
Category 1 - (H317)
Category 2 - (H351)
Category 3 - (H335)
Category 2 - (H373)

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Contains

SubstancesCAS NumberPortland cement65997-15-1Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous6834-92-0Crystalline silica, quartz14808-60-7

2.3. Other Hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on Ingredients

3.2. Mixtures Mixture

Substances	EINECS	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)	EU - CLP Substance Classification	REACH No.
Portland cement	266-043-4	65997-15-1	60 - 100%	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Corr. 1 (H318) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) STOT SE 3 (H335)	No data available
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	229-912-9	6834-92-0	1 - 5%	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Corr. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)	01-2119449811-37
Crystalline silica, quartz	238-878-4	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	Carc. 2 (H351) STOT RE 1 (H372)	No data available

For the full text of the H-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eyes Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 30 minutes.

Seek prompt medical attention.

Skin Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing all contaminated clothing and shoes Get medical attention if

irritation persists.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing by mouth. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

4.2. Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe eye irritation which may damage tissue. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

None - does not burn.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special Exposure Hazards

None anticipated

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Evacuate all persons from the area.

See Section 8 for additional information

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 and 13 for additional information.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

7.3. Specific End Use(s) Exposure Scenario

Other Guidelines Please re

Please refer to the attached Annex for a listing of exposure scenarios. No information available

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Substances	CAS Number	EU	UK	Netherlands	France
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 10 mg/m³ TWA: 4 mg/m³ STEL: 30 mg/m³ STEL: 12 mg/m³	Not applicable	Not applicable
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.075 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Germany	Spain	Portugal	Finland
Portland cement	65997-15-1	TWA:	TWA: 4 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Austria	Ireland	Switzerland	Norway
Portland cement	65997-15-1	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	1 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust) 3 mg/m³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	0.1 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust) 0.3 mg/m³ STEL (calculated, respirable dust)	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.3 mg/m³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ STEL: 0.9 mg/m³ STEL: 0.3 mg/m³

Substances	CAS Number	Italy	Poland	Hungary	Czech Republic
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 6.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 2.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	10.0 mg/m ³
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 4.0 mg/m ³ TWA: 1.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.15 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³

Substances	CAS Number	Denmark	Romania	Croatia	Cyprus
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Not applicable	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ TWA: 4 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	TWA: 0.3 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Worker

Substances	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Long-term	Acute / short	Hazards for
	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	exposure -	term	the eyes -
	systemic	exposure -	local effects,	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	local effects,	exposure -	local effects
	effects,	systemic	Inhalation	local effects,	effects,	systemic	Dermal	local effects,	
	Inhalation	effects,		Inhalation	Dermal	effects,		Dermal	
		Inhalation				Dermal			
Sodium	6.22 mg/m ³	Not available	Not available	Not available	1.49 mg/kg	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
metasilicate,	, and the second				bw/day				
anhydrous									

General Population

Substances	Long-term	Acute /	Hazards								
	exposure -	short term	for the								
	systemic	exposure -	local	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	local	exposure -	systemic	exposure -	eyes -
	effects,	systemic	effects,	local	effects,	systemic	effects,	local	effects,	local	local
	Inhalation	effects,	Inhalation	effects,	Dermal	effects,	Dermal	effects,	Oral	effects,	effects
		Inhalation		Inhalation		Dermal		Dermal		Oral	
Sodium	1.55	Not	Not	Not	0.74	Not	Not	Not	0.74	Not	Not
metasilicate,	mg/m³	available	available	available	mg/kg	available	available	available	mg/kg	available	available
anhydrous					bw/day				bw/day		

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Substances	Freshwater	Marine water	Intermittent release	3 -		Sediment (marine	Air		Secondary poisoning
				plant	ľ	water)			ľ
Sodium	7.5 mg/L	1 mg/L	7.5 mg/L	1000.00	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
metasilicate,				mg/L					
anhydrous									

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering ControlsUse approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain exposures

below applicable exposure limits.

Personal protective equipment

If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific application of this product.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), AS/NZS 1715, or

equivalent respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered

before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when removing or

laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure. **Other Precautions** Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

Environmental Exposure Controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Solid Color: Gray

Odor: Odorless Odor Threshold: No information available

Property Values
Remarks/ - Method

pH: 12.4

Freezing Point/Range No data available **Melting Point/Range** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No data available Flash Point No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available upper flammability limit No data available No data available lower flammability limit No data available **Evaporation rate Vapor Pressure** No data available **Vapor Density** No data available **Specific Gravity** No data available **Water Solubility** Insoluble in water No data available Solubility in other solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available

Explosive Properties No information available Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

VOC Content (%) No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not expected to be reactive.

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Hydrofluoric acid.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eye Contact Skin Contact Causes severe eye irritation which may damage tissue.

Causes skin irritation. Can dry skin. May cause alkali burns with confined contact. May

cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2). There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Portland cement	65997-15-1	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg	> 1 mg/L (Rat) 4h
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	3400 mg/kg (Rat) 5150 mg/kg (Rat) 1152-1349 mg/kg (Rat) 770-820 mg/kg (Mouse) 800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat) (similar substance)	> 2.06 mg/L (Rat) 4h (similar substance)

	<u> </u>	1750 mg/kg (Rat)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	>15,000 mg/kg (Human)	No data available	No data available
Substances	CAS Number	Skin corrosion/irritation		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Irritating to skin. (Rabbit)		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Corrosive to skin (Rabbit)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Non-irritating to the skin		
Substances	CAS Number	Eye damage/irritation		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	Corrosive to eyes		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Corrosive to eyes (Rabbit)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Mechanical irritation of the eyes is possible.		
Substances	CAS Number	Skin Sensitization		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	May cause sensitization by skin c		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals (mouse)		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available.		
Substances	CAS	Respiratory Sensitization		
Portland cement	Number 65997-15-1	No information available		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No information available		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available		
Substances	CAS Number	Mutagenic Effects		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are av	railable.	
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects. In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not regarded as mutagenic.		
Substances	CAS	Carcinogenic Effects		
	Number	Caroniogenio Enecio		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are available.		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No information available.		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Contains crystalline silica which may cause silicosis, a delayed and progressive lung disease. The IARC and NTP have determined there is sufficient evidence in humans of the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica with repeated respiratory exposure. Based on available scientific evidence, this substance is a threshold carcinogen with a mode of action involving indirect genotoxicity secondary to lung injury.		
Substances	CAS	Reproductive toxicity		
Portland cement	Number 65997-15-1	No data of sufficient quality are as	vailable	
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No data of sufficient quality are available. Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.		
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available		
Substances	CAS Number	STOT - single exposure		
Portland cement	65997-15-1	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	May cause respiratory irritation.		
Crystalline silica, quartz	· ·			
Substances	CAS Number	STOT - repeated exposure		
Portland cement Sodium metasilicate,	65997-15-1 6834-92-0	No data of sufficient quality are available. No significant toxicity observed in animal studies at concentration requiring classification.		
anhydrous Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled: (Lungs)		
Substances	CAS	Aspiration hazard		
Portland cement	Number 65997-15-1	Not applicable		
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Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity Effects

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	EC50 (72h) 207 mg/L (biomass) (Desmodesmus subspicatus) ErCO (72h) > 345.4 mg/L (Desmondesmus subspicatus) (similar substance)	LC50 (96h) 210 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) LC50 (96h) 1108 mg/L (Danio rerio) LC50 (96h) 260 – 310 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 (96h) 2320 mg/L (Gambusia affinis)	EC0 (20m) 3454 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) EC0 (18h) > 348 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) Respiration EC50 (3h) > 100 mg/L (Respiration) (activated sludge) (Pseudomonas putida) EC0 (30m):1000 mg/L (Respiration) (Pseudomonas putida)	EC50 (48h) 1700 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	LL0 (96h) 10,000 mg/L (Danio rerio) (similar substance)	No information available	LL50 (24h) > 10,000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Portland cement	65997-15-1	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow	
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available	
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No information available	
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substances	CAS Number	Mobility
Portland cement	65997-15-1	No information available
Sodium metasilicate, anhydrous	6834-92-0	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Substances	PBT and vPvB assessment
Portland cement	Not PBT/vPvB
Crystalline silica, quartz	Not PBT/vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal Method Bury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

IMDG/IMO

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

RID

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not restricted
Not applicable
Not applicable

<u>ADR</u>

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Environmental Hazards:
Not restricted
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

IATA/ICAO

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Environmental Hazards:
Not applicable
Not applicable

14.1. UN Number: Not restricted

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name: Not restricted

14.3. Transport Hazard Class(es): Not applicable

14.4. Packing Group: Not applicable

14.5. Environmental Hazards: Not applicable

14.6. Special Precautions for User: None

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

EINECS Inventory This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

US TSCA Inventory
Canadian DSL Inventory
All components listed on inventory or are exempt.
All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Germany, Water Endangering WGK 0: Generally not water endangering.

Classes (WGK)

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Yes

SECTION 16: Other Information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eve damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

bw - body weight

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP – REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures

EC - European Commission

EC10 - Effective Concentration 10%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

EEC – European Economic Community

ErC50 – Effective Concentration growth rate 50%

IBC Code - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

LL0 - Lethal Loading 0%

LL50 - Lethal Loading 50%

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

mg/kg – milligram/kilogram

mg/L - milligram/liter

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT - Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PC - Chemical Product category

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit

ppm - parts per million

PROC - Process category

REACH - REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

SU – Sector of Use category

Key literature references and sources for data

www.ChemADVISOR.com/

Revision Date: 04-Sep-2015

Revision Note

SDS sections updated: 1

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

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End of Safety Data Sheet