

Product Name: PROFUME* Gas Fumigant**Revision Date:** 2012/09/05**Print Date:** 05 Sep 2012

Dow AgroSciences Limited encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product Name

PROFUME* Gas Fumigant

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Biocidal Product Plant Protection Product

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow AgroSciences Limited
A Subsidiary of The Dow Chemical Company
Latchmore Court, Brand Street
SG5 1NH Hitchin
United Kingdom

SDSQuestion@dow.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact:

0031 115 694 982

Local Emergency Contact:

00 31 115 69 4982

Section 2. Hazards Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification - REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Gases under pressure	Category 1	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	Category 2	H330	Fatal if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Inhalation)	Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs if inhaled.
Specific target organ	Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through

toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation)			prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 1	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

T	R23	Toxic by inhalation.
Xn	R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
N	R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling - REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements:

P260 Do not breathe gas.

P284 Wear respiratory protection.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

2.3 Other Hazards

No information available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

This product is a substance.

CAS-No. / EC-No. / Index	REACH No.	Amount	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CAS-No. 2699-79-8 EC-No. 220-281-5 Index 009-015-00-7	—	99.8 %	Sulphuryl fluoride	Press. Gas, H280 Acute Tox., 2, H330 STOT SE, 2, H373 Aquatic Acute, 1, H400

CAS-No. / EC-No. / Index	Amount	Component	Classification: 67/548/EEC
CAS-No. 2699-79-8 EC-No. 220-281-5 Index 009-015-00-7	99.8 %	Sulphuryl fluoride	T: R23; Xn: R48/20; N: R50

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.
See Section 16 for full text of R-phrases.

Section 4. First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. If the person is not breathing and has no pulse, consider cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR); use pocket resuscitation mask, bag valve mask etc., to avoid risk of poisoning rescuer. To prevent pulmonary edema have the person inhale 5 shots of an aerosol corticosteroid metered dose inhaler (if available), such as beclomethasone or fluticasone, etc., every 10 minutes until the person is evaluated by a physician.

Skin Contact: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. In case of frostbite, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be immediately available.

Eye Contact: In case of frostbite, immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention promptly, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. Sulfuryl fluoride is a gas which has no warning properties such as odor or eye irritation. The prediction of possible human effects is based in part on observations made on laboratory animals. Treat for frostbite if present (eyes, skin) with gentle rewarming by water irrigation for at least 15 minutes. It is predicted that persons exposed to sulfuryl fluoride will show little evidence of intoxication at first, unless the concentration is very high (greater than 400 ppm). Early symptoms of exposure to sulfuryl fluoride are respiratory irritation and central nervous system depression. Excitation may follow. Slowed movement, reduced awareness, and slow or garbled speech may be noted. It is essential to keep such an individual at bed rest for at least 24 hours. Clinical observations should be directed at the pulmonary, hepatic, and renal systems. Prolonged exposure can produce lung irritation, pulmonary edema, nausea, and abdominal pain. Repeated exposure to high concentrations can result in significant lung and kidney damage. Convulsions may ensue with respiratory arrest being the terminal event. Assisted respiration may be necessary. Clinical observation is essential. There is no known antidote for overexposure to sulfuryl fluoride. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of

respiratory distress. Consider administering a complete aerosol corticosteroid metered dose inhaler (100-150 shots) or equivalent as initial preventive treatment for incipient pulmonary edema. Consider administering 250-1000 mg prednisolone IV on the first day of treatment. Treat for frostbite, if present. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media

This material does not burn. If exposed to fire from another source, use suitable extinguishing agent for that fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: Fire conditions may cause this product to decompose. Refer to section 10 - Thermal Decomposition.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety device or discoloration of the container. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). If protective equipment is not available or not used, fight fire from a protected location or safe distance.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Isolate area. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Small spills: Knock down and dilute vapors with water fog or spray. Apply vapor suppression foams until spill can be cleaned up. Use non-sparking tools in cleanup operations. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling Handling

General Handling: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not swallow. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

7.3 Specific end uses

Refer to product label.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Component	List	Type	Value
Sulphuryl fluoride	Ireland OELV	TWA	20 mg/m ³ 5 ppm
	Ireland OELV	STEL	40 mg/m ³ 10 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	5 ppm BEI
	ACGIH	STEL	10 ppm BEI
	EU IOELV	TWA	2.5 mg/m ³
	UK WEL	TWA	21 mg/m ³ 5 ppm
	UK WEL	STEL	42 mg/m ³ 10 ppm

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS. APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING. A BEI notation following the exposure guideline refers to a guidance value for assessing biological monitoring results as an indicator of the uptake of a substance from all routes of exposures.

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: For handling the gas, wear safety glasses (with side shields). When contact with the liquid (condensed gas) is possible, wear chemical goggles. Safety glasses (with side shields) should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

Skin Protection: Wear clean, body-covering clothing.

Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. When respiratory protection is required, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Ingestion: No precautions necessary due to the physical properties of the material.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only in enclosed systems or with local exhaust ventilation. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical State	Gas
Color	Colorless
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	Odorless
pH	Not applicable
Melting Point	-137 °C Estimated.
Freezing Point	Not applicable
Boiling Point (760 mmHg)	-54 °C <i>EC Method A2</i> .
Flash Point - Closed Cup	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	No
Flammable Limits In Air	Lower: Not applicable Upper: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	16,000 hPa @ 20 °C
Vapor Density (air = 1)	3.5 @ 20 °C
Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)	1.35
Solubility in water (by weight)	1.04 g/l 20°C, Unbuffered
Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow)	0.41 <i>Estimated</i> .
Autoignition Temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition Temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	No
Oxidizing properties	No

9.2 Other information

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Thermally stable at recommended temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

10.5 Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Strong bases.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Hydrogen fluoride. Sulfur oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity
Ingestion

Moderate toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing is unlikely because of the physical state.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Aspiration hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Dermal

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Inhalation

Vapor concentrations are attainable which may be fatal with single exposure. Excessive exposure may cause severe irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. For narcotic effects: Relevant data not available.

LC50, 4 h, rat 991 - 1,122 ppm

Eye damage/eye irritation

No hazard from gas. Liquid may cause frostbite.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Essentially nonirritating to skin. Liquid may cause frostbite upon skin contact.

Sensitization**Skin**

No relevant data found.

Respiratory

No relevant data found.

Repeated Dose Toxicity

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Central nervous system. Kidney. Lung. Respiratory tract. Thyroid. Observations in animals include: Convulsions. Tremors. May cause fluorosis of teeth and bones.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity

Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity

In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Genetic Toxicology

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive in other cases.

Section 12. Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 h: 0.89 mg/l

Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 h, immobilization: 0.62 mg/l

Aquatic Plant Toxicity

EbC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, biomass growth inhibition, 72 h: 0.58 mg/l

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: 1.13 mg/l

Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

LC50, Apis mellifera (bees): 6.5 mg/l

LC50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail): 1,844 ppm

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

No relevant data found.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low ($BCF < 100$ or $\text{Log Pow} < 3$).

Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): 0.41 Estimated.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is very high (K_{oc} between 0 and 50).

Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (K_{oc}): 6 Estimated.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

No relevant data found.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

Section 14. Transport Information**ROAD & RAIL**

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 **ID Number:** UN2191

Classification: 2T

Hazard identification No: 26

Environmental Hazard: Yes

OCEAN

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 **ID Number:** UN2191

EMS Number: F-C,S-U

Marine pollutant.: Yes

AIR

FORBIDDEN ON BOTH PASSENGER AND CARGO AIRCRAFT PER IATA DUE TO INHALATION HAZARD

Environmental Hazard: Yes

INLAND WATERWAYS

Proper Shipping Name: SULFURYL FLUORIDE

Hazard Class: 2.3 **ID Number:** UN2191

Classification: 2T

Hazard identification No: 26

Environmental Hazard: Yes

Section 15. Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

The components of this product are on the EINECS inventory or are exempt from inventory requirements.

Registration Information

MAPP 12035/ HSE 8226

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

Section 16. Other Information

Hazard statement in the composition section

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

Risk-phrases in the Composition section

R23	Toxic by inhalation.
R48/20	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
R50	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

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Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

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