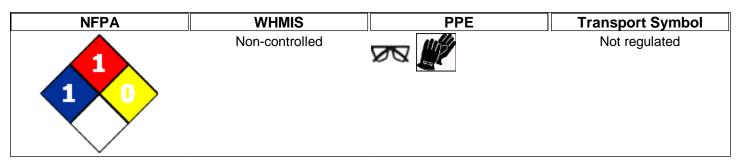
Material Safety Data Sheet



Revision Date: 27-Mar-2012 Revision Number: 0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Idemitsu PSF, 12 x 12 Ounce Case

Product Code: 30102-052A

Recommended use Automotive Lubricant

Contact Manufacturer

Idemitsu Lubricants America,

701 Port Rd.

Jeffersonville, IN. 47130 Telephone: 812-285-8234 Fax: 812-285-8243

Contact Name: Robin Hutchens Email: rhutchens@ilacorp.com

Emergency Telephone Number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CAUTION!

Emergency Overview

Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs

Appearance Red Clear Physical State: Liquid Odor: Mild

Mexico - Grade Slight risk, Grade 1

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Skin, Eye

Acute Effects

Eyes May cause slight irritation

Skin May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis

Inhalation Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary

effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include

coughing and difficulty breathing

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed

Chronic Effects This product contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can

cause mild irritation and inflammation characterized by drying, cracking, (dermatitis) or oil acne. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum-based mineral oil mists at

concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or

other pulmonary effects

See Section 11 for additional Toxicological information.

Potential Environmental Effects See Section 12 for additional Ecological information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Non-Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Lubricating Base Stocks	Mixture	90-95

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If

symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Inhalation Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If vomiting occurs naturally, have casualty Ingestion

lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Swallowing small quantities of diluted product

may cause nausea, diarrhea or abdominal distress. Consult a physician.

Protection of First-aiders Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties NFPA: Class IIIB Combustible Liquid

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), oxides of phosphorus, Zinc

oxides. Sulphur oxides, smoke and irritating vapors as products of

incomplete combustion.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective

1 0 **NFPA** Health: Flammability: Instability:

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all

sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do

not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Do not flush into surface water or

sanitary sewer system.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, Methods for Clean-up

diatomaceus earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Spill Management

LARGE SPILLS Eliminate sources of ignition. Prevent additional discharge of material if possible to do so

without hazard. For small spills implement cleanup procedures; for large spills implement cleanup procedures and, if in public area, keep public away and advise authorities. Also, if this product is subject to CERCLA reporting (see Section 15 Regulatory Information) notify

the National Response Center.

WATER SPILLS Prevent liquid entering sewers, watercourses, or low areas. Contain spilled liquid with sand

> or earth. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent. If liquid is too viscous for pumping, scrape up. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure

conformity to local disposal regulations

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause

ignition of organic vapors).

Storage Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Safe Handling Advice Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Other Exposure Guidelines (If Generated)

Chemical Name	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH OEL (STEL)	NIOSHT REL TWA	ILA IHG	ILA ROEG
Oil mist, mineral	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³		TWA 5 mg/m ³ ST 10 mg/m ³		

Engineering measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Consider the potential hazards of

this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to

harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is

recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain

circumstances.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in

industrial settings.

Skin Protection Wear protective gloves/clothing. Use clean protective clothing if splashing or spraying

conditions are present. Protective clothing may include long-sleeve outer garment, apron, or

lab coat. Glove Type: Neoprene. nitrile rubber. Nitriles. butyl-rubber.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

> respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Clean equipment, work area and clothing regularly.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Red Clear **Appearance** Odor: Mild **Physical State:** Liquid 212°C / 414°F **Flash Point**

Method COC ASTM D92 **Density** 0.87 g/cm3@15°C

Viscosity @40C = 36.00 cSt; @100C = 7.441 cSt

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Hazardous

polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and

vapors

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information (Estimated):

LD50 Oral: > 5,000 mg/kgLD50 Dermal: > 3,500 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation: >10,000 mg/m3 (dust)

LC50 Inhalation: > 11,000(vapor) ppm

Chronic Toxicity

Carcinogenicity:

The petroleum base oils contained in this product have been highly refined by a variety of processes including solvent extraction, hydrotreating, and dewaxing to remove aromatics and improve performance characteristics. All of the oils meet the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PAH's and therefore none are listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

This material contains phosphorus which is a controlled element for disposal in effluent waters in most sections of North America. Phosphorus is known to enhance the formation of algae. Severe algae growth can reduce oxygen content in the water possibly below levels necessary to support marine life.

Lubricant oil basestocks are complex mixtures of hydrocarbons (primarily branched chain alkanes and cycloalkanes) ranging in carbon number from C15 to C50. The aromatic hydrocarbon content of these mixtures varies with the severity of the refining process. White oils have negligible levels of aromatic hydrocarbons, whereas significant proportions are found in unrefined basestocks. Olefins are found only at very low concentrations. Volatilization is not significant after release of lubricating oil basestocks to the environment due to the very low vapor pressure of the hydrocarbon constituents. In water, lubricating oil basestocks will float and will spread at a rate that is viscosity dependent. Water solubilities are very low and dispersion occurs mainly from water movement with adsorption by sediment being the major fate process. In soil, lubricating oil basestocks show little mobility and adsorption is the predominant physical process.

Both acute and chronic ecotoxicity studies have been conducted on lubricant base oils. Results indicate that the acute aquatic toxicities to fish, Daphnia, Ceriodaphnia and algal species are above 1000 mg/l using either water accommodated fractions or oil in water dispersions. Since lubricant base oils mainly contain hydrocarbons having carbon numbers in the range C15 to C50, it is predicted that acute toxicity would not be observed with these substances due to low water solubility. Results from chronic toxicity tests show that the no observed effect level (NOEL) usually exceeds 1000 mg/l for lubricant base oils with the overall weight of experimental evidence leading to the conclusion that lubricant base oils do not cause chronic toxicity to fish and invertebrates.

Large volumes spills of lubricant base oils into water will produce a layer of undissolved oil on the water surface that will cause direct physical fouling of organisms and may interfere with surface air exchange resulting in lower levels of dissolved oxygen. Petroleum products have also been associated with causing taint in fish even when the latter are caught in lightly contaminated environments. Highly refined base oils sprayed onto the surface of eggs will result in a failure to hatch

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Conditions of use may cause this material to become a "hazardous waste", as defined by federal or state regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues. Empty drums and pails retain residue. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose this product's empty container to heat, flame, or other ignition sources. DO NOT attempt to clean it. Empty drums and pails should be drained completely, properly bunged or sealed, and promptly sent to a reconditioner.

Contaminated Packaging

Clean container with water. Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG/IMO Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

All components in the product are on the following Inventory Lists: U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Korea (ECL), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Philippines (PICCS), Australia (AICS).

Hazardous Components

USA

Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard No **Chronic Health Hazard** Nο Fire Hazard No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No **Reactive Hazard** No

CERCLA/SARA 302 & 304

Section 302 & 304 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 355.

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	RQ	TPQ
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Ethylene diamine	107-15-3	<0.01	5000 lb final RQ 2270 kg final RQ	10000 lb TPQ
			2270 kg final RQ	

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any HAPs.

State Regulations

California Proposition 65

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	California Prop. 65		Safe Harbor Limits for Cancer-causing Chemicals (NSRLs)
Trace Reportable Aromatic Compounds		<0.01	Carcinogen Developmental Male Reproductive	24µg/dayoral 49µg/dayinhalation	6.4 µg/day oral 13 µg/day inhalation

State Right-to-Know

Chemical Name	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light	X	-			
paraffinic					

Predominant Ingredients - NJRTK

Chemical Name	CAS-No
Petroleum distillates, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4
Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7
Lubricating oils, petroleum, C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, contg. solvent	72623-84-8
deasphalted residual oil	
Lubricating oils, petroleum, C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	72623-87-1
White mineral oil	8042-47-5

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

Non-controlled

Legend

NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Robin Hutchens
Revision Date: 27-Mar-2012

Revision Summary: Added the NJRTK Predominant Ingredients .

Added the North Fredominant ingredients

Disclaimer:

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet