

Material Safety Data Sheet

Syn 3001/3002

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Syn 3001/3002

Material uses: Synthetic lubricating greaseSupplier/Manufacturer: LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co.

129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

Validation date : 5/15/2013.

Prepared by : Atrion International Inc.

In case of emergency: CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Solid. [tacky/grease]

Color : Gray./Black.
Odor : Mineral oil.

Emergency overview

Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS

MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

Precautions : Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep

container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Toxic by inhalation.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Carcinogenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects:
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs,

cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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Syn 3001/3002

2. Hazards identification

Inhalation : No specific data.

: No specific data. Ingestion

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eyes**

> irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

Composition/information on ingredients 3.

United States

Name	CAS number	%
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5-10
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	1-5
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	15874-48-3	1-5

Canada

Eye contact

Name	CAS number	%
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	5-10
molybdenum disulphide	1317-33-5	1-5
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	15874-48-3	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes **Skin contact** while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical Ingestion personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

> suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special remarks on fire hazards

: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Accidental release measures 6.

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid allowing the spilled material to get wet or using water to clean up spillages or residues, unless the quantity remaining is very small. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
molybdenum disulphide antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m³, (as Mo) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 3 mg/m³, (as Mo) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 mg/m³, (as Mo) 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 15 mg/m³, (as Mo) 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as Sb) 8 hours.

Canada

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits		TWA	(8 hours))	STEL ((15 mins	5)	Ceilin	g		
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
molybdenum disulphide, as Mo	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
		-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	AB 4/2009	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
molybdenum disulphide	BC 4/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
	BC 4/2012	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
molybdenum disulphide, as Mo	ON 7/2010	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a] [b]
	ON 7/2010	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	QC 9/2011	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Zinc oxide	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[b]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	BC 4/2012	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2010	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[b] [e]
	QC 9/2011	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[e]
antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris (dithiophosphate), as Sb	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
	AB 4/2009	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	}	
	BC 4/2012	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	}	
	ON 7/2010	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	}	
	QC 9/2011	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	}	

Form: [a]Inhalable fraction [b]Respirable fraction [c]Respirable [d]Inhalable [e]fume

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection
Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

8. **Exposure controls/personal protection**

Skin

Color

Odor

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Physical and chemical properties 9.

Physical state : Solid. [tacky/grease]

: Open cup: 260°C (500°F) [Cleveland.] Flash point

: 288°C (550.4°F) **Auto-ignition temperature** : Lower: 0.9% Flammable limits

> Upper: 7% : Gray./Black. : Mineral oil.

pН Not available. **Boiling/condensation point** : >288°C (>550.4°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available. : 0.97 [Water = 1] **Relative density Density** : Not available.

: <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

>5 [Air = 1] Vapor density : Not available. **Odor threshold**

: <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)</p> **Evaporation rate**

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 2.18 to 4.45 cm²/s (218 to 445 cSt) **Viscosity Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

: Not available. LogKow

: Pour point :-42.78°C to -45.56 °C (-45°F to -50 °F) Physical/chemical

Kinematic viscosity (100°C (212°F)): 0.26 to 0.45 cm²/s (26 to 45 cSt) properties comments

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Incompatibility: Chlorine

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

: The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

Sensitizer

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Classification

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 320 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.017 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	96 hours 72 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)	9	III		Limited quantity Yes. Special provisions 8, 146, 335, A112, B54, IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33
TDG Classification	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)	9	III	3 MANUSCHI POLLUTARI	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5 Special provisions 16
IMDG Class	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)	9	III	*	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F

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Syn 3001/3002 **Transport information** 14. **IATA-DGR Class** UN3077 Environmentally 9 Ш Passenger and Cargo AM **Aircraft**Quantity limitation: hazardous substance, 400 kg solid, n.o.s. (Zinc Packaging instructions: 956 oxide) Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 400 kg Packaging instructions: 956 Limited Quantities -Passenger AircraftQuantity limitation: 30 kg

PG*: Packing group

Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Toxic material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304: No products were found.

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed

Packaging instructions:

(chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc oxide; antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris

(dithiophosphate); zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

: Not listed

Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc oxide antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	1314-13-2 15874-48-3	5-10 1-5
Supplier notification	Zinc oxide antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	1314-13-2 15874-48-3	5-10 1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: The following components are listed: MOLYBDENUM DISULFIDE; ZINC OXIDE FUME **Massachusetts**

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Regulatory information

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE; ANTIMONY compounds

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO); ANTIMONY COMPOUNDS

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
crystalline silica respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

Canada

: Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). WHMIS (Canada)

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Zinc (and its compounds); Antimony (and its

compounds)

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

: Not determined. Canada inventory

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

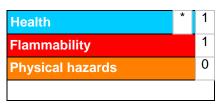
: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue : 5/15/2013.

Date of previous issue: No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.