# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier FINE SATIN ALUMINUM** 

Other means of identification

**Product Code** MT-86-G

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Toner Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name **Quest Automotive Products** 

**Address** 600 Nova Drive SE

Massillon, OH 44646

**United States** 

**Telephone** General Assistance (330) 830-6000

E-mail rpandrus@quest-ap.com

**Contact person** Ron Andrus

**Emergency phone number** CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, dermal Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity Category 1

> Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Category 1

Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes

serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long

lasting effects.

Material name: FINE SATIN ALUMINUM SDS US 1 / 14 MT-86-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-19-2015

#### **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

75.34% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 43.01% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 35.36% of the mixture

consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 35.31% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	40 to <50
n-butyl alcohol		71-36-3	5 to <10
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 to <10
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate		108-65-6	1 to <5
2-Butoxyethyl acetate		112-07-2	1 to <5
acetone		67-64-1	1 to <5
Aluminum		7429-90-5	1 to <5
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
Butyl benzyl phthalate		85-68-7	0.1 to <1
light aromatic solvent naphtha		64742-95-6	0.1 to <1
stoddard solvent		8052-41-3	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable leve	ls		20 to <30

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

> artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical Skin contact

advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye symptoms/effects, acute and damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged delayed exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	(29 CFR 1910 1000)
OO. OOHA Table 2-1 Lilling for All Containing	(23 01 10 13 10.1000)

Components	Туре	, Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
·		150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	•

Components	Туре	Value	Form
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
,	TWA	150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)	TWA	33 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume or pyrophoric powder.
		5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3	
•		50 ppm	
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
US. Workplace Environmental Exp			
Components	Туре	Value	
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

# **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate (CAS 108-65-6) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Skin designation applies.

#### **US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Silver.

Odor Solvent.

Odor threshold Not available.
PH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

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Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 8.08 lbs/gal
Percent volatile 76 % estimated

Specific gravity 0.97

VOC 5.7 lbs/gal Material

5.7 lbs/gal Regulatory 682 g/l Material 682 g/l Regulatory

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Alkaline metals. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

**Skin contact** Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Narcotic effects.

Components Species Test Results

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 1500 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 2400 mg/kg

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 20000 mg/kg

20 ml/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 76 mg/l, 4 Hours

50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 3000 mg/kg

 Rabbit
 5340 mg/kg

 Rat
 5800 mg/kg

Material name: FINE SATIN ALUMINUM MT-86-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-19-2015

Components Species Test Results

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

<u>Acute</u>

**Dermal** 

LD50 Mouse 6700 mg/kg

Rat 6700 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 13500 mg/kg

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

**Acute** 

**Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit 3400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 790 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

**Acute** 

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye damage.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects**Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-	1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Aluminum (CAS 7429	-90-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/l, 96 hours
Butyl benzyl phthalate	e (CAS 85-68-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 0.96 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Shiner perch (Cymatogaster aggregata)	0.47 - 0.56 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl benzene (CAS 1	100-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 7	71-36-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	<b>-7</b> )		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

# Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

acetone	-0.24
Butyl benzyl phthalate	4.91
Ethyl benzene	3.15
n-butyl acetate	1.78
n-butyl alcohol	0.88
stoddard solvent	3.16 - 7.15

Material name: FINE SATIN ALUMINUM

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

3.12 - 3.2**Xylene** 

Mobility in soil No data available.

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation Other adverse effects

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

**UN** number UN1263

**UN** proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT (A726 ALUMINUM, XYLENE TOTE

92002)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3 Packing group П **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant

Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

150 Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk 202 Packaging bulk 242

**IATA** 

UN1263 **UN** number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П **Packing group Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es) 3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes

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**EmS** F-E, <u>S</u>-<u>E</u>

Special precautions for user Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. **nsport in bulk according to** Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



#### Marine pollutant



**General information** 

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

# TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Phthalates Action Plan

# **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Listed.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Listed.

# SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

# SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
n-butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5 to <10	
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 to <10	
2-Butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	1 to <5	
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5	

# Other federal regulations

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

#### **US** state regulations

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

# **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

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Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

2-Butoxyethyl acetate (CAS 112-07-2)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)
Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: February 27, 1987

Listed: April 6, 2010

Listed: June 11, 2004

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5)
Listed: January 1, 1989
2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9)
Listed: January 1, 1993
Listed: December 26, 1997
Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)
Listed: December 2, 2005
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)
Listed: January 1, 1991

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5)
2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9)
benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
Listed: January 1, 1989
Listed: January 1, 1993
Listed: December 26, 1997

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)\*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryYes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 05-19-2015

Version # 01

**HMIS**® ratings Health: 3\*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 3

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Material name: FINE SATIN ALUMINUM

SDS US

#### **Disclaimer**

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Material name: FINE SATIN ALUMINUM MT-86-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-19-2015