

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



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Version 7

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : SPECTRAFLAME RICH YELLOW GOLD  
**Product code** : VHW4  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Industrial applications.  
**Use of the substance/ mixture** : Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.  
**Uses advised against** : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Industries, Inc.  
One PPG Place,  
Pittsburgh, PA 15272  
**Emergency telephone number** : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)  
(514) 645-1320 (Canada)  
01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-647-6050

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).  
**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys and liver) - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 6.8%

### GHS label elements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms**

:

**Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**

: Flammable liquid and vapor.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
Causes skin irritation.  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS), hearing organs, kidneys, liver)

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

**Response**

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

**Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements**

: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

**Hazards not otherwise classified**

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**

: Mixture

**Product name**

: SPECTRAFLAME RICH YELLOW GOLD

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient name                 | %           | CAS number |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | ≥20 - ≤50   | 123-86-4   |
| butan-1-ol                      | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 71-36-3    |
| xylene                          | ≥5.0 - ≤9.9 | 1330-20-7  |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | ≥5.0 - ≤10  | 108-65-6   |
| butanone                        | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 78-93-3    |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol            | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | 107-98-2   |
| Ligroine                        | ≥1.0 - ≤4.5 | 8032-32-4  |
| ethylbenzene                    | ≥1.0 - ≤3.4 | 100-41-4   |
| toluene                         | ≥1.0 - ≤4.0 | 108-88-3   |

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.**

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Hazardous thermal decomposition products

- : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

- : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

- : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders

- : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### Small spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b><br>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b><br>TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.                   |
| butan-1-ol      | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b><br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.                                                 |
| xylene          | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).</b><br>STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

butanone

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Ligroine  
ethylbenzene

toluene

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**IPEL (PPG, 4/2009).**

TWA: 50 ppm

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**STEL: 885 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**TWA: 590 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**STEL: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

TWA: 184 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

None.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).**

AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.

CEIL: 300 ppm

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).**

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

### Key to abbreviations

|       |                                                                    |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A     | = Acceptable Maximum Peak                                          |
| ACGIH | = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.       |
| C     | = Ceiling Limit                                                    |
| F     | = Fume                                                             |
| IPEL  | = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit                              |
| OSHA  | = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.                   |
| R     | = Respirable                                                       |
| Z     | = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances |

|      |                                    |
|------|------------------------------------|
| S    | = Potential skin absorption        |
| SR   | = Respiratory sensitization        |
| SS   | = Skin sensitization               |
| STEL | = Short term Exposure limit values |
| TD   | = Total dust                       |
| TLV  | = Threshold Limit Value            |
| TWA  | = Time Weighted Average            |

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:  
  
Recommended: butyl rubber, neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®  
May be used: Chloroprene, nitrile rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point** : Not available.
- Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

|                                              |                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Flash point                                  | : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)                                      |
| Auto-ignition temperature                    | : Not available.                                               |
| Decomposition temperature                    | : Not available.                                               |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                    | : Not available.                                               |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Lower: 1.6%                                                  |
| Evaporation rate                             | : 1.16 (butyl acetate = 1)                                     |
| Vapor pressure                               | : 1.6 kPa (11.9 mm Hg) [room temperature]                      |
| Vapor density                                | : Not available.                                               |
| Relative density                             | : 0.93                                                         |
| Density ( lbs / gal )                        | : 7.76                                                         |
| Solubility                                   | : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.            |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water       | : Not available.                                               |
| Viscosity                                    | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (>21 cSt) |
| Volatility                                   | : 79% (v/v), 74.5% (w/w)                                       |
| % Solid. (w/w)                               | : 25.5                                                         |

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

|                                    |                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reactivity                         | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.                                                  |
| Chemical stability                 | : The product is stable.                                                                                                                      |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.                                                             |
| Conditions to avoid                | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.<br>Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| Incompatible materials             | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:<br>oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.           |
| Hazardous decomposition products   | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.                     |

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                | Species | Dose                    | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | >21.1 mg/l              | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 2000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >17600 mg/kg            | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 10.768 g/kg             | -        |
| butan-1-ol                      | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 8000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 3400 mg/kg              | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 790 mg/kg               | -        |
| xylene                          | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 6670 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 5000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >1.7 g/kg               | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4.3 g/kg                | -        |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5 g/kg                 | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 8532 mg/kg              | -        |
| butanone                        | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 11243 ppm               | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 6480 mg/kg              | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 2737 mg/kg              | -        |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol            | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 13 g/kg                 | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 5.2 g/kg                | -        |
| Ligroine                        | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 3400 ppm                | 4 hours  |
| ethylbenzene                    | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 4000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 17.8 g/kg               | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3.5 g/kg                | -        |
| toluene                         | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup>     | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 8000 ppm                | 4 hours  |
|                                 | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | 8.39 g/kg               | -        |
|                                 | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 636 mg/kg               | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| xylene                  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Eyes** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization****Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Respiratory** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| xylene                  | -    | 3    | -   |
| ethylbenzene            | -    | 2B   | -   |
| toluene                 | -    | 3    | -   |

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                 | Category   |
|----------------------|------------|
| n-butyl acetate      | Category 3 |
| butan-1-ol           | Category 3 |
| xylene               | Category 3 |
| butanone             | Category 3 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 |
| toluene              | Category 3 |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                 | Category   |
|----------------------|------------|
| xylene               | Category 2 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 2 |
| ethylbenzene         | Category 2 |
| toluene              | Category 2 |

### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, the reproductive system, liver, heart, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

### Aspiration hazard

| Name         | Result                         |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| xylene       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ligroine     | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| toluene      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking  
blistering may occur  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Potential delayed effects** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                        | ATE value    |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Oral                         | 6875.4 mg/kg |
| Dermal                       | 11347 mg/kg  |
| Inhalation (gases)           | 52893.8 ppm  |
| Inhalation (vapors)          | 127.6 mg/l   |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 17.4 mg/l    |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name         | Result                                 | Species                                        | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Acute LC50 161 mg/l Fresh water        | Fish                                           | 96 hours |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol            | Acute LC50 23300 mg/l                  | Daphnia                                        | 48 hours |
|                                 | Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l Fresh water      | Fish                                           | 96 hours |
| ethylbenzene                    | Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| xylene                  | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name         | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | 1.78               | -           | low       |
| butan-1-ol                      | 0.88               | -           | low       |
| xylene                          | 3.16               | 7.4 to 18.5 | low       |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | 0.56               | -           | low       |
| butanone                        | 0.29               | -           | low       |
| ethylbenzene                    | 3.15               | 79.43       | low       |
| toluene                         | 2.73               | 8.32        | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 14. Transport information

|                             | DOT             | IMDG            | IATA            |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                   | UN1263          | UN1263          | UN1263          |
| UN proper shipping name     | PAINT           | PAINT           | PAINT           |
| Transport hazard class(es)  | 3               | 3               | 3               |
| Packing group               | III             | III             | III             |
| Environmental hazards       | No.             | No.             | No.             |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Product code VHW4

Date of issue 16 October 2016 Version 7

Product name SPECTRAFLAME RICH YELLOW GOLD

## 14. Transport information

|                  |                           |                 |                 |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Product RQ (lbs) | 1365.6                    | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| RQ substances    | (xylene, n-butyl acetate) | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

### Additional information

**DOT** : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**IMDG** : None identified.

**IATA** : None identified.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

### U.S. Federal regulations

**United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:**

2-ethoxyethyl acetate

Listed

2-ethoxyethanol

Listed

### SARA 302/304

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : Fire hazard  
Immediate (acute) health hazard  
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### Composition/information on ingredients

| Name                            | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|---------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| n-butyl acetate                 | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | No.                             |
| butan-1-ol                      | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | No.                             |
| xylene                          | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | Yes.                            |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | No.                             | No.                             |
| butanone                        | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | No.                             |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol            | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | Yes.                            |
| Ligroine                        | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | No.                             |
| ethylbenzene                    | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | Yes.                            |
| toluene                         | Yes.        | No.                        | No.      | Yes.                            | Yes.                            |

### SARA 313

## Section 15. Regulatory information

| Supplier notification | Chemical name | CAS number | Concentration |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
|                       | Butan-1-ol    | 71-36-3    | 5 - 10        |
|                       | xylene        | 1330-20-7  | 5 - 10        |
|                       | ethylbenzene  | 100-41-4   | 0.5 - 1.5     |
|                       | toluene       | 108-88-3   | 0.5 - 1.5     |

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**Additional environmental information** is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

**Health :** 3 \* **Flammability :** 3 **Physical hazards :** 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

**Health :** 3 **Flammability :** 3 **Instability :** 0

**Date of previous issue :** 4/23/2016

**Organization that prepared the MSDS :** EHS

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.