

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 2275

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name LESS THAN 35% SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE IN OXYGEN

Synonym(s) 2-COMPONENT GAS MIXTURE • 2275 - SDS NUMBER • PRODUCT CODE: 288-3647, -3648, -3651

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) MEDICAL APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)

Address 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 131 262, (02) 8874 4400

Fax 132 427 (24 hours)

Website http://www.boc.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

**Emergency** 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Gases Under Pressure: Compressed gas

Oxidizing Gases: Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H270 May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Prevention statement(s)

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/incompatible materials/combustible materials.

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P244 Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.

Response statement(s)

P370 + P376 In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Storage statement(s)

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.



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#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
OXYGEN	7782-44-7	231-956-9	Remainder
SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE	2551-62-4	219-854-2	<35%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye** Adverse effects not expected from this product.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. For advice, contact a

Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

**Skin** Adverse effects not expected from this product.

Ingestion Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

First aid facilities No information provided.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.

# 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment for hyperoxia.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable - oxidising agent. Supports combustion and may cause fire/explosion in contact with incompatible substances, strong acids, reducing agents, combustibles and flammables. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be activated. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire if safe to do so. Ensure working area is well ventilated before re-use. Notify the manufacturer that you will be returning a faulty cylinder. Residual product will be disposed of when the cylinder is returned.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

2S

2 Fine Water Spray.

S Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

ChemAlert.

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#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near sources of ignition or incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

## **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Fluorides, (as F)	SWA (AUS)		2.5		
Sulphur hexafluoride	SWA (AUS)	1000	5970		

## **Biological limits**

Ingredient	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE	Fluoride in urine	Prior to shift	2 mg/L
	Fluoride in urine	End of shift	3 mg/L

Reference: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

# 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

PPE

**Eye / Face** Wear safety glasses. **Hands** Wear leather gloves. **Body** Wear safety boots.

**Respiratory** Not required under normal conditions of use.







# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance COLOURLESS GAS** Odour **ODOURLESS Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point **NOT APPLICABLE Boiling point NOT RELEVANT Melting point NOT RELEVANT Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE** Vapour density 1.1 to 2.3 (Air = 1)Specific gravity **NOT APPLICABLE** 

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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

NOT AVAILABLE Solubility (water) NOT APPLICABLE Vapour pressure NOT APPLICABLE **Upper explosion limit NOT APPLICABLE** Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE Partition coefficient NOT APPLICABLE Autoignition temperature** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties OXIDISING GAS** NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** 

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles 100 %

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

Unreactive under normal conditions.

# 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Combustible materials such as oil and grease can spontaneously ignite at low temperatures in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Metals can be ignited and will continue to burn in pure oxygen atmospheres under specific conditions of temperature and pressure.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant.

**Sensitization** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

MutagenicityNot classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNot classified as a carcinogen.ReproductiveNot classified as a reproductive toxin.

**STOT – single** Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

exposure

exposure

STOT - repeated Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty

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and convulsion.

**Aspiration** Not classified as causing aspiration.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

No ecological damage caused by this product.



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#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

Not harmful to aquatic or terrestrial life.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE





	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	3156	3156	3156
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (Contains oxygen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (Contains oxygen)	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (Contains oxygen)
14.3 Transport hazard classes	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 2S

 GTEPG
 2C6

 EMS
 F-C, S-W

Other information Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and foodstuffs. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory

Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which affect gas storage and transport.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

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Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes O Oxidising

**Risk phrases** R8 Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

Safety phrases S17 Keep away from combustible material.



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Inventory listing(s)

**AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)** 

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Additional information

The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### **Abbreviations**

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

#### Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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