

1. Identification

Product identifier Molybdate Reagent
Product code R-0601
Recommended use Use as directed by manufacturer for purposes directly related to water testing.
Recommended restrictions None known
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Taylor Technologies, Inc.
Address 31 Loveton Circle
 Sparks, MD 21152
 United States
Telephone (410) 472-4340 Monday—Friday, 8:00 a.m.—4:30 p.m.
Website www.taylortechnologies.com
E-mail Not available
Emergency phone number (800) 837-8548

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Corrosive to metals Category 1
Health hazards Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4
 Eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 2
 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards Not currently regulated by OSHA; refer to section 12 of the SDS for additional information.

Label elements



Signal word Danger
Hazard statement May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause damage to the heart and lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statement
Prevention Keep only in original container. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Response Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 Immediately call a physician or poison control center if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a physician or poison control center.

Storage

Store in corrosive-resistant container with a corrosive-resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified None

Supplemental information None

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Deionized water	Dihydrogen oxide	7732-18-5	90–99
Sulfuric acid	Hydrogen sulfate; Oil of vitriol	7664-93-9	5–10
Disodium molybdate	Molybdic acid, disodium salt	7631-95-0	0.1–5

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by physician. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause corrosive skin burns, deep ulcerations, and possibly permanent scarring. Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause severe respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Inhalation could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus, and possibly the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, or bleeding.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to the heart and lungs.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Immediate medical attention is required.

General information

Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Foam. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Firefighting equipment/instructions

Firefighters should wear full protective gear. Evacuate the area promptly. Fight fire from upwind to avoid exposure to combustion products. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Do not get water inside container. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Prevent fire-extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Not combustible; however, the product can react with metals to form flammable and explosive hydrogen gas.

Hazardous combustion products

Sulfur oxides. Other irritating fumes and smoke.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during cleanup. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Ventilate the area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Dike the spilled material where this is possible. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth, and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for reuse. For waste disposal, refer to section 13 of the SDS. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product.

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, watercourses, or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Keep away from heat and other incompatibles. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Label containers appropriately.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****U.S. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)	PEL	5 mg/m ³	as Mo
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	PEL	1 mg/m ³	Not applicable

U.S. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction as Mo
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³	Thoracic fraction

U.S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s)

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures,
such as personal protective
equipment**

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Provide an emergency eyewash fountain and quick-drench shower in the immediate work area.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves. Advice should be sought from glove suppliers.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical-resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fumes at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection suppliers.
Thermal hazards	When necessary, wear appropriate thermal protective clothing.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contamination.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Clear, colorless
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	0.8
Melting point/freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	215°F (101.7°C)
Flash point	Not applicable (does not burn)
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit, lower (%)	Not applicable
Flammability limit, upper (%)	Not applicable
Explosive limit, lower (%)	Not applicable
Explosive limit, upper (%)	Not applicable
Vapor pressure	17 mm Hg
Vapor density	0.6
Relative density	1.05 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Soluble in all proportions
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not applicable
Oxidizing properties	Not applicable

Percent volatile	99%
Specific gravity	1.05

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	This product is stable and nonreactive under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May react violently with water. May ignite combustible material.
Conditions to avoid	High temperatures. Direct sources of heat. Exposure to light. Direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
Incompatible materials	Metal compounds. Oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	None known. For hazardous combustion products, refer to section 5 of the SDS.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct skin contact may cause corrosive skin burns, deep ulcerations, and possibly permanent scarring. Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Inhalation of mists can cause severe respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Inhalation could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed. Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus, and possibly the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, or bleeding. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to the heart and lungs.

Acute toxicity

Product	Species	Test Results
Molybdate Reagent (CAS Mixture)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rabbit	Not available
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC ₅₀	Rat	1.39 mg/L, 4 hours (mist)
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rat	7958 mg/kg
Components	Species	Test Results
Disodium molybdate (CAS 7631-95-0)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rabbit	Not available
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC ₅₀	Rat	>2080 mg/m ³ , 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rat	4000 mg/kg
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rabbit	Not available

<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC ₅₀	Rat	0.375 mg/L, 4 hours (mist)
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rat	2140 mg/kg
Deionized water (CAS 7732-18-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rabbit	Not available
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC ₅₀	Rat	Not available
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rat	>89840 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes severe eye damage	
Respiratory sensitization	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer	
Skin sensitization	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not expected to be mutagenic	
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA, or U.S. ACGIH. Occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans. The information located is insufficient to conclude that sulfuric acid itself is a carcinogen. IARC has concluded there is sufficient evidence that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). ACGIH has designated strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid as A2 (suspected human carcinogen). NTP has listed strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid as a known human carcinogen. These classifications are for inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid and do not apply to sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions.	

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Aspiration toxicity	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard
Chronic effects	Frequent or prolonged overexposure may affect the heart and lungs.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous; however, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) – Aquatic		
Acute		
<i>Algae</i>		
EC ₅₀	Green algae (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>)	>100 mg/L, 72 hours
<i>Crustacea</i>		
EC ₅₀	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	29 mg/L, 24 hours
<i>Fish</i>		
LC ₅₀	Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>)	16–28 mg/L, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	Not available	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available	
Mobility in soil	Not available	

Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g., ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.
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13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose of in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion with the user, the producer, and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues/unused products	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (refer to Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste-handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transportation information

DOT

UN number	UN3264
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Label(s)	8
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27
Packaging exceptions	154
Packaging, non-bulk	202
Packaging, bulk	241

IATA

UN number	UN3264
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	Not listed
ERG code	8L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed

IMDG

UN number	UN3264
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, N.O.S. (Sulfuric acid)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Not listed
EmS	F-A, S-B
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.
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DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

U.S. federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory list.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4)

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 1000 lbs.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096)

Not regulated

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate hazard — yes
Delayed hazard — no
Fire hazard — no
Pressure hazard — no
Reactivity hazard — no

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (lb.)	Threshold planning quantity (lb.)	Threshold planning quantity lower value	Threshold planning quantity upper value
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1000	1000	Not applicable	Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Not regulated

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by weight
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	5–10

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Not regulated

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 20% W/V

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated

U.S. state regulations**California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)**

Not regulated

Massachusetts Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Rhode Island Right-to-Know Act

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/carcinogenic substance

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) This product is not an inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid; therefore, the Proposition 65 statement does not apply.

International inventories

Country(ies) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	no
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC)	yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	no
Japan	Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)	yes

*A "yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(ies).

A "no" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(ies).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**List of abbreviations**

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
 CAA: Clean Air Act
 CAS: Chemical Abstract Services
 CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
 CSA: Canadian Standards Association
 DEA: Drug Enforcement Agency
 DOT: Department of Transportation
 DSL: Domestic Substances List
 EC: effective concentration
 ECL: Existing Chemicals List
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency
 HAP: hazardous air pollutants
 HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System
 HNOC: hazards not otherwise classified
 HPA: Hazardous Products Act
 HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA: International Air Transport Association
 IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
 IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
 LC: lethal concentration
 LD: lethal dose
 MARPOL: marine pollution
 MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration
 NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
 NFPA: National Fire Protection Association
 NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
 NOEC: no observable effect concentration
 NTP: National Toxicology Program
 NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
 OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 OEL: occupational exposure limits
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 PEL: permissible exposure limits
 PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
 PPE: personal protective equipment
 RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
 Act RQ: reportable quantity
 RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
 RTK: right to know
 SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
 SDS: Safety Data Sheet
 SDWA: Safe Drinking Water Act
 STEL: short-term exposure limit
 TLV: threshold limit values
 TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
 TWA: time-weighted average
 VOC: volatile organic compounds
 WEL: workplace exposure limit

Disclaimer

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