

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 10/15/2015 Date of issue: 10/15/2015

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: 70% Reagent Alcohol

Product Code: 7070-1

Intended Use of the Product

No use specified.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

StatLab Medical Products 2090 Commerce Drive McKinney, TX 75069 800-442-3573 972-436-1369 Fax

www.statlab.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (USA & Canada)

> CHEMTREC 703-527-3887 (International) Non-transport 972-436-1010 (USA)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US classification

H225 Flammable Liquid 2 Eve Irritation 2A H319 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 2 H371

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H371 - May cause damage to organs (optic nerve (nervus opticus), central nervous system)

(oral).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P210 - Keep away from sparks, open flames, heat, hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof lighting, ventilating, electrical equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

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P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % (w/w) | GHS-US classification |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------|--|
| Ethyl alcohol | (CAS No) 64-17-5 | 59 | Flammable Liquid 2, H225 |
| | | | Eye Irritation 2A, H319 |
| Isopropyl alcohol | (CAS No) 67-63-0 | 3 | Flammable Liquid 2, H225 |
| | | | Eye Irritation 2A, H319 |
| | | | Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3, H336 |
| Methyl alcohol | (CAS No) 67-56-1 | 3 | Flammable Liquid 2, H225 |
| | | | Acute Toxicity 3 (Oral), H301 |
| | | | Acute Toxicity 3 (Dermal), H311 |
| | | | Acute Toxicity 3 (Inhalation: vapor), H331 |
| | | | Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 1, H370 |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes serious eye irritation. May cause damage to organs (optic nerve (nervus opticus), central nervous system) (oral).

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause damage to organs. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Formaldehyde.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as saw dust or cellulosic material.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe (vapor, mist, spray). Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

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Specific End Use(s)

No use specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

| JSA ACGIH AG JSA ACGIH Bi JSA OSHA OS | CGIH TWA (ppm) CGIH STEL (ppm) CGIH chemical category iological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 200 ppm 250 ppm Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route 15 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| JSA ACGIH AG JSA ACGIH Bi JSA OSHA OS | CGIH STEL (ppm) CGIH chemical category iological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 250 ppm Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route |
| JSA ACGIH AG JSA ACGIH Bi JSA OSHA OS | CGIH chemical category iological Exposure Indices (BEI) | Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route |
| JSA ACGIH Bi JSA OSHA OS | iological Exposure Indices (BEI) | the cutaneous route |
| JSA OSHA OS | | |
| JSA OSHA OS | | 15 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: |
| | 2) | - • • |
| | | Methanol (background, nonspecific) |
| | SHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| JSA OSHA OS | SHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| | IIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 260 mg/m³ |
| | IIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| JSA NIOSH NI | IIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³) | 325 mg/m³ |
| JSA NIOSH NI | IOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| JSA IDLH US | S IDLH (ppm) | 6000 ppm |
| Alberta O | PEL STEL (mg/m³) | 328 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Alberta | PEL TWA (mg/m³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| British Columbia O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| British Columbia O | PEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Manitoba O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Manitoba O | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| New Brunswick O | DEL STEL (mg/m³) | 328 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| New Brunswick O | PEL TWA (mg/m³) | 262 mg/m ³ |
| New Brunswick O | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador O | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| lova Scotia O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| lova Scotia O | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| lunavut O | DEL STEL (mg/m³) | 328 mg/m³ |
| Junavut O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Junavut O | PEL TWA (mg/m³) | 262 mg/m³ |
| | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Northwest Territories O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Northwest Territories O | EL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ontario O | EL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Ontario O | PEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island O | PEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island O | PEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Québec VI | ECD (mg/m³) | 328 mg/m³ |
| | ECD (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Québec Vi | EMP (mg/m³) | 262 mg/m³ |
| | EMP (ppm) | 200 ppm |

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|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 310 mg/m ³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 250 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 260 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | _ |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to |
| | | Humans |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 1900 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 1900 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 3300 ppm (10% LEL) |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 1880 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 1880 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 2355 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1250 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 1884 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1250 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 1880 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1250 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 1900 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 1900 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 1000 ppm |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| USA ACGIH | Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) | 40 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift at end of |
| | | workweek - Parameter: Acetone (background, nonspecific) |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 980 mg/m³ |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) | 980 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³) | 1225 mg/m³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm) | 500 ppm |

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|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (ppm) | 2000 ppm (10% LEL) |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 984 mg/m³ |
| Alberta | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 492 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 1230 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 983 mg/m³ |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 1228 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 983 mg/m³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Québec | VECD (mg/m³) | 1230 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VECD (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m³) | 985 mg/m³ |
| Québec | VEMP (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (ppm) | 400 ppm |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (ppm) | 200 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (mg/m³) | 1225 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL STEL (ppm) | 500 ppm |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m³) | 980 mg/m³ |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (ppm) | 400 ppm |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated above. All electrical equipment should comply with the National Electric Code. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

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Relative Density

Viscosity

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Skin and Body Protection: Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Liquid Clear **Appearance**

Odor Ethanol odor **Odor Threshold** Not available рΗ Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available **Melting Point** Not available **Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** 16.6 °C (61.88 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available

Decomposition Temperature Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available Not available **Upper Flammable Limit Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available

Specific Gravity 0.8 - 0.9Solubility Soluble in water **Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water** Not available

Not available Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact

Not available

Explosion Data - Sensitivity to Static Discharge Static discharge could act as an ignition source

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause damage to organs

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Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation **Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** May cause skin irritation

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning,

tearing, and blurred vision

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause damage to organs. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, may cause acidosis and ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and possible death

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use

<u>Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)</u>

LD50 and LC50 Data:

| 6200 mg/kg | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 3 mg/l/4h | | |
| 22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h) | | |
| 100.00 mg/kg body weight | | |
| 300.00 mg/kg body weight | | |
| | | |
| 10470 mg/kg | | |
| 20 ml/kg | | |
| 124.7 mg/l/4h | | |
| 124.7 mg/l/4h | | |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| 4710 mg/kg | | |
| 4059 mg/kg | | |
| 72.6 mg/l/4h (Exposure time: 4 h) | | |
| 72.5 mg/l/4h | | |
| | | |

Carcinogenicity

| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | |
|---|---|--|
| IARC Group | 1 | |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List | In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. | |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| IARC Group | 3 | |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| LC50 Fish 1 | 28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 1340 mg/l | |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | > 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) | |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 9268 - 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) | |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | > 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) | |
| ErC50 (algae) | 1000 mg/l | |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | 9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) | |
| EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1 | 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus) | |
| LC 50 Fish 2 | 11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) | |
| EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2 | 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus) | |

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Persistence and Degradability

| 70% Reagent Alcohol | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | |
| Persistence and Degradability | Not established. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| 70% Reagent Alcohol | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. | |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
| BCF Fish 1 | < 10 | |
| Log Pow | -0.77 | |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | |
| Log Pow | -0.32 | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. | |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| Log Pow | 0.05 (at 25 °C) | |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG

14.1. UN Number

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Ethanol solutions

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard Labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing Group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 24 - Alcoholic beverages containing more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group II. Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24 percent but not more than 70 percent alcohol by volume must be transported as materials in Packing Group III.

B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T2 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR

173.xxx)

: 203

: 4b;150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

14.3. Additional Information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) : 127

Number

Transport by Sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and

on a passenger vessel.

EmS-No. (1) : F-E **EmS-No. (2)** : S-D

Air Transport

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger : 60 L

Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft : 220 l

Only (49 CFR 175.75)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

| 70% Reagent Alcohol | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Fire hazard | |
| | Immediate (acute) health hazard | |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Co | ntrol Act) inventory | |
| Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Delayed (chronic) health hazard | |
| | Immediate (acute) health hazard | |
| | Fire hazard | |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % | |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | | |

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| Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 | | |
|---|---|--|
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test | | |
| | rule under TSCA. | |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting | 1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier | |
| | notification) | |

US State Regulations

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
|--|---|
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of |
| | California to cause birth defects. |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of |
| | California to cause cancer. Ethyl Alcohol is included on the |
| | Proposition 65 list when it is used in alcoholic beverages. |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of |
| | California to cause birth defects. Ethyl Alcohol is included on the |
| | Proposition 65 list when it is used in alcoholic beverages. |

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Canadian Regulations

| 70% Reagent Alcohol | |
|----------------------|---|
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects |
| | |

| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid | | |
| | Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects | | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
| Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | | |
| IDL Concentration 0.1 % | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid | | |

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| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) | | | |
| Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) | | | |
| IDL Concentration 1 % | | | |
| WHMIS Classification | Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid | | |
| | Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects | | |

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 10/15/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3 |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor) | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3 |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| STOT SE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT SE 2 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs |
| H371 | May cause damage to organs |

NFPA Health Hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary

incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

medical attention is given.

NFPA Fire Hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all

ambient conditions.

NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

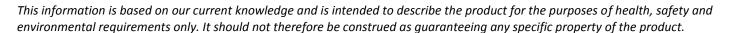
and are not reactive with water.

HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 3 Serious Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard
Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

StatLab Medical Products Phone Number: 800-442-3573



NA GHS SDS



