

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

No. 0/1/2/3/3V

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name : No. 0/1/2/3/3V

Material uses : Petroleum lubricating oil
Supplier/Manufacturer : LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co.

129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

Validation date : 9/7/2011.

Prepared by : Atrion Regulatory Services, Inc.

In case of emergency : CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

## 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [oil [Transparent]]

Color : Amber.
Odor : Mineral oil.

**Emergency overview** 

Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR

REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

Precautions : Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready

for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Severely irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

9/7/2011. United States/Canada 1/10

## 2. Hazards identification

## Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion : No specific data.

**Skin**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Eyes**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **United States**

Name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	60-100
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	30-60
Kerosine (petroleum)	8008-20-6	10-30
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	12001-85-3	1-5

#### **Canada**

Name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	60-100
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	30-60
Kerosine (petroleum)	8008-20-6	10-30
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	12001-85-3	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

attention immediately.

9/7/2011. United States/Canada 2/10

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

#### First aid measures 4.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### Fire-fighting measures 5.

**Flammability of the product**: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Extinguishing media** 

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

Suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### **Methods for cleaning up**

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

9/7/2011. United States/Canada 3/10

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **United States**

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).
, , ,	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
Kerosine (petroleum)	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
	TWA: 100 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hour(s).

#### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (	TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling				
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Kerosine (petroleum), as total hydrocarbon vapor	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-		[1]
Kerosine (petroleum), as total hydrocarbon vapour	AB 4/2009	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	[1]
	BC 9/2010	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	[1]
Kerosine (petroleum), as total hydrocarbon	ON 7/2010	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	[1] [a]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
, ,	ON 7/2010	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
-	ON 7/2010 QC 6/2008	-	5 5	-	-	10 10	- -	-	-	<u>-</u>	[c] [c]

[1]Absorbed through skin.

Form: [a]vapour [b]Inhalable fraction [c]mist

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

**Engineering measures** 

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Personal protection** 

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eyes** 

 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [oil [Transparent]]

Flash point : Open cup: 174 to 213°C (345.2 to 415.4°F) [Cleveland.]

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 182 to 227°C (359.6 to 440.6°F)

Flammable limits : Lower: 0.9%

Upper: 7%: Amber.

Color : Amber.

Odor : Mineral oil.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : >288°C (>550.4°F)

Melting/freezing point : Pour point: -51 to -32°C (-59.8 to -25.6°F)

Relative density : 0.87

**Density** : Not available.

Vapor pressure : <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg)

Vapor density : >5 [Air = 1]

9/7/2011. United States/Canada 5/10

No. 0/1/2/3/3V

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Odor threshold : Not available.

**Evaporation rate** : <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)

Viscosity : Not available.

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

LogK<sub>ow</sub>: Not available.

Physical/chemical: Kinematic viscosity (100°C (212°F)): 0.02 to 0.092 cm²/s (2 to 9.2 cSt)

properties comments

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# 11. Toxicological information

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	LD50 Oral	Rat	4920 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2180 mg/m3	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### **Chronic toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kerosine (petroleum)	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Sensitizer**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Kerosine (petroleum)	A3	-	-	-	-	-

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

# 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	Acute EC50 4.6 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.53 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\*: Packing group

# 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

**HCS Classification** 

: Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) IUR: Partial exemption

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Kerosine (petroleum); Distillates

(petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Kerosine (petroleum): Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthenic acids, zinc salts

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 :

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	12001-85-3	1-5

No. 0/1/2/3/3V

# 15. Regulatory information

Supplier notification Naphthenic acids, zinc salts 12001-85-3 1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,

HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC; KEROSINE

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: KEROSENE; FUEL OIL #1; ZINC compounds **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: KEROSINE (PETROLEUM); ZINC COMPOUNDS

Not available.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Zinc

**CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed. Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons** 

**Convention List Schedule I** 

Chemicals

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

II Chemicals

: Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule** 

**III Chemicals** 

: Not listed

#### Other information 16.

**Label requirements** 

CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material** Information System (U.S.A.)



## 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

**Date of issue** : 9/7/2011.

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation.

Version :

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.