

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Glass-Graphite Filled PTFE

#### **Product Identification Numbers**

98-0211-9919-9, 98-0211-9920-7, 98-0213-0184-5, 98-0213-0457-5, 98-0213-1942-5, 98-0213-2372-4

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

#### Recommended use

Fluoroplastic

## 1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

**DIVISION:** Advanced Materials Division

**ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### 2.2. Label elements

## Signal word

Not applicable.

## **Symbols**

Not applicable.

## **Pictograms**

Not applicable.

## 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

May cause thermal burns.

Page 1 of 9

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt	
Polytetrafluoroethylene	9002-84-0	65 - 80	
Glass Fiber	65997-17-3	15 - 30	
Graphite	7782-42-5	5 - 15	

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Immediately flush skin with large amounts of cold water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE MOLTEN MATERIAL. Cover affected area with a clean dressing. Get immediate medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact:**

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE MOLTEN MATERIAL. Get immediate medical attention.

#### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Exposure to extreme heat can give rise to thermal decomposition.

#### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Page 2 of 9

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Use wet sweeping compound or water to avoid dusting. Sweep up. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. Avoid skin contact with hot material. For industrial or professional use only. Store work clothes separately from other clothing, food and tobacco products. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. No smoking: Smoking while using this product can result in contamination of the tobacco and/or smoke and lead to the formation of hazardous decomposition products.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
Glass Fiber	65997-17-3	Manufacturer	TWA(as dust):10 mg/m3	
		determined		
Graphite	7782-42-5	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
			mg/m3	
Graphite	7782-42-5	OSHA	TWA:15 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.	
GRAPHITE SYNTHETIC	7782-42-5	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15	
			mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
Polytetrafluoroethylene	9002-84-0	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):5	
			mg/m3;TWA(as total dust):10	
			mg/m3	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## 8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

## 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

## Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Nitrile

## **Respiratory protection**

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

During heating:

Use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator if there is a potential for over exposure from an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear heat insulating gloves when handling hot material to prevent thermal burns.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**General Physical Form:** Solid **Specific Physical Form:** Powder Odor, Color, Grade: Dry Powder. **Odor threshold** No Data Available pН Not Applicable **Melting point** No Data Available **Boiling Point** Not Applicable Flash Point No flash point Not Applicable **Evaporation rate** Not Classified Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits(LEL) Not Applicable Flammable Limits(UEL) Not Applicable Not Applicable **Vapor Pressure** Not Applicable **Vapor Density Density** 1.9 - 2.4 g/cm3

Specific Gravity 1.9 - 2.4 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Negligible

Solubility- non-water No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** Not Applicable **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available Not Applicable Viscosity Not Applicable **Volatile Organic Compounds** Percent volatile Not Applicable **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** Not Applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Not determined

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali and alkaline earth metals

Reactions with metals in powder form occur from 370 degrees C onwards.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
Carbonyl Fluoride	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C
Carbon monoxide	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C
Carbon dioxide	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C
Hydrogen Fluoride	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C
Perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB)	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380 C

If the product is exposed to extreme condition of heat from misuse or equipment failure, toxic decomposition products that include hydrogen fluoride and perfluoroisobutylene can occur.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### **Inhalation:**

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause target organ effects after inhalation.

During heating:

Polymer Fume Fever: Sign/symptoms may include chest pain or tightness, shortness of breath, cough, malaise, muscle aches, increased heart rate, fever, chills, sweats, nausea and headache.

## **Skin Contact:**

During heating:

Thermal Burns: Signs/symptoms may include intense pain, redness and swelling, and tissue destruction.

## **Eye Contact:**

During heating:

Thermal Burns: Signs/symptoms may include severe pain, redness and swelling, and tissue destruction.

Mechanical eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include pain, redness, tearing and corneal abrasion.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

#### Carcinogenicity:

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	Class Description	Regulation
Generic: GLASS FILAMENTS	65997-17-3	Anticipated human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Generic: GLASS FILAMENTS	65997-17-3	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

## **Acute Toxicity**

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Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glass Fiber	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Glass Fiber	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Graphite	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

## Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Human	No significant irritation
	and	
	animal	
Glass Fiber		No significant irritation
Graphite	Rabbit	No significant irritation

#### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polytetrafluoroethylene		No significant irritation
Glass Fiber		No significant irritation
Graphite	Rabbit	No significant irritation

#### **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Human	Not sensitizing

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name Species Value
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**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
Glass Fiber	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification
Graphite	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Not	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified	animal	sufficient for classification
		species	
Glass Fiber	Inhalation	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

N	ame	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
						Duration

## Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
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Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Polytetrafluoroethylene	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	90 days
Glass Fiber	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	occupational exposure
Graphite	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

**Aspiration Hazard** 

NT	X7-1
Name	Value

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

## **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material

Page 7 of 9

and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Prior to disposal, consult all applicable authorities and regulations to insure proper classification. Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. If no other disposal options are available, waste product may be placed in a landfill properly designed for industrial waste.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No

#### 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

IngredientC.A.S. No.ClassificationGLASS FILAMENTSNoneCarcinogen

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## **15.3.** Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

## **NFPA Hazard Classification**

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

Page 8 of 9

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

## **HMIS Hazard Classification**

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 Personal Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® III) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® III ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® III program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

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