



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: Sodium Chloride Injection, USP

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer Name And Address	Hospira, Inc. 275 North Field Drive Lake Forest, Illinois 60045 USA
Emergency Telephone	CHEMTREC: North America: 800-424-9300; International 1-703-527-3887; Australia - 61-290372994; UK - 44-870-8200418
Hospira, Inc., Non-Emergency	224 212-2000
Product Name	Sodium Chloride Injection, USP
Synonyms	Table salt

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview	Sodium Chloride Injection, USP is a solution containing sodium chloride. In clinical use, sodium chloride is used in the management of deficiencies of sodium and chloride ions in salt-losing conditions. In the workplace, concentrated sodium chloride solutions may be irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. Based on clinical use, possible target organs may include the cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system and nervous system.
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U.S. OSHA GHS Classification

Physical Hazards	Hazard Class	Hazard Category
	Not Classified	Not Classified
Health Hazards	Hazard Class	Hazard Category
	Eye Damage / Irritation	2A

Label Element(s)

Pictogram



Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statement(s)

Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Do not breathe vapor or spray
Wash hands thoroughly after handling
Wear eye protection/face protection

Response

Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Active Ingredient Name Sodium Chloride
Chemical Formula NaCl

Component	Approximate Percent by Weight	CAS Number	RTECS Number
Sodium Chloride	1 to 24	7647-14-5	VZ4725000

Non-hazardous ingredients include Water for Injection. Hazardous ingredients present at less than 1% may include hydrochloric acid which is added to adjust the pH.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

Skin Contact Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

Inhalation Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

Ingestion Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability None anticipated for this aqueous product.

Fire & Explosion Hazard None anticipated for this aqueous product.

Extinguishing Media As with any fire, use extinguishing media appropriate for primary cause of fire such as carbon dioxide, dry chemical extinguishing powder or foam.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures No special provisions required beyond normal firefighting equipment such as flame and chemical resistant clothing and self contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Cleanup and Disposal Isolate area around spill. Put on suitable protective clothing and equipment as specified by site spill control procedures. Absorb the liquid with suitable material and clean affected area with soap and water. Dispose of spill materials according to the applicable federal, state, or local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling No special handling required under conditions of normal product use.

Storage No special storage required for hazard control. For product protection, follow storage recommendations noted on the product case label, the primary container label, or the product insert.

Special Precautions No special precautions required for hazard control.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Exposure Limits			
	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	AIHA WEEL	Hospira EEL
Sodium Chloride	8-hr TWA: Not Established	8-hr TWA: Not Established	8-hr TWA: Not Established	8-hr TWA: Not Established

Notes: OSHA PEL: US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit
 ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value.
 AIHA WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
 EEL: Employee Exposure Limit.
 TWA: 8-hour Time Weighted Average.

Respiratory Protection

Respiratory protection is normally not needed during intended product use. However, if the generation of aerosols is likely, and engineering controls are not considered adequate to control potential airborne exposures, the use of an approved air-purifying respirator with a HEPA cartridge (N95 or equivalent) is recommended under conditions where airborne aerosol concentrations are not expected to be excessive. For uncontrolled release events, or if exposure levels are not known, provide respirators that offer a high protection factor such as a powered air purifying respirator or supplied air. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions require respirator use. Personnel who wear respirators should be fit tested and approved for respirator use as required.

Skin Protection

If skin contact with the product formulation is likely, the use of latex or nitrile gloves is recommended.

Eye Protection

Eye protection is normally not required during intended product use. However, if eye contact is likely to occur, the use of chemical safety goggles (as a minimum) is recommended.

Engineering Controls

Engineering controls are normally not needed during the normal use of this product.

9. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical State	A sterile, non-pyrogenic, concentrated solution
Odor	NA
Odor Threshold	NA
pH	5.0 (4.5 to 7.0)
Melting point/Freezing Point	NA
Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Point Range	NA
Flash Point	NA
Evaporation Rate	NA
Flammability (solid, gas)	NA
Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits	NA
Vapor Pressure	NA
Vapor Density (Air =1)	NA
Relative Density	NA
Solubility	Freely soluble in water; practically insoluble in dehydrated alcohol
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	NA
Auto-ignition Temperature	NA
Decomposition Temperature	NA
Viscosity	NA

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Not determined. None anticipated from this product.
Chemical Stability	Stable under standard use and storage conditions.
Hazardous Reactions	Not determined
Conditions to Avoid	Not determined
Incompatibilities	Not determined
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Not determined. During thermal decomposition, it may be possible to generate irritating vapors and/or toxic fumes of hydrogen chloride and sodium oxide.
Hazardous Polymerization	Not anticipated to occur with this product.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity - Not determined for the product formulation. Information for the active ingredient is as follows:

Ingredient(s)	Percent	Test Type	Route of Administration	Value	Units	Species
Sodium Chloride	100	LD50	Oral	3000	mg/kg	Rat
Sodium Chloride	100	LD50	Oral	4000	mg/kg	Mouse
Sodium Chloride	100	LD50	Dermal	> 10,000	mg/kg	Rabbit
Sodium Chloride	100	LC50(1hr)	Inhalation	> 42,000	mg/m3	Rat
Sodium Chloride	100	LD50	Intraperitoneal	2600 2602	mg/kg mg/kg	Rat Mouse
Sodium Chloride	100	LD50	Intravenous	645	mg/kg	Mouse

LD 50: Dosage that produces 50% mortality.

Occupational Exposure Potential	Information on the absorption of this product via inhalation or skin contact is not available. Avoid liquid aerosol generation and skin contact.
Signs and Symptoms	None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In the workplace, this product should be considered potentially irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. In clinical use, gastrointestinal effects associated with acute oral ingestion of excessive amounts of sodium chloride include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps. Excessive use of chloride salts may cause a loss of bicarbonate with an acidifying effect. Retention of excess sodium and accumulation of excess water may also occur and may lead to pulmonary and peripheral edema. Hypernatremia has rarely occurred with the use of saline for induction of emesis or for gastric lavage. However, hypernatremia may occur after inappropriate intravenous use of hypertonic saline. The most serious effect of hypernatremia is dehydration of the brain which causes somnolence and confusion progressing to convulsions, coma, respiratory failure, and death. Other symptoms include thirst, reduced salivation and lachrymation, fever, sweating, tachycardia, hypertension or hypotension, headache, dizziness, restlessness, irritability, weakness, and muscular twitching and rigidity.
Aspiration Hazard	None anticipated from normal handling of this product.
Dermal Irritation/ Corrosion	None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In animal studies, sodium chloride was reported to be a mild skin irritant. However, inadvertent contact of this product with skin is not anticipated to produce irritation.
Ocular Irritation/ Corrosion	None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In animal studies, sodium chloride was reported to be a mild to moderate irritant. Inadvertent contact of this product with eyes may produce irritation with redness and discomfort.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: continued

Dermal or Respiratory Sensitization	None anticipated from normal handling of this product.
Reproductive Effects	None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Physiological sodium chloride solutions are often used as negative controls in teratology experiments and do not appear to produce adverse effects on embryological development. Administration of sodium chloride has been reported not to be teratogenic in rats, hamsters, and pigs. Subcutaneous injection of 1900 or 2500 mg sodium chloride in pregnant mice increased the incidence of minor skeletal anomalies in the offspring. Increased neonatal body weight was reported in offspring of rats fed high (8%) salt diets when compared to the offspring of dams fed low salt diets.
Mutagenicity	Sodium chloride was negative in the Ames test, with and without metabolic activation. Sodium chloride was positive for genotoxicity in an <i>in vitro</i> mouse lymphoma assay.
Carcinogenicity	The carcinogenic potential of sodium chloride has not been fully evaluated.
Carcinogen Lists	IARC: Not listed NTP: Not listed OSHA: Not listed
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure	NA
Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeat Exposure	Based on clinical use, possible target organs may include the cardiovascular system, gastrointestinal system and nervous system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity	Not determined for product. Information for sodium chloride is as follows: LC50(96hr, flow through) = 9675-11,100 mg/L in freshwater fish LC50(96hr, static) = 7341-17,550 mg/L in freshwater fish LC50(24hr, static) = 13,750 - 14,125 mg/L in freshwater fish LC50(48 hr) = 3310 mg/L in <i>Daphnia magna</i> .
Persistence/Biodegradability	Not determined for product.
Bioaccumulation	Not determined for product.
Mobility in Soil	Not determined for product.

Notes:

1. EC50: Concentration in water that produces 50% mortality in *Daphnia* sp.
2. LC50: Concentration in water that produces 50% mortality in fish.
3. EC50: Concentration in water that produces 50% inhibition of growth in algae.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal	All waste materials must be properly characterized. Further, disposal should be performed in accordance with the federal, state or local regulatory requirements.
Container Handling and Disposal	Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ADR/ADG/ DOT STATUS	Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name	NA
Hazard Class	NA
UN Number	NA
Packing Group	NA
Reportable Quantity	NA
ICAO/IATA STATUS	Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name	NA
Hazard Class	NA
UN Number	NA
Packing Group	NA
Reportable Quantity	NA
IMDG STATUS	Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name	NA
Hazard Class	NA
UN Number	NA
Packing Group	NA
Reportable Quantity	NA

Notes: DOT - US Department of Transportation Regulations

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US TSCA Status	Exempt. However, sodium chloride is listed on the TSCA inventory.
US CERCLA Status	Not listed
US SARA 302 Status	Not listed
US SARA 313 Status	Not listed
US RCRA Status	Not listed
US PROP 65 (Calif.)	Not listed

Notes: TSCA, Toxic Substance Control Act; CERCLA, US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; SARA, Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; RCRA, US EPA, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; Prop 65, California Proposition 65

<u>GHS/CLP Classification*</u>	*In the EU, classification under GHS/CLP does not apply to certain substances and mixtures, such as medicinal products as defined in Directive 2001/83/EC, which are in the finished state, intended for the final user.
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Hazard Class	Hazard Category	Pictogram	Signal Word	Hazard Statement
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Prevention	Do not breathe vapor or spray Wash hands thoroughly after handling Wear eye protection/face protection			
Response	Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.			

<u>EU Classification*</u>	*Medicinal products are exempt from the requirements of the EU Dangerous Preparations Directive.
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Classification(s)	NA
Symbol	NA
Indication of Danger	NA
Risk Phrases	NA
Safety Phrases	S23: Do not breathe vapor/spray S24: Avoid contact with the skin S25: Avoid contact with eyes S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Notes:

ACGIH TLV	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service Number
CERCLA	US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DOT	US Department of Transportation Regulations
EEL	Employee Exposure Limit
IATA	International Air Transport Association
LD ₅₀	Dosage producing 50% mortality
NA	Not applicable/Not available
NE	Not established
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA PEL	US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit
Prop 65	California Proposition 65
RCRA	US EPA, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL	15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT - SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure
STOT - RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA	8-hour Time Weighted Average

MSDS Coordinator: Hospira GEHS
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