# #RSC Chemical Solutions

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## 1. Identification

Product identifier Truck Carpet & Upholstery Cleaner

Other means of identification

Part No. TCUC22

Removes spills and stains such as grease, coffee, soft drinks, dirt and grime from your vehicle.

Use on upholstery, vinyl headliners, floor mats, carpet and truck liners.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name
Address
RSC Chemical Solutions
600 Radiator Road
Indian Trail, NC 28079

**United States** 

**Telephone** Customer Service: (704) 821-7643

Technical: (704) 684-1811

Website www.rscbrands.com

**E-mail** Not available.

**Emergency phone number** Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716

Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877-740-5015)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable aerosolsNot applicableHealth hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2Sensitization, skinCategory 1Germ cell mutagenicityCategory 1BCarcinogenicityCategory 1A

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Label elements

**OSHA** defined hazards



Signal word None.

**Hazard statement** Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Harmful to

Category 3

Category 3

aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear

protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse.

**Storage** Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

**Supplemental information** 6.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aguatic

environment. 6.65% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the

aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Petroleum Gases, Liquefied, Sweetened; Petroleum Gas;		68476-86-8	5 - < 10
Cocamide Dea		68603-42-9	< 1
Disodium metasilicate		6834-92-0	< 1
SODIUM HYDROXIDE		1310-73-2	< 1
Other components below reportable	levels		90 - 100

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Rash.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis.

**Ingestion** In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media** Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not re-use empty containers. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

(CAS 1310-73-2)

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

 Components
 Type
 Value

 SODIUM HYDROXIDE
 PEL
 2 mg/m3

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values** 

ComponentsTypeValueSODIUM HYDROXIDE<br/>(CAS 1310-73-2)Ceiling2 mg/m3

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards** 

 Components
 Type
 Value

 SODIUM HYDROXIDE
 Ceiling
 2 mg/m3

(CAS 1310-73-2)

**Biological limit values**No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical stateLiquid.FormAerosol.ColorWhite

Odor Floral Citrus spice
Odor threshold Not available.

**pH** 9 - 10

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Tag Closed Cup None
Evaporation rate Slower than n-Butyl Acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

%)

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.00001 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 0.99

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Explosive properties

Flame projection

Heat of combustion

Oxidizing properties

Percent volatile

Not explosive.

No Flashback

< 2.2 kJ/g

Not oxidizing.

91.1 % estimated

Specific gravity 8.25

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Conditions to avoid**Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characterist

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

toxicological characteristics Dermatitis. Rash.

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components Species Test Results

Cocamide Dea (CAS 68603-42-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Disodium metasilicate (CAS 6834-92-0)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse 2400 mg/kg

Rat 1280 mg/kg

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Cocamide Dea (CAS 68603-42-9) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results			
Disodium metasilicate (CAS 6834-92-0)						
Aquatic						
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	0.28 - 0.57 mg/l, 48 hours			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis	s) 1800 mg/l, 96 hours			
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	E (CAS 1310-73-2)					
Aquatic						
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	34.59 - 47.13 mg/l, 48 hours			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis	s) 125 mg/l, 96 hours			

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

## 14. Transport information

DOT

**UN number** Not available.

**UN proper shipping name** Consumer Commodity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class ORM-D

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1950 UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.2 Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. EmS F-D, S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

IMDG



## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

## SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

### **US state regulations**

#### US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

## US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Cocamide Dea (CAS 68603-42-9)

Petroleum Gases, Liquefied, Sweetened; Petroleum Gas; (CAS 68476-86-8)

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

## US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Inventory name

Cocamide Dea (CAS 68603-42-9) Listed: June 22, 2012

### **International Inventories**

Country(e) or region

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)"
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 06-15-2015

Version # 01

**Disclaimer** The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

On inventory (yes/no)\*

#### **Revision Information**

Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Transport Information: Material Transportation Information

GHS: Classification