

### **Safety Data Sheet**

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### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Aerospace Sealant AC-665 C-12 PMF

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

70-0052-0360-2, 70-0052-0679-5

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

For industrial or professional use only., Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** Aerospace and Commercial Transportation Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 3. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B. Carcinogenicity: Category 1A.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Signal word

Danger

### **Symbols**

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

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#### **Pictograms**



#### **Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause cancer. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Causes damage to organs:

kidney/urinary tract |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system | respiratory system | sensory organs |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: kidney/urinary tract |

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### **Prevention:**

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### **Response:**

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

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#### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

59% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	68611-50-7	55 - 65
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	15 - 20
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	2 - 8 Trade Secret *
CALCIUM CHROMATE	13765-19-0	2 - 8 Trade Secret *
TOLUENE	108-88-3	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	1 - 5
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	7789-06-2	0.5 - 1 Trade Secret *
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	9003-35-4	0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret *
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	<= 0.2 Trade Secret *
DIPHENYLGUANIDINE	102-06-7	0.1 - 0.2 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN	25085-99-8	0.01 - 0.1 Trade Secret *
ZINC OXIDE	1314-13-2	< 0.02

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

### **Eye Contact:**

No need for first aid is anticipated.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

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In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

**Substance Condition** Formaldehyde **During Combustion** Carbon monoxide **During Combustion** Carbon dioxide **During Combustion** 

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
TOLUENE	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
TOLUENE	108-88-3	CMRG	STEL:75 ppm	Skin Notation
TOLUENE	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	CMRG	TWA:2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	OSHA	TWA:2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	ACGIH	CEIL:2 mg/m3	
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	OSHA	CEIL(as Mn):5 mg/m3	
MANGANESE, INORGANIC	1313-13-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Mn, inhalable	A4: Not class. as human
COMPOUNDS			fraction):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as	carcin
			Mn, respirable fraction):0.02	
			mg/m3	
ZINC OXIDE	1314-13-2	OSHA	TWA(as fume):5	
			mg/m3;TWA(as total dust):15	
			mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
ZINC OXIDE	1314-13-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3;STEL(respirable	
			fraction):10 mg/m3	
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT	13765-19-0	OSHA	TWA:0.005 mg/m3	Skin Notation, 29 CFR
COMPOUNDS)				1910.1026
CALCIUM CHROMATE	13765-19-0	ACGIH	TWA(as Cr):0.001 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human
				carcin.
Limestone	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15	
			mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	CMRG	TWA:10 mg/m3;STEL:20	
			mg/m3	
HYDROGENATED	61788-32-7	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	
TERPHENYL	<b>55</b> 00.04.5	COTT	TYY 1 0 007 / 0	G1 1 37 1 20 CTT
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT	7789-06-2	OSHA	TWA:0.005 mg/m3	Skin Notation, 29 CFR
COMPOUNDS)	<b>77</b> 00 0 5 <b>2</b>	A COTT	TWILL GOOD OF THE	1910.1026
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	7789-06-2	ACGIH	TWA(as Cr):0.0005 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human
		]		carcin.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

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#### **Eye/face protection**

None required.

#### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

#### **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Liquid

Odor, Color, Grade: Aromatic odor; Black paste

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNot ApplicableBoiling PointNot Applicable

Flash Point 86 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data Available

**Specific Gravity** 1.5 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

**Volatile Organic Compounds** 50.5 g/l [*Test Method:* calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 50.7 g/l [*Test Method:* calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

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#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases Strong acids

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance** 

**Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

#### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Eve Contact:**

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

#### Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odors and/or complete loss of smell.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

#### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Genotoxicity:

Genotoxicity and Mutagenicity: May interact with genetic material and possibly alter gene expression.

#### **Carcinogenicity:**

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
CR 6 CMPDS	13765-19-0	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
CR 6 CMPDS	13765-19-0	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
CR 6 CMPDS	13765-19-0	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens
CR 6 CMPDS	7789-06-2	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
CR 6 CMPDS	7789-06-2	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
CR 6 CMPDS	7789-06-2	Cancer hazard	OSHA Carcinogens

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Inhalation-		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
	Vapor(4 hr)		
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 7,800 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg

MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation- Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
	(4 hours)		
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,197 mg/kg
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 327 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,800 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 11.1 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
AND COUNTED THE DATE OF THE DA	(4 hours)	-	1 P 50 10 000 1
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.27  mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	(4 hours) Ingestion	Rat	LD50, 2,110 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 3,118 mg/kg LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER  PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER		Rat	, 6 6
	Ingestion	Kat	LD50 > 2,900 mg/kg
DIPHENYLGUANIDINE	Dermal		estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
DIPHENYLGUANIDINE	Inhalation-		estimated to be > 12.5 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
DIPHENYLGUANIDINE	Inhalation-		estimated to be > 50 mg/l
	Vapor		
DIPHENYLGUANIDINE	Ingestion		estimated to be 300 - 2,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
ZINC OXIDE	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
ZINC OXIDE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CHROMATE  CALCIUM CHROMATE	Professio	Mild irritant
CALCIUM CHROMATE	nal	ivina irritant
	judgeme	
	nt	
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Irritant
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Professio	Mild irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Mild irritant
ZINC OXIDE	Human	No significant irritation
	and	
	animal	

**Serious Eve Damage/Irritation** 

Schous Lye Buildge/Hitteation		
Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation

CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Professio	Moderate irritant
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Moderate irritant
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
ZINC OXIDE	Rabbit	Mild irritant

### **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER		Not sensitizing
CALCIUM CHROMATE	similar	Sensitizing
	compoun	
	ds	
TOLUENE	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Human	Not sensitizing
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	similar	Sensitizing
	compoun	
	ds	
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Human	Not sensitizing
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
ZINC OXIDE	Guinea	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	pig	sufficient for classification

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

respiratory sensitization		
Name	Species	Value
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
CALCIUM CHROMATE	In vivo	Mutagenic
TOLUENE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TOLUENE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	In vivo	Mutagenic
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
ZINC OXIDE	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
ZINC OXIDE	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
------	-------	---------	-------

CALCIUM CHROMATE	Not	similar	Carcinogenic
	Specified	compoun	
		ds	
TOLUENE	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Not Specified	similar compoun ds	Carcinogenic
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	Toxic to development	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 81 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 62 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 generation
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Ingestion	Toxic to female reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Ingestion	Toxic to development	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation

ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	Some positive	Multiple	NOAEL 125	premating &
		reproductive/developmental data exist,	animal	mg/kg/day	during
		but the data are not sufficient for	species		gestation
		classification			

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
TOLUENE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Causes damage to organs	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
PHENOL- FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
CALCIUM CHROMATE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	auditory system   nervous system   eyes   olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
TOLUENE	Inhalation	heart   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the	Mouse	NOAEL Not	20 days

			1			
			data are not sufficient for classification		available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	90 days
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	endocrine system   blood   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 144 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI)	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	similar compoun ds	NOAEL Not available	
PHENOL- FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	10 days
ZINC OXIDE	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Other	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	6 months

### **Aspiration Hazard**

Name	Value		
TOLUENE	Aspiration hazard		

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information

on this material and/or its components.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

#### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable), D007 (Chromium)

### **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

### $Section \ 313 \ Toxic \ Chemicals \ subject \ to \ the \ reporting \ requirements \ of \ that \ section \ and \ 40 \ CFR \ part \ 372 \ (EPCRA):$

Ingredient	C.A.S. No	<u>% by Wt</u>
MANGANESE DIOXIDE (MANGANESE	1313-13-9	2 - 8
COMPOUNDS)		
CALCIUM CHROMATE (CHROMIUM	13765-19-0	2 - 8
(HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS))		
TOLUENE	108-88-3	Trade Secret 1 - 5
STRONTIUM CHROMATE (VI) (CHROMIUM	7789-06-2	0.5 - 1
(HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS))		

### 15.2. State Regulations

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Contact 3M for more information.

#### California Proposition 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	<u>Classification</u>
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS)	None	Female reproductive toxin
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS)	None	Male reproductive toxin
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS)	None	Carcinogen
CHROMIUM (HEXAVALENT COMPOUNDS)	None	Developmental Toxin
TOLUENE	108-88-3	Female reproductive toxin
TOLUENE	108-88-3	Developmental Toxin

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### 15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

#### **15.4. International Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **NFPA Hazard Classification**

Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

**Document Group:** 30-3768-6 Version Number: 2.00 Issue Date: 10/13/15 **Supercedes Date:** 02/03/12

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