

1. Identification

Product identifier Solder Seal/Gunk HydroSeal II Heavy Duty Parts Cleaner

Other means of identification

SDS number HS5K
Part No. HS3K, HS5LB, HS5K
Tariff code 3814.00.5090

Recommended use Parts Cleaner

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name RSC Chemical Solutions
Address 600 Radiator Road
 Indian Trail, NC 28079
 United States
Telephone Customer Service: (704) 821-7643
 Technical: (704) 684-1811
Website www.rscbrands.com
E-mail sds@rscbrands.com
Emergency phone number Emergency Telephone: (303) 623-5716
 Emergency Contact: RMPDC (877-740-5015)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 4
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

80.54% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 51.43% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Arom.		64742-95-6	30 - < 40
2-Butoxyethanol		111-76-2	20 - < 30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	5 - < 10
Trimethylbenzene		25551-13-7	5 - < 10
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		526-73-8	1 - < 3
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone		872-50-4	1 - < 3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-		98-82-8	1 - < 3
Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene)		108-67-8	1 - < 3
Triéthanolamine		102-71-6	1 - < 3
DIETHANOLAMINE		111-42-2	< 1
Other components below reportable levels			20 - < 30

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures**Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air mixtures. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Combustible liquid.
6. Accidental release measures	
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3
		50 ppm
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3
		50 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHY L- (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	125 mg/m3
		25 ppm
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	25 ppm 24 mg/m3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	5 ppm 245 mg/m3
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm 15 mg/m3
Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	3 ppm 125 mg/m3
		25 ppm

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m3 10 ppm

Biological limit values
ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Urine	*
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines
US - California OELs: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Skin designation applies.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
-------------------------------	-----------------------------------

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles)
----------------------------	--

Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece if threshold limits are exceeded.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Pale yellow
Odor	Aromatic
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-102.64 °F (-74.8 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	335.12 °F (168.4 °C) estimated
Flash point	160.0 °F (71.1 °C) Tag Closed Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.7 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	5 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	4.66 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °F (210 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	7.65 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Combustible IIIA estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	41.57 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.92
VOC (Weight %)	< 45%

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
-------------------	---

Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 48 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	6 g/kg
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg
	Rat	3914 mg/kg
		4.2 ml/kg
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	400 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	700 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	450 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	1.2 g/kg
	Mouse	1.2 g/kg
	Rabbit	0.32 g/kg
	Rat	560 mg/kg
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	11.9 ml/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	710 mg/kg
Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	5300 mg/kg
	Rat	8 g/kg
Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	1250 mg/l, 96 hours
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	100 mg/l, 96 hours
Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Goldfish (Carassius auratus)	9.89 - 15.05 mg/l, 96 hours
Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	565.2 - 658.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	10610 - 13010 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.**Bioaccumulative potential****Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.54
2-Butoxyethanol	0.83
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-	3.66
DIETHANOLAMINE	-1.43
Triéthanolamine	-1

Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	Petroleum Products, n.o.s. (Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Arom.), MARINE POLLUTANT (Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum) Light Aromatic)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	None
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging exceptions	156, 306
Packaging non bulk	156, 306
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	Petroleum Products, n.o.s. (Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Arom.)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	9L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1268
UN proper shipping name	Petroleum Products, n.o.s. (Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Arom.)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and
the IBC Code

Not established.

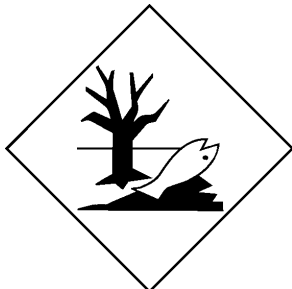
DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Listed.
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed.
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	20 - < 30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5 - < 10
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	1 - < 3
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL-	98-82-8	1 - < 3
DIETHANOLAMINE	111-42-2	< 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), Light Arom. (CAS 64742-95-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)

Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)

Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)

DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

Mesitylene; (1,3,5-trimethylbenzene) (CAS 108-67-8)

Triéthanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Trimethylbenzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)
1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)
BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8)
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

BENZENE,1-METHYLETHYL- (CAS 98-82-8) Listed: April 6, 2010
DIETHANOLAMINE (CAS 111-42-2) Listed: June 22, 2012

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Listed: June 15, 2001

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

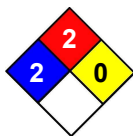
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-24-2015
Revision date	04-07-2016
Version #	03
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2* Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information

Product and Company Identification: Product Uses
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients
Exposure controls/personal protection: Eye/face protection
Exposure controls/personal protection: Respiratory protection
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties
Transport Information: Material Transportation Information
GHS: Classification