A Quest Automotive Brand

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Viola Fantasy

Other means of identification

Product Code PSE-1010-20

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Toner Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Pro-Spray Automotive Finishes Limited

Unit H, Normandy Lane, Stratton Business Park **Address**

Biggleswade, Bedfordshire SG18 8QB United Kingdom

United Kingdom

General Information +44 (0) 1767 314320 Telephone

Website prosprayfinishes.com E-mail colour@pro-spray.co.uk

Office hours only **Emergency phone number** +44 (0) 1767 314320

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 1

> Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards

Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 1

Category 3

Material name: Viola Fantasy SDS US 1 / 13

PSE-1010-20 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-17-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

Supplemental information 85.6% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 53.13% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 51.75% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 51.54% of the

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------|
| n-butyl acetate | | 123-86-4 | 30 to <40 |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate | | 108-65-6 | 5 to <10 |
| light aromatic solvent naphtha | | 64742-95-6 | 5 to <10 |
| Silicon dioxide | | 7631-86-9 | 5 to <10 |
| Xylene | | 1330-20-7 | 5 to <10 |
| Ethyl benzene | | 100-41-4 | 1 to <5 |
| n-butyl alcohol | | 71-36-3 | 1 to <5 |
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene | | 95-47-6 | 0.1 to <1 |
| 2-methoxy-1-propanol acetate | | 70657-70-4 | 0.1 to <1 |
| heavy alkylate naphtha | | 64741-65-7 | 0.1 to <1 |
| Titanium dioxide | | 13463-67-7 | 0.1 to <1 |
| Other components below reportable le | evels | | 30 to <40 |

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact

advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Material name: Viola Fantasy SDS US 2 / 13 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Material name: Viola Fantasy SDS US

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|-------------|
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) | PEL | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) | PEL | 435 mg/m3 | |
| ŕ | | 100 ppm | |
| heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7) | PEL | 400 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 100 ppm | |
| n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | PEL | 710 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 150 ppm | |
| n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | PEL | 300 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 100 ppm | |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | PEL | 15 mg/m3 | Total dust. |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | PEL | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.100 | 0) | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) | TWA | 0.8 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 20 mppcf | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) | STEL | 150 ppm | |

| Components | Туре | Value | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| Ethyl benzene (CAS | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| 100-41-4) | IVVA | 20 μμπ | |
| n-butyl acetate (CAS | STEL | 200 ppm | |
| 123-86-4) | | • | |
| | TWA | 150 ppm | |
| n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | TWA | 20 ppm | |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | |
| 13463-67-7) | OTEL | 450 | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | STEL | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 100 ppm | |
| JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen | | | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) | STEL | 655 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| | TWA | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | | 100 ppm | |
| Ethyl benzene (CAS | STEL | 545 mg/m3 | |
| 100-41-4) | | 125 ppm | |
| | TWA | 435 mg/m3 | |
| | IWA | 100 ppm | |
| neavy alkylate naphtha | TWA | 400 mg/m3 | |
| CAS 64741-65-7) | IVVA | 400 mg/ms | |
| , e, i.e e ii i i ee i , | | 100 ppm | |
| n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | STEL | 950 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| | TWA | 710 mg/m3 | |
| | | 150 ppm | |
| n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) | Ceiling | 150 mg/m3 | |
| | | 50 ppm | |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) | TWA | 6 mg/m3 | |
| JS. Workplace Environmental Exp | oosure Level (WEEL) Guides | | |
| Components | Type | Value | |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate | TWA | 50 ppm | |

(CAS 108-65-6) **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time | |
|----------------------------------|----------|---|---------------------|---------------|--|
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) | 1.5 g/g | Methylhippuric acids | Creatinine in urine | * | |
| Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) | 0.15 g/g | Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid | Creatinine in urine | * | |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) | 1.5 g/g | Methylhippuric acids | Creatinine in urine | * | |

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

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US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Can be absorbed through the skin. n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye/face protection

Skin protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove Hand protection

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Liquid. Physical state Liquid. **Form** Color Not available.

Odor Solvent. Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. pН

-108.4 °F (-78 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling 258.98 °F (126.1 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 71.6 °F (22.0 °C) estimated

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.4 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

7.5 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

11.51 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

797 °F (425 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 8.35 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 64.44 %

Specific gravity 1

VOC 5.4 lbs/gal Material

5.4 lbs/gal Regulatory 644 g/l Material 644 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of nazardou

Conditions to avoid

reactions

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

toxicological characteristics cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.

Components Species Test Results

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 4600 ppm, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 4300 mg/kg

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Species Components **Test Results**

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 61 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

Rat LD50 > 25 ml/kg

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 3400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 790 mg/kg

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg Rat > 22500 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

> Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Causes skin irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Components | | Species | Test Results |
|------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene (| CAS 95-47-6) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Ethyl benzene (CAS 1 | 00-41-4) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours |
| heavy alkylate naphtha | a (CAS 64741-65-7 | () | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia pulex) | 2.7 - 5.1 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | | 8.8 mg/l, 96 hours |
| n-butyl acetate (CAS 1 | 23-86-4) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) | 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours |
| n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7 | 1-36-3) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | 1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS | 13463-67-7) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Water flea (Daphnia magna) | > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus) | > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours |
| Xylene (CAS 1330-20- | -7) | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) | 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours |

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

| 1,2-Dimethybenzene | 3.12 |
|--------------------|------|
| Ethyl benzene | 3.15 |
| n-butyl acetate | 1.78 |
| n-butyl alcohol | 0.88 |

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

3.12 - 3.2**Xylene**

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Paint, Paint Related Material

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es) Class

3 Subsidiary risk Packing group П **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3H

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint, Paint Related Material

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)Listed.Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)Listed.n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)Listed.n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)Listed.Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. | |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 5 to <10 | |
| Ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 | 1 to <5 | |
| n-butyl alcohol | 71-36-3 | 1 to <5 | |
| 1,2-Dimethybenzene | 95-47-6 | 0.1 to <1 | |

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-methoxy-1-propanol acetate (CAS 70657-70-4)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

heavy alkylate naphtha (CAS 64741-65-7)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002 Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

Material name: Viola Fantasy SDS US 12 / 13

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) **US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin**Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | No |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | No |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | No |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances | No |

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 04-17-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.

No

Material name: Viola Fantasy sps us