

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 054

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** HYDROGEN CHLORIDE  
**Synonym(s)** 054 - SDS NUMBER • ANHYDROUS HYDROCHLORIC ACID • PRODUCT CODES: 160, 166

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

**Use(s)** CHEMICAL REAGENT

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

**Supplier name** BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)  
**Address** 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA  
**Telephone** 131 262, (02) 8874 4400  
**Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)  
**Website** <http://www.boc.com.au>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

**Emergency** 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**GHS classification(s)** Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1A  
Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied gas  
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 3

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Signal word** DANGER

**Pictogram(s)**



#### Hazard statement(s)

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H331 Toxic if inhaled.

#### Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

## PRODUCT NAME    HYDROGEN CHLORIDE

### Response statement(s)

P301 + P330 + P331    IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353    IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P304 + P340    IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P305 + P351 + P338    IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310    Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P321    Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.  
P363    Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233    Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405    Store locked up.  
P410 + P403    Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Disposal statement(s)

P501    Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement.

## 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
HYDROGEN CHLORIDE	7647-01-0	231-595-7	>99%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye**    If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

**Inhalation**    If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Full-face Type B (Inorganic and acid gas) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

**Skin**    Cold burns: Remove contaminated clothing and gently flush affected areas with warm water (30°C) for 15 minutes. Apply sterile dressing and treat as for a thermal burn. For large burns, immerse in warm water for 15 minutes. DO NOT apply any form of direct heat. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion**    Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

**First aid facilities**    Eye wash facilities and safety shower are recommended.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Highly corrosive. Exposure may result in severe burns to the eyes and skin with corrosive tissue damage. Effects may be delayed with severe and potentially fatal results.

### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Management of pulmonary oedema, cold and chemical burns.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Stop flow of gas if safe to do so. If safe, extinguish fire using dry chemical. Cool cylinders with water spray from protected area. Contact manufacturer for further advice.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition. May evolve flammable hydrogen gas when in contact with some metals.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate area if unable to keep cylinders cool.

**5.4 Hazchem code**

2RE

2     Fine Water Spray.

R     Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.

E     Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

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**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

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**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

**6.3 Methods of cleaning up**

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

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**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

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**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

No information provided.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

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**8.1 Control parameters****Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrogen chloride	SWA (AUS)	5	7.5	--	--

**Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

**8.2 Exposure controls****Engineering controls**

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

**PPE**

<b>Eye / Face</b>	Wear safety glasses.
<b>Hands</b>	Wear rubber gloves.
<b>Body</b>	Wear coveralls and safety boots.
<b>Respiratory</b>	Wear a Type B (Inorganic gases and vapours) respirator. At high vapour levels, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line respirator.



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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

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**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	COLOURLESS GAS (LIQUEFIED UNDER PRESSURE)
<b>Odour</b>	PUNGENT IRRITATING ODOUR, WILL FUME IN MOIST AIR
<b>Flammability</b>	NON FLAMMABLE
<b>Flash point</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Boiling point</b>	-85°C
<b>Melting point</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	NOT APPLICABLE
<b>pH</b>	NOT APPLICABLE
<b>Vapour density</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Specific gravity</b>	NOT APPLICABLE
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	SOLUBLE
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	4660 kPa @ 25°C
<b>Upper explosion limit</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Lower explosion limit</b>	NOT RELEVANT
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Autoignition temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Viscosity</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Explosive properties</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	NOT AVAILABLE
<b>Odour threshold</b>	NOT AVAILABLE

**9.2 Other information**

<b>Critical temperature</b>	51.4°C
<b>Density</b>	1.27 (Air = 1)
<b>% Volatiles</b>	100 %
<b>Critical pressure</b>	8258 kPa

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**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

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**10.1 Reactivity**

Reactions with water will form hydrochloric acid.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Polymerization will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid exposure to moisture.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alcohols, dinitroanilines, cyanides, sulphides, most metals and heat sources. Corrodes most materials when moist.

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

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### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Toxic if inhaled. Causes irritation of upper respiratory tract after short exposure. More severe exposures result in pulmonary oedema and often laryngeal spasm.
	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE LC50 (Inhalation): 3124 ppm / 1 hour (rat)
<b>Skin</b>	Corrosive. Irritating and corrosive in contact with skin. Skin burns exhibit severe pain, redness, possible swelling and early necrosis. Direct contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may cause frost-bite injury.
<b>Eye</b>	Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and corneal burns with possible permanent eye damage. Direct contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may cause frost-bite injury.
<b>Sensitization</b>	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	Not classified as a mutagen.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Not classified as a carcinogen.
<b>Reproductive</b>	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
<b>STOT – single exposure</b>	Corrosive - toxic. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and shortness of breath (dyspnoea). High level exposure may result in ulceration of the respiratory tract, lung tissue damage and pulmonary oedema. Effects may be delayed.
<b>STOT – repeated exposure</b>	Repeated exposure may result in chronic bronchitis and shortness of breath.
<b>Aspiration</b>	Not classified as causing aspiration.

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### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

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#### **12.1 Toxicity**

No information provided.

#### **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

No information provided.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

No information provided.

#### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

No information provided.

#### **12.5 Other adverse effects**

No information provided.

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### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

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#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

<b>Waste disposal</b>	Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.
<b>Legislation</b>	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

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### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

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CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
<b>14.1 UN Number</b>	1050	1050	1050
<b>14.2 Proper Shipping Name</b>	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS
<b>14.3 Transport hazard classes</b>	2.3, 8	2.3, 8	2.3, 8
<b>14.4 Packing Group</b>	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

**14.5 Environmental hazards**    No information provided

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

Hazchem code            2RE

GTEPG                    2B8

EMS                        F-C, S-U

**Other information**            Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and foodstuffs.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Poison schedule**            Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications**            Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

**Hazard codes**            C            Corrosive  
                                 T            Toxic

**Risk phrases**            R23            Toxic by inhalation.  
                                 R35            Causes severe burns.

**Safety phrases**            S9            Keep container in a well ventilated place.  
                                 S26            In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice  
                                 S36/37/39    Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.  
                                 S45            In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

**Inventory listing(s)**        **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)**  
                                 All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Additional information**        The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas withdrawal: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:**

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
pH	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm	Parts Per Million
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average

**Revision history**

Revision	Description
2.0	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Initial SDS creation

**Report status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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**[ End of SDS ]**