

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Product identifier

3M<sup>TM</sup> Aerospace Sealant AC-350 B-1 PMFC

### **Product Identification Numbers**

70-0052-0230-7

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

### Recommended use

For industrial or professional use only., Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

**MANUFACTURER:** 

**DIVISION:** Aerospace and Commercial Transportation Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577) **Telephone:** 

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Hazard classification

Skin Sensitizer: Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

### 2.2. Label elements

### Signal word

Danger

### **Symbols**

Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

# **Pictograms**





### **Hazard Statements**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system | respiratory system |

### **Precautionary Statements**

### **Prevention:**

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wear protective gloves.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### **Response:**

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

## Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

### 2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

8% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

19% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	68611-50-7	50 - 60
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	68441-17-8	10 - 15
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	10 - 15
GROUND CORK	61789-98-8	6 - 8
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	1313-13-9	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	1 - 5
AMORPHOUS SILICA	67762-90-7	0.5 - 2
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
EPOXY RESIN	25085-99-8	0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret *
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	9003-35-4	0.1 - 0.5 Trade Secret *
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	< 0.2
FERBAM	14484-64-1	< 0.1
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	< 0.1 Trade Secret *

<sup>\*</sup>The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade

secret.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

### **Eye Contact:**

No need for first aid is anticipated.

### If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

### **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

Substance	Condition
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion

### 5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	<b>Additional Comments</b>
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	ACGIH	CEIL:2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	CMRG	TWA:2 mg/m3	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	OSHA	TWA:2 mg/m3	
MANGANESE COMPOUNDS	1313-13-9	OSHA	CEIL(as Mn):5 mg/m3	
MANGANESE, INORGANIC	1313-13-9	ACGIH	TWA(as Mn, inhalable	A4: Not class. as human
COMPOUNDS			fraction):0.1 mg/m3;TWA(as	carcin
			Mn, respirable fraction):0.02	
			mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	ACGIH	TWA:10 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human
				carcin
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):5	
			mg/m3	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
FERBAM	14484-64-1	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):5	A4: Not class. as human
			mg/m3	carcin
FERBAM	14484-64-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable	A2: Suspected human
			fraction):0.025 mg/m3	carcin.
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	OSHA	TWA concentration(as total	
			dust):0.3 mg/m3;TWA	
			concentration(respirable):0.1	
			mg/m3(2.4 millions of	
			particles/cu. ft.)	
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	CMRG	TWA:10 mg/m3;STEL:20	
			mg/m3	
Limestone	471-34-1	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15	

Page 4 of 13

			mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	61788-32-7	ACGIH	TWA:0.5 ppm	
AMORPHOUS SILICA	67762-90-7	CMRG	CEIL:5 mg/m3	
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	OSHA	TWA concentration:0.8 mg/m3;TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety Glasses with side shields

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Polymer laminate

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

### Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**General Physical Form:** 

Odor, Color, Grade: Sulphurous odor; Dark gray paste

Odor threshold No Data Available

рH Not Applicable **Melting point** Not Applicable **Boiling Point** No Data Available

Flash Point >=200 °F [Test Method: Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** No Data Available Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable Flammable Limits(LEL) No Data Available No Data Available Flammable Limits(UEL) No Data Available **Vapor Pressure** Vapor Density No Data Available

**Specific Gravity** 1.1 - 1.3 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-water No Data Available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available Viscosity No Data Available

**Volatile Organic Compounds** 2.0 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents** 2.0 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Reducing agents Strong bases Strong acids

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Substance Condition** 

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

Page 6 of 13

### 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

### **Inhalation:**

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Skin Contact:**

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### **Eye Contact:**

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

### Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

### **Additional Health Effects:**

## Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Respiratory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, wheezing, increased heart rate, bluish colored skin (cyanosis), sputum production, changes in lung function tests, and/or respiratory failure.

### **Carcinogenicity:**

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
SILICA, CRYS AIRRESP	14808-60-7	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
QUARTZ SILICA	14808-60-7	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

## **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# **Acute Toxicity**

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 7,800 mg/kg
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3.0 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500  mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rat	LD50 2,000 mg/kg
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 1.5 mg/l

	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
MANGANESE DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,197 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 6,800 mg/kg
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 11.1 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 0.691 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,110 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,600 mg/kg
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,900 mg/kg
QUARTZ SILICA	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
QUARTZ SILICA	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,000 mg/kg
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,130 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE		No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Mild irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
QUARTZ SILICA	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgeme	
	nt	
FERBAM	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER	Rabbit	No significant irritation
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
OXIDIZED POLYETHYLENE		No significant irritation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Rabbit	No significant irritation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Rabbit	No significant irritation
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Rabbit	No significant irritation
EPOXY RESIN	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Moderate irritant
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Rabbit	Corrosive
FERBAM	Rabbit	Severe irritant

# **Skin Sensitization**

Name	Species	Value
POLYSULFIDE RUBBER		Not sensitizing
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Human	Not sensitizing
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Human	Not sensitizing
FERBAM	Guinea	Not sensitizing
	pig	

**Respiratory Sensitization** 

Name	Species	Value
EPOXY RESIN	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
PHENOL-FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity** 

Name	Route	Value
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	In vivo	Not mutagenic
AMORPHOUS SILICA	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In vivo	Not mutagenic
EPOXY RESIN	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
QUARTZ SILICA	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
QUARTZ SILICA	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Not	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
QUARTZ SILICA	Inhalation	Human	Carcinogenic
		and	
		animal	
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

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Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration			
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during			

					gestation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 81 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 62 mg/kg/day	2 generation
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 500 mg/kg/day	2 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 509 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 497 mg/kg/day	1 generation
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,350 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	Not toxic to development	Rabbit	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 750 mg/kg/day	2 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/kg/day	3 generation
FERBAM	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 11 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s

### Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
FERBAM	Ingestion	Rat	Causes effects on or via lactation

# Target Organ(s)

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure** 

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
PHENOL- FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Human	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
CALCIUM CARBONATE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.5 mg/l	90 days
HYDROGENATED TERPHENYL	Ingestion	endocrine system   blood   liver   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 144 mg/kg/day	14 weeks
AMORPHOUS SILICA	Inhalation	respiratory system   silicosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the	Rat	LOAEL	2 years

Page 10 of 13

			data are not sufficient for classification		0.010 mg/l	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	2 years
EPOXY RESIN	Dermal	nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
EPOXY RESIN	Ingestion	auditory system   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   eyes   kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
PHENOL- FORMALDEHYDE POLYMER	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
QUARTZ SILICA	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

### **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## **Ecotoxicological information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

### **Chemical fate information**

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of completely cured (or polymerized) material in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate uncured product in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

## **SECTION 14: Transport Information**

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

**Ingredient** <u>% by Wt</u> MANGANESE DIOXIDE (MANGANESE COMPOUNDS)

## 15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

## **15.3. Chemical Inventories**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

## 15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **NFPA Hazard Classification**

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

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Page 12 of 13

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