



Safety Data Sheet

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M™ Aerospace Sealant AC-350 A-1 PMF

Product Identification Numbers

70-0052-0209-1, 70-0052-0212-5, 70-0052-0215-8

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

For industrial or professional use only., Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER:	3M
DIVISION:	Aerospace and Commercial Transportation Division
ADDRESS:	3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone:	1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 1.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Reproductive Toxicity: Category 1B.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

sensory organs |

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

9% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	68611-50-7	45 - 55
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	5 - 15
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	68441-17-8	5 - 10
TOLUENE	108-88-3	5 - 10 Trade Secret *
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	1 - 5
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN	25085-99-8	0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret *
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	9003-35-4	< 0.2 Trade Secret *
FERBAM	14484-64-1	<= 0.05

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1. Suitable extinguishing media**

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**Substance****Condition**

Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
TOLUENE	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcin
TOLUENE	108-88-3	CMRG	STEL:75 ppm	Skin Notation
TOLUENE	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA:200 ppm;CEIL:300 ppm	
MANGANESE, INORGANIC COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Mn, inhalable fraction):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as Mn, respirable fraction):0.02 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	OSHA	CEIL(as Mn):5 mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):5 mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
FERBAM	14484-64-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
FERBAM	14484-64-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Limestone	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	CMRG	TWA:10 mg/m3;STEL:20 mg/m3	
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	OSHA	TWA:590 mg/m3(200 ppm)	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	ACGIH	TWA:200 ppm;STEL:300 ppm	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering controls**

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)**Eye/face protection**

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the

substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form:	Liquid
Odor, Color, Grade:	Solvent odor; gray, thixotropic paste
Odor threshold	<i>No Data Available</i>
pH	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Melting point	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Boiling Point	<i>Not Applicable</i>
Flash Point	48 °F [<i>Test Method:</i> Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Flammable Limits(LEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Flammable Limits(UEL)	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Pressure	<i>No Data Available</i>
Vapor Density	>=1 [<i>Ref Std:</i> AIR=1]
Specific Gravity	1.3 [<i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Nil
Solubility- non-water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	<i>No Data Available</i>
Autoignition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Decomposition temperature	<i>No Data Available</i>
Viscosity	<i>No Data Available</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds	140.0 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	141.0 g/l [<i>Test Method:</i> calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong bases

Strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Condition</u>
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Ocular Effects: Signs/symptoms may include blurred or significantly impaired vision.

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Olfactory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include decreased ability to detect odors and/or complete loss of smell.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation-Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 7,800 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 12,000 mg/kg
TOLUENE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 30 mg/l
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,550 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,197 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,800 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 11.1 mg/l
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 8,050 mg/kg
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation-Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 34.5 mg/l
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,737 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,900 mg/kg
FERBAM	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,130 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Irritant
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Mild irritant
FERBAM	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Professional judgement	No significant irritation
TOLUENE	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Rabbit	Severe irritant
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Moderate irritant
FERBAM	Rabbit	Severe irritant

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER		Not sensitizing
TOLUENE	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Human and animal	Not sensitizing
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Human	Not sensitizing
EPOXY RESIN	Human and animal	Sensitizing
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human and animal	Sensitizing
FERBAM	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
TOLUENE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TOLUENE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
TOLUENE	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Multiple animal species	Not carcinogenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	Human	Not carcinogenic
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.3 mg/l	1 generation
TOLUENE	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 520 mg/kg/day	during gestation
TOLUENE	Inhalation	Toxic to development	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 81 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 62 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 generation
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8.8 mg/l	during gestation
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750	2 generation

				mg/kg/day	
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Causes effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
TOLUENE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	3 hours
TOLUENE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professional judgement	NOAEL Not available	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	not applicable
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,080 mg/kg	not applicable
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Inhalation	auditory system nervous system eyes olfactory system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
TOLUENE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 2.3 mg/l	15 months
TOLUENE	Inhalation	heart liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	NOAEL 11.3 mg/l	15 weeks

			classification			
TOLUENE	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	4 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	20 days
TOLUENE	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	8 weeks
TOLUENE	Inhalation	hematopoietic system vascular system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TOLUENE	Ingestion	nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
TOLUENE	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 600 mg/kg/day	14 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	28 days
TOLUENE	Ingestion	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 105 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	90 days
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	endocrine system blood liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 144 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	31 weeks
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Inhalation	heart endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 14.7 mg/l	90 days
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	7 days
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	Ingestion	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 173 mg/kg/day	90 days
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	auditory system heart endocrine system hematopoietic	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

		system liver eyes kidney and/or bladder				
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
TOLUENE	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Disposal methods**

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable), D006 (Cadmium), D008 (Lead), D018 (Benzene), D035 (Methyl ethyl ketone)

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit <http://3M.com/Transportinfo> or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. US Federal Regulations**

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
TOLUENE	108-88-3	Trade Secret 5 - 10
MANGANESE DIOXIDE (MANGANESE COMPOUNDS)	1313-13-9	1 - 5

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>Classification</u>
Cadmium	None	Male reproductive toxin
Cadmium	None	Developmental Toxin
Arsenic	7440-38-2	Carcinogen
Benzene	71-43-2	Male reproductive toxin
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen
Benzene	71-43-2	Developmental Toxin
Cadmium	7440-43-9	Carcinogen
Lead	7439-92-1	Female reproductive toxin
Lead	7439-92-1	Male reproductive toxin
Lead	7439-92-1	Carcinogen
Lead	7439-92-1	Developmental Toxin
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	Developmental Toxin
TOLUENE	108-88-3	Developmental Toxin

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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