

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1 Page 1 of 8

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc **Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group** 235 East 42nd Street New York. New York 10017 1-212-573-2222

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com Pfizer Ltd Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent **CT13 9NJ United Kingdom** +00 44 (0)1304 616161

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-262-8200

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Tablets

CAPENON; NORMETEC; AZOREN; OLMETECANLO; SEVIKAR **Trade Name:**

Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as Antihypertensive

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: Tablets Signal Word: **DANGER**

Statement of Hazard: Causes severe eye damage.

> Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: Antihypertensive drug: has blood pressure-lowering properties

Long Term: In humans, the use of drugs in this class can cause fetal and neonatal toxicity, including low blood pressure and kidney failure, when they are taken during the second and third trimesters

of pregnancy.

Known Clinical Effects: Effects reported during clinical use include dizziness, headache, lethargy, changes in blood

pressure, nausea, and abdominal pain.

EU Indication of danger: Toxic to Reproduction: Category 3

Dangerous for the Environment

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 2 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Australian Hazard Classification (NOHSC):

Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	%
Olmesartan medoxomil	144689-63-4	Not Listed	Repr.Cat.3;R63	3-19
Amlodipine besylate	111470-99-6	Not Listed	N;R50/53 Xn;R22 Xi;R41	3-13
Starch, pregelatinized	9005-25-8	232-679-6	Not Listed	*
Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.	112945-52-5	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	Not Listed	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	%
Croscarmellose sodium	74811-65-7	Not Listed	Not Listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention **Eye Contact:**

immediately.

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek **Skin Contact:**

medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire.

PZ01449

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 3 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-

contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not determined

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken,

avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash hands and any exposed skin after removal of PPE. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or

other equivalent controls.

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Amlodipine besylate

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 100µg/m³

Starch, pregelatinized

Slovakia OEL - TWA

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)

Australia TWA

Belgium OEL - TWA

Bulgaria OEL - TWA

Czech Republic OEL - TWA

Greece OEL - TWA

10 mg/m³

4.0 mg/m³

5 mg/m³

 Ireland OEL - TWAs
 10 mg/m³

 4 mg/m³
 4 mg/m³

 OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:
 15 mg/m³

 Portugal OEL - TWA
 10 mg/m³

4 mg/m³

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 4 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Spain OEL - TWA 10 mg/m³

Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.

Austria OEL - MAKs 4 mg/m³

Microcrystalline cellulose

10 mg/m³ **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) Australia TWA** 10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ **Belgium OEL - TWA** 10 mg/m³ **Estonia OEL - TWA** 10 mg/m³ France OEL - TWA 10 mg/m³ Ireland OEL - TWAs 4 mg/m^3 2 mg/m³ Latvia OEL - TWA 15 mg/m³ **OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:** 10 mg/m³ Portugal OEL - TWA Romania OEL - TWA 10 mg/m³ Spain OEL - TWA 10 mg/m³

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

Engineering Controls: Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Refer to specific Member State legislation for requirements under Community environmental

legislation.

Personal Protective Equipment: Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal

protective equipment (PPE).

Hands: Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk

processing operations.

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

Skin: Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and

for bulk processing operations.

Respiratory protection: If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate

respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:Film-coated tabletsColor:VariousMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

Polymerization: Will not occur

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions. **Incompatible Materials:** As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 5 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Amlodipine besylate

Rat (M) Oral LD50 393 mg/kg Rat (F) Oral LD50 686 mg/kg

Microcrystalline cellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Amlodipine besylate

Eye Irritation Rabbit Severe
Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating
Skin Sensitization - GPMT Guinea Pig Negative

Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Amlodipine besylate

3 Month(s) Rat Oral 3 mg/kg/day NOAEL Adrenal gland, Heart

1 Month(s) Rat Oral 3.5 mg/kg/day LOEL Heart

1 Year(s) Rat Oral 2 mg/kg/day NOAEL Adrenal gland, Heart

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Olmesartan medoxomil

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Oral 1000 mg/kg/day NOAEL No effects at maximum dose

Amlodipine besylate

Fertility and Embryonic Development Rat Oral 25 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not teratogenic, Maternal toxicity Peri-/Postnatal Development Rat Oral 4 mg/kg/day NOAEL Fetotoxicity, Fetal mortality

Peri-/Postnatal Development Oral 4 mg/kg/day **NOAEL** Prenatal & Postnatal Development Rat Oral 25 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic Prenatal & Postnatal Development Not Teratogenic Rabbit 25 mg/kg/day NOAEL Oral

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Olmesartan medoxomil

In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vitro Cell Transformation Assay Hamster Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Hamster Positive

In Vitro Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Mouse Lymphoma Positive

In Vivo Micronucleus Mouse Bone Marrow Negative

D704440

PZ01449

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 6 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Amlodipine besylate

In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella, E. coli Negative

In Vivo Cytogenetics Mouse Bone Marrow Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Human Lymphocytes Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Olmesartan medoxomil

2 Year(s) Rat Oral, in feed 2000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic 6 Month(s) Mouse Oral, in feed 1000 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Amlodipine besylate

24 Month(s) Rat Oral, in feed 2.5 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic, No effects at maximum dose

24 Month(s) Mouse Oral, in feed 0.5 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.

IARC: Group 3 (Not Classifiable)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: The environmental characteristics of this material have not been fully evaluated. Releases to

the environment should be avoided. See Aquatic toxicity data of the active ingredient, below:

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Amlodipine besylate

Daphnia magna (Water Flea) OECD EC50 48 Hours 9.9 mg/L

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) OECD LC50 96 Hours 14 mg/L

Green algae OECD EbC50 72 Hours 0.28 mg/L Green Algae OECD ErC50 72 Hours > 0.91 mg/L

Aquatic Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that aquatic toxicity was not observed at the maximum

dose tested.

Bacterial Inhibition: (Inoculum, Method, End Point, Result)

Amlodipine besylate

Nostoc sp. (Freshwater Cyanobacteria) MIC 20 mg/L

Aspergillus Niger MIC > 100 mg/L Trichoderma viride MIC > 100 mg/L Clostridium perfingens MIC >100 mg/L Bacillus subtilis MIC 80 mg/L

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 7 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental

releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: Xn N

EU Indication of danger: Toxic to Reproduction: Category 3

Dangerous for the Environment

EU Risk Phrases:

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

EU Safety Phrases:

S22 - Do not breathe dust.

S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

\$53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S57 - Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

OSHA Label:

DANGER

Causes severe eye damage.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A

Material Name: Olmesartan medoxomil/Amlodipine besylate Page 8 of 8

Tablets

Revision date: 09-Mar-2012 Version: 1.1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION



Starch, pregelatinized

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentREACH - Annex IV - Exemptions from thePresent

obligations of Register:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 232-679-6

Silica colloidal, Ph. Eur.

Australia (AICS): Present

Croscarmellose sodium

Australia (AICS): Present

Microcrystalline cellulose

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Fresent

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

232-674-9

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Data Sources: Publicly available toxicity information. Safety data sheets for individual ingredients.

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 1 - Identification of the Substance/Preparation and the Company/Undertaking.

Prepared by: Product Stewardship Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

End of Safety Data Sheet