HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: MSA II INHIBITOR

Revision Date: 28-Mar-2014

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Trade Name: MSA II INHIBITOR

Synonyms: None Chemical Family: Blend

Application: Corrosion Inhibitor

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Energy Services

P.O. Box 1431

Duncan, Oklahoma 73536-0431

Emergency Telephone: (281) 575-5000

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

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2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL-TWA
Thiourea	62-56-6	10 - 30%	Not applicable	Not applicable
Acetone	67-64-1		TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	1000 ppm
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	10 - 30%	100 mg/m ³	50 ppm CEIL

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May cause headache, dizziness,

and other central nervous system effects. May be harmful if swallowed. May cause birth defects. Potential carcinogen. Combustible May cause allergic skin reaction.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least

15 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove contaminated clothing and launder

before reuse.

Eyes In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of

water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point/Range (F): 120
Flash Point/Range (C): 48
Flash Point Method: SFCC

Autoignition Temperature (F):

Autoignition Temperature (C):

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Fire Extinguishing Media Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemicals, Foam.

Special Exposure HazardsDecomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Use water spray to cool fire

exposed surfaces. Vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas. Vapors may travel along the ground to be ignited at distant locations. Do not allow

runoff to enter waterways.

Special Protective Equipment

for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required

for fire fighting personnel.

NFPA Ratings: Health 3, Flammability 2, Reactivity 0

HMIS Ratings: Health 3, Flammability 2, Physical Hazard 0, PPE: X

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Remove ignition sources and work with non-sparking tools. Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials. Scoop up and

remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands

after use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Ground and bond

containers when transferring from one container to another.

Storage Information Store away from oxidizers. Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep container

closed when not in use. Keep from heat, sparks, and open flames.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area. Local exhaust ventilation should be used in areas

without good cross ventilation.

Respiratory Protection Not normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following

> respirator is recommended: Organic vapor respirator.

In high concentrations, supplied air respirator or a self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Hand Protection Neoprene gloves. Nitrile gloves. Use Viton or 4H gloves.

Rubber apron. Rubber boots. **Skin Protection**

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Dark brown Odor: **Pungent**

pH: Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.09 Density @ 20 C (lbs./gallon): 9.08 Bulk Density @ 20 C (lbs/ft3): 68 **Boiling Point/Range (F):** 212 **Boiling Point/Range (C):** 100 Freezing Point/Range (F): -20 Freezing Point/Range (C): -29 Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): 16.4 Vapor Density (Air=1): >1

Percent Volatiles: Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Disperses Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (lbs./gallon): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products Hydrogen chloride.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Acute Toxicity Inhalation

Ingestion

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness,

incoordination, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness and unconsciousness.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Eye ContactMay cause severe eye irritation. May cause permanent eye damage. **Skin Contact**May cause moderate skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach discomfort. May cause kidney damage. May

affect the blood and blood system. May cause thyroid damage.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause kidney damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause reproductive system damage. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver, heart, blood and brain damage. Contains thiourea, a suspected carcinogen of the liver and thyroid. Chronically high exposures cause bone marrow depression with anemia, leukopenia and thromboxytopenia. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause embryo and fetus toxicity.

Toxicology data for the components

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Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Thiourea	62-56-6	125 mg/kg (Rat)	6810 mg/kg (Rat)	0.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Acetone	67-64-1	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	4000 mg/kg (Rat) 7712 mg/kg (Rat) > 10000 mg/kg (Rat) 1670 mg/kg (Cat)	9530 μL/kg (Rabbit) > 3500 mg/kg (Mouse)	> 2.5 mg/L (Rat) 6h

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

Ecotoxicity Product

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined
Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined
Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Ecotoxicity Substance

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Thiourea	62-56-6	EC50: 6.8 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: >600 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	No information available	EC50: 35 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Acetone	67-64-1	No information available	LC50: 6210 - 8120 mg/L (Pimephales promelas)	No information available	EC50: 10294 - 17704 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	EC50: 6500 - 13000 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) TGK(8d): > 10000 mg/L (Scenedesmus quadricauda)	LC50: 41000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50(96h): 72860 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) NOEC(7d): 32000 mg/L (mortality) (Pimephales promelas)	TTC(16h): > 10000 mg/L (Pseudomonas putida) EC20(30 m): > 1995 mg/L (activated sludge, domestic) (similar substance – diethylene glycol)	(Daphnia magna)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information available

Substances	Persistence and Degradability
Ethylene glycol	Readily biodegradable (100% @ 10d)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available

Substances	Log Pow
Ethylene glycol	-1.36

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

Substances	PBT and vPvB assessment
Ethylene glycol	Not PBT/vPvB

12.6 Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodDisposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

DOT

UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Contains Acetone) , 3 , III , (48.9 C) RQ (Thiourea - 4.5 kg.) NAERG 128

Canadian TDG

Flammable Liquid, N.O.S. (Contains Acetone), 3, UN1993, III, (48.9 C)

ADR

UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S (Contains Acetone), 3, III

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S , 3 , III (Contains Acetone) RQ (Thiourea - 4.5 kg.)

Sea Transportation

IMDG

UN1993, Flammable Liquid, N.O.S (Contains Acetone) , 3 , III , (48.9 C) RQ (Thiourea - 4.5 kg.) EmS F-E, S-E

Other Transportation Information

Labels: Flammable Liquid

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations

US TSCA Inventory All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

EPA SARA Title III Extremely Hazardous Substances

Not applicable

EPA SARA (311,312) Hazard

Class

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

EPA SARA (313) Chemicals

This product contains toxic chemical(s) listed below which is(are) subject to the

reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of SARA and 40 CFR Part 372:

Ethylene Glycol//107-21-1

Thiourea//62-56-6

EPA CERCLA/Superfund Reportable Spill Quantity

EPA Reportable Spill Quantity is 11 Gallons based on Thiourea (CAS: 62-56-6).

EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste

Classification

If product becomes a waste, it does meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as

defined by the US EPA, because of:

Ignitability D001

California Proposition 65 The California Proposition 65 regulations apply to this product.

MA Right-to-Know Law One or more components listed.

NJ Right-to-Know Law One or more components listed.

PA Right-to-Know Law One or more components listed.

Canadian Regulations

Canadian DSL Inventory Product contains one or more components not listed on the inventory.

WHMIS Hazard Class D2B Toxic Materials

B3 Combustible Liquids D1B Toxic Materials D2A Very Toxic Materials

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS

Not applicable

Additional information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement

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END OF MSDS