1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

PT WASP FREEZE II

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use
Recommended use*: insecticide

* The “Recommended use” identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a US Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
BASF CORPORATION
100 Park Avenue
Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Registrant:
Whitmire Micro-Gen Research Laboratories, Inc.
3568 Tree Court Industrial Blvd.
St. Louis, MO 63122

Other means of identification
Substance number: 597802
EPA Register number: 499-550
Synonyms: Prallethrin

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Asp. Tox.	1	Aspiration hazard

Label elements

Pictogram:

Signal Word:
Danger

Hazard Statement:

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P405	Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Emergency overview

CAUTION:
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
May cause moderate but temporary irritation to the eyes.
Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.
Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 1994 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
23031-36-9	0.1 %	Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
124-38-9	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %	carbon dioxide
64742-47-8	>= 95.0 %	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Proprietary ingredients

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:
First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm.

If on skin:
Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

If in eyes:
Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

If swallowed:
Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide,
If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure.

Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:
Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:
Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. A spill of or in excess of the reportable quantity requires notification to state, local and national emergency authorities. This product is not regulated by CERCLA ('Superfund').

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect against heat. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid extreme heat. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Suitable materials for containers: High density polyethylene (HDPE), Low density polyethylene (LDPE)

Storage stability:
May be kept indefinitely if stored properly.
If an expiry date is mentioned on the packaging/label this takes priority over the statements on storage duration in this safety data sheet.
Protect from temperatures above: 130 °F
Explosive at or above indicated temperature.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
carbon dioxide	OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV	PEL 5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3 ; TWA value 5,000 ppm ; STEL value 30,000 ppm ;
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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV	TWA value 200 mg/m3 Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. Skin Designation Non-aerosol (total hydrocarbon vapor); The substance can be absorbed through the skin.

Advice on system design:
Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:
Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	aerosol	
Odour:	characteristic, of petroleum distillate (e.g. gasoline, kerosene)	
Colour:	colourless	
pH value:	approx. 5.7	(23.7 °C)
Flammability of Aerosol Products:	> 18 in no flashback	(ASTM D 3065
NFPA 30B flammability:	Level 3 Aerosol	
Density:	approx. 0.8 g/cm3	(25 °C)
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):		not applicable
Thermal decomposition:	carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.	
Viscosity, dynamic:	2.32 cps	(21.6 °C)
Solubility in water:		dispersible

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:
Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Chemical stability
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
The product is chemically stable.

Conditions to avoid
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

Incompatible materials

strong oxidizing agents, alkali or alkaline-earth metal

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:
No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:
Possible thermal decomposition products:
carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide
Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity
Assessment of acute toxicity: Relatively nontoxic after single ingestion. Relatively nontoxic after short-term skin contact. Relatively nontoxic after short-term inhalation.

Oral
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat (female)
Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Inhalation
Type of value: LC50
Species: rat (male/female)
Value: > 2.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Dermal
Type of value: LD50
Species: rat (male/female)
Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Irritation / corrosion
Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight but temporary irritation to the eyes. May cause moderate irritation to the skin.

Skin
Species: rabbit
Result: moderately irritating

Eye
Species: rabbit
Result: Slightly irritating.

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Buehler test
Species: guinea pig
Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Genetic toxicity

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
Assessment of mutagenicity: Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
Assessment of carcinogenicity: Not carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
Assessment of reproduction toxicity: Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Teratogenicity

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
Assessment of teratogenicity: No indications of a developmental toxic / teratogenic effect were seen in animal studies.

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11., Further important symptoms and effects are so far not known.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
LC50 (96 h) 0.012 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss

Aquatic invertebrates

Information on: Cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, 2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methyl-1-propen-1-yl)-, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3-(2-propyn-1-yl)-2-cyclopenten-1-yl ester
EC50 (48 h) 0.0062 mg/l, daphnia
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13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:
Pesticide wastes are regulated. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:
Do not cut, puncture, crush, or incinerate empty aerosol containers. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Empty aerosol cans may meet the definition of RCRA D003. Consult local and/or regional EPA for further guidance.

14. Transport Information

Land transport
USDOT

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS (contains HYDROTREATED LIGHT DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM))

Sea transport
IMDG

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Marine pollutant:	NO
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS (contains HYDROTREATED LIGHT DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM))

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

Hazard class:	2.1
ID number:	UN 1950
Hazard label:	2.1
Proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE (contains HYDROTREATED LIGHT DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM))

Further information
DOT: This product may be classified as ORM-D (Consumer Commodity) or Limited Quantity. After 12/31/2020, ORM-D will not apply.

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical	TSCA, US	blocked / not listed
Crop Protection	TSCA, US	released / exempt

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Acute; Chronic; Fire; Sudden release of pressure

State regulations

State RTK	CAS Number	Chemical name
MA, NJ, PA	124-38-9	carbon dioxide
MA, NJ, PA	64742-47-8	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:
BASF NA Product Regulations
SDS Prepared on: 2014/08/11

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