

Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Bondo® Lightweight Body Filler 260, 261, 261C, 261E, 262, 262C, 262ES, 262L, 262T, 262W, 263, 264, 264S, 265, 265C, 265ES, 265T, 265W, 267, 267C

Product Identification Numbers

41-0003-6562-1, 41-0003-6642-1, 41-0003-6715-5, 41-3701-1570-5

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive, Body Repair

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Construction and Home Improvement Markets **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

The label elements below were prepared in accordance with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. This information may be different from the actual product label information for labels regulated by other agencies.

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 3. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs:

liver | sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

respiratory system | sensory organs |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

liver |

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to

extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | % by Wt |
|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Polyester Resin | Trade Secret* | 15 - 40 Trade Secret * |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | 10 - 30 Trade Secret * |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | < 18 Trade Secret * |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | 7 - 15 Trade Secret * |
| Sodium Silicate | 1344-09-8 | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Organophilic Phyllosilicate | Trade Secret* | 1 - 5 Trade Secret * |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | < 3 Trade Secret * |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | 1318-59-8 | < 2 Trade Secret * |
| Dolomite | 16389-88-1 | < 2 Trade Secret * |
| Sodium Metaborate | 7775-19-1 | < 1 Trade Secret * |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | < 1 Trade Secret * |

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the respiratory tract (coughing, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain). Target organ effects. See Section 11 for additional details. Target organ effects following prolonged or repeated exposure. See Section 11 for additional details.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat,

drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|-------------------------|------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | ACGIH | TWA:10 ppm;STEL:20 ppm | A3: Confirmed animal |
| | | | | carcin., Ototoxicant |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | OSHA | TWA:100 ppm;CEIL:200 ppm | |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 mg/m3 | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | ACGIH | TWA:10 mg/m3 | A4: Not class. as human carcin |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3 | |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | ACGIH | TWA(respirable fraction):2 | A4: Not class. as human |
| | | | mg/m ³ | carcin |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | OSHA | TWA | |
| | | | concentration(respirable):0.1 | |
| | | | mg/m3(2.4 millions of | |
| | | | particles/cu. ft.);TWA:20 | |
| | | | millions of particles/cu. ft. | |
| DUST, INERT OR NUISANCE | 16389-88-1 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | | mg/m3;TWA(as total dust):50 | |
| | | | millions of particles/cu. ft.(15 | |
| | | | mg/m3);TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 | |
| | | | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):15 millions of | |
| | | | particles/cu. ft.(5 mg/m3) | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 546-93-0 | OSHA | TWA(as total dust):15 | |
| | | | mg/m3;TWA(respirable | |
| | | | fraction):5 mg/m3 | |

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer

Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA)

Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateLiquidColorWhite

Specific Physical Form: Paste

OdorPungent StyreneOdor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point 293.00 °F [Details: CONDITIONS: (Styrene)] **Flash Point** 80 - 82 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate 0.1 - 0.5 **Flammability (solid, gas)** Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(LEL) 0.9 % Flammable Limits(UEL) 6.8 %

Vapor Pressure 5.2 mmHg [Details: CONDITIONS: at 20 C]

Vapor Density 3.6

Density 9.5126 lb/gal

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Density 1.14 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.14 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data Available

Viscosity 168,000 - 192,000 centipoise

Hazardous Air Pollutants0.372 lb HAPS/lb solids [Test Method: Calculated]Volatile Organic Compounds203 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]Volatile Organic Compounds17.8 % weight [Test Method: calculated per CARB title 2]

Percent volatile 18.2 % weight

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 204 g/l [*Test Method*:calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable. Stable under normal conditions. May become unstable at elevated temperatures and/or pressures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong bases

Strong oxidizing agents

Alkali and alkaline earth metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbonsNot SpecifiedStyrene OxideNot SpecifiedToxic Vapor, Gas, ParticulateNot Specified

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eve Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed.

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Liver Effects: Signs/symptoms may include loss of appetite, weight loss, fatigue, weakness, abdominal tenderness and jaundice.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

| Ingredient | CAS No. | Class Description | Regulation |
|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | Grp. 2A: Probable human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| Styrene Monomer | 100-42-5 | Anticipated human carcinogen | National Toxicology Program Carcinogens |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | Grp. 2B: Possible human carc. | International Agency for Research on Cancer |

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Overall product | Dermal | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Overall product | Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr) | | No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l |
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Polyester Resin | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Polyester Resin | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Talc | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Talc | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Styrene Monomer | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 11.8 mg/l |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 5,000 mg/kg |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Dermal | Professio nal judgeme nt | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Sodium Silicate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 4,640 mg/kg |
| Sodium Silicate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 500 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Dermal | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Limestone | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 3 mg/l |
| Limestone | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 6,450 mg/kg |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Ingestion | | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Dolomite | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Dolomite | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Titanium Dioxide | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 6.82 mg/l |
| Titanium Dioxide | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg |
| Sodium Metaborate | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Sodium Metaborate | Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours) | Rat | LC50 > 2.03 mg/l |
| Sodium Metaborate | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 2,330 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Styrene Monomer | Professio | Mild irritant |
| • | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | In vitro | No significant irritation |
| | data | |
| Sodium Silicate | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Dolomite | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |

| | judgeme nt | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Sodium Metaborate | Rabbit | No significant irritation |

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| Talc | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Styrene Monomer | Professio | Moderate irritant |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Magnesium Carbonate | Rabbit | Mild irritant |
| Sodium Silicate | Rabbit | Corrosive |
| Limestone | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Chlorite (Mineral) | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Dolomite | Professio | No significant irritation |
| | nal | |
| | judgeme | |
| | nt | |
| Titanium Dioxide | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Sodium Metaborate | Rabbit | Severe irritant |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|-------------------|---------|----------------|
| Styrene Monomer | Guinea | Not classified |
| | pig | |
| Sodium Silicate | Mouse | Not classified |
| Titanium Dioxide | Human | Not classified |
| | and | |
| | animal | |
| Sodium Metaborate | similar | Not classified |
| | compoun | |
| | ds | |

Respiratory Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|------|---------|----------------|
| Talc | Human | Not classified |

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Name | Route | Value |
|-------------------|----------|--|
| | | |
| Talc | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Talc | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Styrene Monomer | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Styrene Monomer | In vivo | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Sodium Silicate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Sodium Silicate | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Titanium Dioxide | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Titanium Dioxide | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Sodium Metaborate | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Sodium Metaborate | In vivo | Not mutagenic |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value | |
|------|-------|---------|-------|--|
| | | | | |

| Talc | Inhalation | Rat | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
|------------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Mouse | Carcinogenic |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Human and animal | Carcinogenic |
| Titanium Dioxide | Ingestion | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | Rat | Carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------|------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Talc | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg | during organogenesi s |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 21 mg/kg/day | 3 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | 2 generation |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | 60 days |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 400 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | during gestation |
| Sodium Silicate | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Limestone | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day | premating & during gestation |
| Sodium Metaborate | Ingestion | Toxic to female reproduction | similar compoun ds | NOAEL 106 mg/kg/day | 3 generation |
| Sodium Metaborate | Ingestion | Toxic to male reproduction | similar compoun ds | NOAEL 106 mg/kg/day | 3 generation |
| Sodium Metaborate | Ingestion | Toxic to development | similar compoun ds | NOAEL 133 mg/kg/day | during gestation |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-----------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 4.3 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | liver | Causes damage to organs | Mouse | LOAEL 2.1 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL Not available | not available |

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| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2.1 mg/l | not available |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| Sodium Silicate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | May cause respiratory irritation | official classifica tion | NOAEL Not available | |
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.812 mg/l | 90 minutes |
| Sodium Metaborate | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|------------------|------------|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Talc | Inhalation | pneumoconiosis | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Talc | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 18 mg/m3 | 113 weeks |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | auditory system | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL not available | occupational exposure |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | eyes | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | liver | May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure | Mouse | LOAEL 0.85 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 1.1 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.85 mg/l | 7 days |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | endocrine system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 10 days |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | LOAEL 0.09 mg/l | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Inhalation | heart gastrointestinal tract bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 4.3 mg/l | 2 years |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | nervous system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 500 mg/kg/day | 8 weeks |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | immune system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Multiple animal species | NOAEL Not available | not available |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 677 mg/kg/day | 6 months |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day | 470 days |
| Styrene Monomer | Ingestion | heart respiratory system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 35 mg/kg/day | 105 weeks |
| Sodium Silicate | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Dog | LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg/day | 4 weeks |
| Sodium Silicate | Ingestion | endocrine system blood | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 804 mg/kg/day | 3 months |
| Sodium Silicate | Ingestion | heart liver | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,259 mg/kg/day | 8 weeks |
| Limestone | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not available | occupational exposure |
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | respiratory system | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for | Rat | LOAEL 0.01 mg/l | 2 years |

| | | | classification | | | |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|---------|-----------|--------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Inhalation | pulmonary fibrosis | Not classified | Human | NOAEL Not | occupational |
| | | | | | available | exposure |
| Sodium Metaborate | Ingestion | hematopoietic | Not classified | similar | NOAEL 100 | 2 years |
| | | system eyes | | compoun | mg/kg/day | |
| | | | | ds | | |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Styrene Monomer | Aspiration hazard |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

| Physical Hazards | |
|---|--|
| Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) | |

| Health Hazards |
|-----------------------|
| Carcinogenicity |
| Reproductive toxicity |

3MTM Bondo® Lightweight Body Filler 260, 261, 261C, 261E, 262, 262C, 262ES, 262L, 262T, 262W, 263, 264, 264S, 265, 265C, 265ES,

265T, 265W, 267, 267C 06/17/21

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient C.A.S. No % by Wt

Styrene Monomer 100-42-5 Trade Secret < 18

15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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