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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Pfizer Inc
Pfizer Inc
Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group
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Emergency telephone number: Emergency telephone number:

Material Name: Norethisterone & Mestranol Tablets

Trade Name: Norinyl Chemical Family: Mixture

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product used as oral contraceptive.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Mestranol	72-33-3	200-777-8	0.1
Corn Starch	9005-25-8	232-679-6	*
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	209-150-3	*
Norethindrone Acetate	51-98-9	200-132-0	2

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS List	%
Lactose Monohydrate	64044-51-5	Not listed	*
Povidone	9003-39-8	Not listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: White, pink tablets

Signal Word: DANGER

Statement of Hazard: May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Additional Hazard Information:

Short Term: Not acutely toxic (based on components). May be absorbed through the skin and cause

systemic effects.

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Long Term: Repeat-dose studies in animals have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on

reproductive system, the developing fetus. Occupational studies have shown that males working with estrogen-like compounds have shown clinical signs of hyperestrogenism including enlarged breasts and milk secretion. Loss of libido, breast tenderness, and changes in sex hormone levels have also occurred. Occupational exposure in females has resulted in menstrual irregularities (breakthrough bleeding, menstrual flow changes, spotting and

amenorrhea).

Known Clinical Effects: Clinical use of this drug has caused menstrual irregularities, changes in cervical erosion and

secretion, yellowing of the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes (jaundice), depressive mood,

weight changes, breast enlargement, breast pain, breast development in males

(gynecomastia), nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramping, fluid retention, changes in sexual desire (libido), loss of hair, mental depression. Cardiovascular (blood clotting irregularities) and ocular (optic neuritis) effects have also been reported. The use of oral contraceptives is associated with increased risks of myocardial infarction, thromboembolism, stroke, hepatic

neoplasia, and gallbladder disease.

EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 1

Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

EU Hazard Symbols:



EU Risk Phrases:

R45 - May cause cancer. R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

require the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get

medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If irritation occurs or persists,

get medical attention. This material may not be completely removed by conventional

laundering. Consult professional laundry service. Do not home launder.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: May include oxides of carbon.

Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear approved positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective turn

out gear.

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Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not determined

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see

Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental

Protections:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to

avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large

Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Avoid generating airborne dust. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid

breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes.

Storage Conditions: Store away from direct sunlight. Protect from moisture.

< 25 °C **Storage Temperature:**

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Mestranol

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: $0.1 \, \text{ug/m}^3$

Corn Starch

 $= 15 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:** total

 $= 5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)** $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$ **Australia TWA** $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Magnesium stearate

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) = 10 mg/m³ TWA except stearates of toxic metals

Australia TWA $= 10 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ TWA}$

Norethindrone Acetate

0.8 ug/m3, Skin Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr:

The exposure limit(s) listed for solid components are only relevant if dust may be generated.

Analytical Method: Analytical method available for Mestranol, Norethindrone Acetate. Contact Pfizer Inc for

further information.

Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. Good **Engineering Controls:**

general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Hands: Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective gloves when working with

large quantities.

Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is Eyes:

possible.

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Skin: Not required for the normal use of this product. Wear protective clothing when working with

large quantities.

Respiratory protection: Not required for the normal use of this product. If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit

(OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control

exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical State:TabletColor:White, pinkMolecular Formula:MixtureMolecular Weight:Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use. **Conditions to Avoid:** None for the normal use of this material

Incompatible Materials: No data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Norethindrone Acetate

Rat Oral LD50 > 5010 mg/kg Mouse Oral LD50 > 5010 mg/kg

Mestranol

Rat Oral LD 50 >10 g/kg

Lactose Monohydrate

Rat Oral LD 50 29700 mg/kg

Magnesium stearate

Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m³

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Mestranol

30 Day(s) Rat Oral 300 mg/kg LOAEL Blood, Thymus

Reproduction & Development Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Norethindrone Acetate

Embryo / Fetal Development Rat No route specified 1 mg/kg/day LOEL Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse No route specified 0.5 mg/kg/day LOEL Teratogenic Embryo / Fetal Development No route specified 3.5 mg/kg/day **NOAEL** Not Teratogenic Rat

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Mestranol

Reproductive & Fertility Mouse Oral 0.05 mg/kg/day LOEL Embryotoxicity, Not teratogenic Reproductive & Fertility Dog Oral 5 mg/kg/day LOEL Embryotoxicity, Not Teratogenic

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Norethindrone Acetate

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vitro Chromosome Aberration Human Lymphocytes Positive

In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Human Lymphocytes Negative

In Vivo Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Rat Hepatocyte Positive

In Vivo Direct DNA Damage Mouse Negative

Mestranol

In Vitro Cytogenetics Positive
Chromosome Aberration Positive
Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Positive

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Norethindrone Acetate

2 Year(s) Male Rat Oral 3-4 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Liver

2 Year(s) Female Rat Oral 3-4 mg/kg/day LOEL Tumors, Female reproductive system

104 Week(s) Male Rat Intramuscular 10 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Mammary gland, Liver, Endocrine system

104 Week(s) Female Rat Intramuscular 10 mg/kg/day LOEL Malignant tumors, Liver, Mammary gland

Mestranol

74 Week(s) Mouse Oral 10-12.5 ug/day LOEL Tumors, Female reproductive system

8 Month(s) Male Mouse Oral 0.1 mg/kg/day LOEL Tumors, Mammary gland

4.5-5 Year(s) Female Dog No route specified 0.02 mg/kg/day NOEL Tumors, Mammary gland

Carcinogen Status: See below

Norethindrone Acetate

IARC: Group 2B
NTP: Listed
OSHA: Present

Povidone

IARC: Group 3

Mestranol

IARC: Group 1
NTP: Listed
OSHA: Present

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: The environmental characteristics of this material have not been fully evaluated. Releases to

the environment should be avoided.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Procedures: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol:

EU Indication of danger: Carcinogenic: Category 1

Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

EU Risk Phrases:

R45 - May cause cancer. R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

EU Safety Phrases:

S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45 - In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label

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where possible).

S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Schedule 4

OSHA Label:

DANGER

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A



Mestranol

California Proposition 65

carcinogen, initial date 4/1/88 developmental toxicity, initial date 4/1/90 (when mixed with Norethisterone) Present

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling for Drugs and Poisons:

Australia (AICS):

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EU EINECS List 200-777-8

Corn Starch

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS List

XU

Present
232-679-6

Lactose Monohydrate

Australia (AICS): Present

Magnesium stearate

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)PresentAustralia (AICS):PresentEU EINECS List209-150-3

Povidone

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Present

Norethindrone Acetate

California Proposition 65 developmental toxicity, initial date 10/1/91

Australia (AICS): Present EU EINECS List 200-132-0

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 3 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures.

Updated Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 13 - Disposal

Considerations.

Prepared by: Toxicology and Hazard Communication

Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety

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End of Safety Data Sheet