# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# 1. Identification

Product identifier	Cyan to Purple Toner		
Other means of identification			
Product Code	PSE-3004-20		
Recommended use	Automotive Refinish Toner		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier	/Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name	Pro-Spray Automotive Finishes		
Address	Unit H, Normandy Lane, Stratt		
	Biggleswade, Bedfordshire SG United Kingdom	18 8QB United	Kingdom
Telephone	General Information	+44 (0) 1767	314320
Website	prosprayfinishes.com		
E-mail	colour@pro-spray.co.uk		
Emergency phone number	Office hours only	+44 (0) 1767	314320
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids		Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal		Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation		Category 3
	Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritat	tion	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity		Category 1B
	Carcinogenicity		Category 1B
	Reproductive toxicity		Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, s	ingle exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, r exposure	epeated	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic envir hazard	ronment, acute	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic envir long-term hazard	ronment,	Category 1
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.		

Label elements



Danger

Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	84.82% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 50.61% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 48.71% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 48.6% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	30 to <40
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	5 to <10
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	5 to <10
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 to <10
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
magnesium flouride		7783-40-6	1 to <5
n-butyl alcohol		71-36-3	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethybenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
2-methoxy-1-propanol acetate		70657-70-4	0.1 to <1
Aluminum		7429-90-5	0.1 to <1
chromium, elemental		7440-47-3	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable le	evels		20 to <30

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and elething during clean up. Do not break the mict or vapor. Do not touch

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Reep unnecessary personner away. Reep people away from and upwind of spil/leak. Eliminate an ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	PEL	2.5 mg/m3	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1	000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3 Dust.	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Lin	nt values	-				Бакис
Components		Туре		Val	ue	Form
		TWA		100	) ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5	)	TWA		1 m	ng/m3	Respirable fraction.
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)		TWA		0.5	mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		TWA		20	ppm	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)		TWA		2.5	mg/m3	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		STEL		200	) ppm	
123-00-4)		TWA		150	) ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)		TWA			ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		STEL		150	) ppm	
		TWA			) ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Ha	azards				
Components		Туре		Val	ue	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)		STEL		655	5 mg/m3	
<del>30-4</del> 7-0)				150	) ppm	
		TWA			5 mg/m3	
					) ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5	)	TWA			ng/m3	Respirable.
	,	1 1 1 1			ig/m3	Welding fume or
				511		pyrophoric powder.
				10	mg/m3	Total
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)		TWA		0.5	mg/m3	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		STEL		545	5 mg/m3	
					5 ppm	
		TWA			5 mg/m3	
					) ppm	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)		TWA			mg/m3	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		STEL		950	) mg/m3	
					) ppm	
		TWA		710	) mg/m3	
				150	) ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)		Ceilin	g	150	) mg/m3	
/				50	ppm	
US. Workplace Environmo	ental Exposure	Level (V Type		Val	ue	
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate	;	TWA			ppm	
(CAS 108-65-6)						
ogical limit values	no Indiaca					
ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	Value		Determinant	Specimen	Sampling 1	Time
	15 0/0		Methylhippuric	Creatinine in urine	*	
	1.5 g/g					
95-47-6)			acids Sum of		*	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g		Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic	Creatinine in urine	*	
95-47-6) Ethyl benzene (CAS			Sum of mandelic acid and	Creatinine in	*	

ACGIH Biological Exposu	ure Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
	2 mg/l	Fluoride	Urine	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ease see the source	document.		
posure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Ski	n designation			
1-Methoxy-2-propyl ac n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7 US - Minnesota Haz Subs	(1-36-3)	Can be	absorbed througe absorbed througe	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7	-		esignation applies	
US - Tennessee OELs: Si	,	OKIT OK	congriation applies	5.
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7 US NIOSH Pocket Guide	(1-36-3)		e absorbed throug	gh the skin.
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7	'1-36-3)	Can be	e absorbed throug	gh the skin.
opropriate engineering ntrols	changes per ho applicable, use maintain airbor established, ma	our) should be used. Ve process enclosures, lo ne levels below recomm	ntilation rates sho cal exhaust ventil nended exposure o an acceptable le	Bood general ventilation (typically 10 air buld be matched to conditions. If lation, or other engineering controls to limits. If exposure limits have not been evel. Eye wash facilities and emergency
dividual protection measure	es, such as person	al protective equipme	nt	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety gla	asses with side shields	(or goggles).	
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropria supplier.	ate chemical resistant gl	oves. Suitable gl	oves can be recommended by the glove
Other	Wear appropria	ate chemical resistant cl	othing.	
Respiratory protection	limits (where ap	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropria	ate thermal protective cl	othing, when nec	essary.
eneral hygiene nsiderations	after handling t		eating, drinking, a	nal hygiene measures, such as washing and/or smoking. Routinely wash work ints.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Blue to. Purple
Odor	Solvent.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling	258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated
Flash point	71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.4 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	7.5 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	13.01 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	797 °F (425 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	8.28 lbs/gal
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	69.16 %
Specific gravity	0.99
VOC	5.7 lbs/gal Material 5.7 lbs/gal Regulatory 686 g/l Material 686 g/l Regulatory

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.
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Components	Species	Test Results
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS	95-47-6)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	4600 ppm, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	4300 mg/kg
thyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral	i tut	
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
LDOU		
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
* Estimates for product ma	y be based on additional comp	ponent data not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irrita	tion.
rritation	,	
Respiratory or skin sensitiza	tion	
Respiratory sensitization		er.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expec	ted to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defec	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
	all Evaluation of Carcinogen	icity
1,2-Dimethybenzene	-	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
chromium, elemental		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
magnesium flouride (C		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	-7) ated Substances (29 CFR 19	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Contra Specifically Regul	ated Substances (23 CFR 19	10.1001-1000

Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
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Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2-Dimethybenzene (	CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Aluminum (CAS 7429-	-90-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/l, 96 hours
chromium, elemental (	CAS 7440-47-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.01 - 0.7 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	14.3 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 1	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7	'1-36-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-	-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-oc	stanol / water (log Kow)	
1,2-Dimethybenzene	3.12	
Ethyl benzene	3.15	
n-butyl acetate	1.78	
n-butyl alcohol	0.88	
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

# 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material (CYAN/PURPLE 230L 10095053, BYK P-104S 90207)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	11
Marine pollutant	Yes
•	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3Н
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	Allerined
Cargo aircraft only IMDG	Allowed.
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	







DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

## CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	Listed.
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)	Listed.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Listed.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

Not listed.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes
-	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - Yes
	Pressure Hazard - No
	Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

# SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 to <10	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5	
n-butyl alcohol	71-36-3	1 to <5	
1,2-Dimethybenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0.1 to <1	
chromium, elemental	7440-47-3	0.1 to <1	

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

# Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

#### **US state regulations**

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) 2-methoxy-1-propanol acetate (CAS 70657-70-4) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004	
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009	

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-30-2015
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
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