valspar

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier 2.1 VOC DTM Primer Activator

Other means of identification

Product Code MA-220-QT

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Hardener/Activator

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name VALSPAR Automotive
Address 600 Nova Drive SE
Massillon, Ohio 44646

United States

Telephone General Assistance 330-299-8879

Website www.valsparauto.com
E-mail RON.ANDRUS@valspar.com

Contact person Ronald Andrus

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 2 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

Reproductive toxicity

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Dange

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Fatal in contact with skin. Causes skin

irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to

Category 2

aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: 2.1 VOC DTM Primer Activator
MA-220-QT Version #: 01 Issue date: 12-21-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

 $\label{local/regional/national/international regulations.} Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.$

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

61.32% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 80.99% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 86.94% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 82.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 82.11% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	10 to <20
n-butyl alcohol		71-36-3	5 to <10
Xylene		1330-20-7	5 to <10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		108-10-1	1 to <5
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	1 to <5
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether		1675-54-3	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable	levels		60 to <70

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard any shoes or clothing items that cannot be decontaminated.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow, Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

Value

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components

US.	OSHA	Table Z-	1 Limits	for Air	Contaminants	(29	CFR	1910.	1000)
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Type

PEL	410 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	435 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL	610 mg/m3	
	200 ppm	
PEL	300 mg/m3	
	100 ppm	
PEL		
	100 ppm	
Туре	Value	
STEL	75 ppm	
TWA	20 ppm	
TWA	20 ppm	
STEL	250 ppm	
TWA	200 ppm	
TWA	20 ppm	
	* PT	
STEL	150 ppm	
•	PEL PEL PEL Type STEL TWA TWA STEL TWA	PEL 100 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm 610 mg/m3 200 ppm 200 ppm 300 mg/m3 100 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm 435 mg/m3 100 ppm 7

SDS US

US. NIOSH	Pocket	Guide to	Chemical Hazards
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Components	Туре	Value	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
•		75 ppm	
	TWA	205 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	

Biological limit values

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (C 108-10-1)	AS1 mg/l	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	*	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Form Liquid.

Color Colourless to light yellow. to. Light yellow to dark yellow.

Odor Solvent. Amine-like.

Odor threshold Not available. pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimated

range

Flash point 14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.5 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

16 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 88.51 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 650 °F (343.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 8.73 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 72.91 %

Specific gravity 1.05

VOC 1.6 lbs/gal Material

3.1 lbs/gal Regulatory 189 g/l Material 376 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Alkaline metals. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Fatal in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause

an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Fatal in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an

allergic skin reaction.

	alicigic skiri reaction.	
Components	Species	Test Results
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CA	S 108-10-1)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2080 mg/kg
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether	r (CAS 1675-54-3)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Mouse	> 800 mg/kg
	Rabbit	20 mg/kg
	Rat	> 1600 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	> 500 mg/kg
	Rabbit	1980 mg/kg
	Rat	> 1000 mg/kg
		11.3 ml/kg
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20	l-9)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg

Material name: 2.1 VOC DTM Primer Activator
MA-220-QT Version #: 01 Issue date: 12-21-2015

Species Test Results Components

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 3400 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 790 mg/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute **Dermal**

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

> Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye damage.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitization

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (CAS 1675-54-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be Chronic effects

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components **Species Test Results** 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) **Aquatic** Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Aquatic Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) **Aquatic** Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1897 - 2072 mg/l. 48 hours Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) **Aquatic**

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.31
Ethyl benzene	3.15
Methyl acetate	0.18
n-butyl alcohol	0.88
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow **Disposal instructions**

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number

Paint, Paint Related Material **UN proper shipping name**

Transport hazard class(es) Class Subsidiary risk

3 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 **Special provisions**

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 202 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions. Cargo aircraft only

Not established.

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk П Packing group

Environmental hazards

No. Marine pollutant F-E, S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed. Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed. n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
n-butyl alcohol	71-36-3	5 to <10	
Xylene	1330-20-7	5 to <10	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	1 to <5	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1 to <5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Low priority

Low priority

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

MA-220-QT Version #: 01 Issue date: 12-21-2015

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

n-butyl alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Inventory name

4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014

International Inventories

Country(c) or region

Country(s) or region	inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

12-21-2015 Issue date

Version #

HMIS® ratings Health: 4*

> Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 4

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Material name: 2.1 VOC DTM Primer Activator

On inventory (yes/no)*

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Disclaimer

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Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.