

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014 Version: 2.0 Page 1 of 9

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Trade Name: CYTOTEC; MISODEX

Chemical Family: Mixture

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product for the treatment of ulcers

Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Pfizer Inc
Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Group
235 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

1-800-879-3477

Emergency telephone number:

CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300

Contact E-Mail:

ours): 1-800-424-9300

Contact E-Mail: pfizer-MSDS@pfizer.com This

e-mail address should not be used to report suspected adverse events.

Pfizer Ltd

Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NJ

United Kingdom +00 44 (0)1304 616161

Emergency telephone number:

International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS - Classification

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1A

EU Classification:

EU Indication of danger: Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

EU Risk Phrases:

R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

Label Elements

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all local and national regulations

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Page 2 of 9

Version: 2.0



Other Hazards
Australian Hazard Classification
(NOHSC):

No data available

Hazardous Substance. Non-Dangerous Goods.

Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which

requires the inclusion of all known hazards of the product or its ingredients regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warning included may not apply in all cases.

Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
Misoprostol	59122-46-2	Not Listed	T;R25 Repr.Cat.1;R60-61	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Repr.1A (H360FD)	<1%
Microcrystalline cellulose	9004-34-6	232-674-9	Not Listed	Not Listed	*

Ingredient	CAS Number	EU EINECS/ELINCS List	EU Classification	GHS Classification	%
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose	9004-65-3	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*
Sodium starch glycolate	9063-38-1	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	*

Additional Information: * Proprietary

Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace

safety.

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has

been withheld as a trade secret.

For the full text of the R phrases and CLP/GHS abbreviations mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation occurs or persists, get

medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and thorougly wash skin with soap or mild detergent

and water. If irritation occurs or persists, get medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not

induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Version: 2.0

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms and Effects of For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards

Exposure: Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Medical Conditions None known

Aggravated by Exposure:

Indication of the Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

Notes to Physician: None

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Extinguish fires with CO2, extinguishing powder, foam, or water.

Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide and oxides of nitrogen.

Products:

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Not applicable

Advice for Fire-Fighters

During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure. Avoid dust formation.

Environmental Precautions

Collecting:

Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Measures for Cleaning / Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that

controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of

dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Additional Consideration for

Large Spills:

Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency

situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

Specific end use(s): Pharmaceutical drug product

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets Page 4 of 9 Revision date: 27-Oct-2014 Version: 2.0

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Misoprostol

Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: $0.7 \mu g/m^{3}$

Microcrystalline cellulose

ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA) 10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ **Australia TWA Belgium OEL - TWA** 10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ **Estonia OEL - TWA** 10 mg/m³ France OEL - TWA 10 mg/m³ Ireland OEL - TWAs 4 mg/m³ 2 mg/m³ Latvia OEL - TWA **OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:** 15 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ Portugal OEL - TWA **Romania OEL - TWA** 10 mg/m³ Russia OEL - TWA 6 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ Spain OEL - TWA **Switzerland OEL -TWAs** 3 mg/m^3

> 10 mg/m³ 5 mg/m³

Exposure Controls

Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General **Engineering Controls:**

room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne

contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Personal Protective

Vietnam OEL - TWAs

Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal protective equipment (PPE). **Equipment:**

Hands: Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk

processing operations.

Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible. Eves:

Skin: Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and

for bulk processing operations.

If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate Respiratory protection:

respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

White to off-white **Physical State:** Tablet Color: Odor: No data available. **Odor Threshold:** No data available.

Molecular Formula: Mixture **Molecular Weight:** Mixture

Solvent Solubility: No data available Water Solubility: No data available No data available. No data available Melting/Freezing Point (°C): **Boiling Point (°C):** No data available.

Partition Coefficient: (Method, pH, Endpoint, Value)

Misoprostol No data available

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets Page 5 of 9
Revision date: 27-Oct-2014 Version: 2.0

Volume 1

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Microcrystalline cellulose

No data available

Sodium starch glycolate

No data available

Hydrogenated castor oil

No data available

Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose

No data available

Decomposition Temperature (°C): No data available.

Evaporation Rate (Gram/s):

Vapor Pressure (kPa):

Vapor Density (g/ml):

Relative Density:

No data available

Flammablity:

Autoignition Temperature (Solid) (°C):

Flammability (Solids):

Flash Point (Liquid) (°C):

Upper Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.):

Lower Explosive Limits (Liquid) (% by Vol.):

No data available
No data available
No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Oxidizing Properties: No data available Conditions to Avoid: Not determined

Incompatible Materials: As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

Hazardous Decomposition Haz

Products:

Hazardous combustion products may include oxides of carbon, nitrogen

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

General Information: The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual

ingredients.

Short Term: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause mild skin irritation (based on animal data). May cause

stomach irritation, diarrhea, nausea, or vomiting.

Long Term: Animal studies indicate that this material may cause adverse effects on the liver and

gastrointestinal system.

Known Clinical Effects: Ingestion of this material may cause effects similar to those seen in clinical use including

effects on gastrointestinal disturbances and abdominal pain. Drugs of this class may cause menstrual irregularities, cramps, pain, postmenopausal menstrual bleeding, miscarriage, uterine rupture, bleeding and death. Miscarriages have been seen in pregnant women taking

this drug. May cause adverse effects on the developing fetus.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

Misoprostol

Rat Oral LD 50 81 mg/kg

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Version: 2.0

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Rat Inhalation LC 50 > 1.43mg/L Mouse Oral LD 50 27mg/kg

Microcrystalline cellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose

Rat Oral LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable

at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Misoprostol

Skin Irritation Rabbit Mild

Microcrystalline cellulose

Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Misoprostol

4 Week(s) Liver, Blood Dog Intravenous 10 μg/kg/day LOEL 13 Week(s) Oral LOEL Gastrointestinal system Rat 120 µg/kg/day 13 Week(s) Oral 30 µg/kg/day LOEL Gastrointestinal system Dog 1 Year(s) Oral 160 µg/kg/day LOEL Gastrointestinal system Rat 1 Year(s) Oral 30 ug/kg/day LOEL Gastrointestinal system Dog

Reproduction & Developmental Toxicity: (Study Type, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Misoprostol

Reproductive & Fertility Rat Oral 10 mg/kg/day LOAEL Fertility

Embryo / Fetal Development 1 mg/kg/day Rabbit Oral LOAEL Embryotoxicity Embryo / Fetal Development Mouse Oral 30 mg/kg LOAEL Embryotoxicity Embryo / Fetal Development Not Teratogenic Rabbit Oral 1 mg/kg/day NOAEL Embryo / Fetal Development Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not Teratogenic Rat

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Misoprostol

Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella Negative

In Vitro Mouse Lymphoma Negative Sister Chromatid Exchange Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Misoprostol

21 Month(s) Mouse Oral 16 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic 24 Month(s) Rat Oral 2.4 mg/kg/day NOAEL Not carcinogenic

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

P700195

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Version: 2.0

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014 Version: 2

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: No harmful effects to aquatic organisms are expected.

Toxicity:

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Misoprostol

Daphnia LC-50 48 Hours > 932.5 mg/L

Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout) LC-50 72 Hours > 26.4 mg/L Skeletonema costatum (Marine Diatom) ErC50 72 Hours > 104 mg/L

Skeletonema costatum (Marine Diatom) NOEC 26.5 mg/L

Aquatic Toxicity Comments: A greater than (>) symbol indicates that acute ecotoxicity was not observed at the maximum

solubility. Since the substance is insoluble in aqueous solutions above this concentration, an

acute ecotoxicity value (i.e. LC/EC50) is not achievable.

Persistence and Degradability: No data available

Bio-accumulative Potential: No data available

Mobility in Soil: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State

specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental

releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Page 8 of 9

Version: 2.0

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications WHMIS hazard class:

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A



Misoprostol

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting Not Listed

California Proposition 65 developmental toxicity initial date 4/1/90

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List Not Listed

Microcrystalline cellulose

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Not Listed

Present

Present

REACH - Annex XVII - Restrictions on CertainUse restricted. See item 9[f]. powder

Dangerous Substances:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List 232-674-9

Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling

Not Listed

Not Listed

Present

Present

Schedule 4

for Drugs and Poisons:

EU EINECS/ELINCS List Not Listed

Sodium starch glycolate

CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting

California Proposition 65

Inventory - United States TSCA - Sect. 8(b)

Australia (AICS):

EU EINECS/ELINCS List

Not Listed

Not Listed

Not Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases and GHS Classification abbreviations mentioned in Section 3

Acute toxicity, oral-Cat.3; H301 - Toxic if swallowed

Reproductive toxicity-Cat.1A; H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Material Name: Misoprostol Tablets Page 9 of 9
Revision date: 27-Oct-2014 Version: 2.0

Toxic to reproduction: Category 1

T - Toxic

Prepared by:

R25 - Toxic if swallowed. R60 - May impair fertility.

R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.

Data Sources: Publicly available toxicity information. Safety data sheets for individual ingredients. Pfizer

proprietary drug development information.

Reasons for Revision: Updated Section 1 - Identification of the Substance/Preparation and the Company/Undertaking.

Updated Section 2 - Hazard Identification. Updated Section 3 - Composition / Information on

Ingredients. Updated Section 7 - Handling and Storage. Updated Section 8 - Exposure

Controls / Personal Protection. Updated Section 12 - Ecological Information.

Revision date: 27-Oct-2014

Product Stewardship Hazard Communication
Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations

Pfizer Inc believes that the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time.

End of Safety Data Sheet
