# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# 1. Product and Company Identification

Material name Green Diesel R100 Renewable Diesel

Version # 03

 Issue date
 04-November-2012

 Revision date
 13-June-2013

 Supersedes date
 22-May-2013

 CAS #
 1159170-26-9

MSDS Number R100

**Product use**This product is intended for use as a refinery feedstock, fuel or for use in engineered processes.

Use in other applications may result in higher exposures and require additional controls, such as

local exhaust ventilation and personal protective equipment.

Synonym(s) Green Diesel, Renewable Diesel, R99, R100

See section 16 for complete information.

Manufacturer/Supplier Diamond Green Diesel

14891 Airline Drive Norco. LA 70079

US

General Assistance 504-471-1400

**Emergency** 24 Hour Emergency 866-565-5220

1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC USA)

### 2. Hazards Identification

Physical state Liquid.

Appearance Colorless liquid.

Emergency overview WARNING!

Combustible liquid and vapor. Will be easily ignited by heat, spark or flames. Heat may cause the

containers to explode.

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. High vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system effects. Suspect cancer hazard - may cause cancer. The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully investigated. Static accumulating flammable materials can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite

material and vapor may cause flash fire (or explosion).

**OSHA** regulatory status

This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure Inhalation. Ingestion.

**Eyes** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

SkinProlonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.InhalationHigh vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system effects.IngestionHarmful if swallowed - may enter lungs if swallowed or vomited.

**Target organs** Respiratory system. Central nervous system.

Chronic effects Suspect cancer hazard - may cause cancer. Exposure may cause lung cancer and also noted a

positive association with an increased risk of bladder cancer.

Potential environmental effects Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS#	Percent	
Fuels, diesel, C9-18-alkane branched and linear	1159170-26-9	100	

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#### 4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention.

In case of irritation from airborne exposure, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms

persist.

Skin contact Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

Inhalation If symptomatic, move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. If victim is fully

conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If

vomiting occurs, keep head lower than the hips to help prevent aspiration.

Notes to physician In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Symptoms may be delayed. Keep victim under

observation. Treat symptomatically. The toxicological properties of this material have not been fully

investigated.

General advice If exposed or concerned: get medical attention/advice. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of

the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet

to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties Combustible liquid and vapor. Containers may explode when heated.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water. Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back. Sensitive to static discharge. The product can accumulate electrostatic charges, which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

Protective equipment and

precautions for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or any discoloration of tanks due to fire. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Vapors may form explosive air mixtures even at room temperature. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Use compatible foam to minimize vapor generation as needed.

Specific methods

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use water spray to cool unopened

containers. Prevent build-up of vapors or gasses to explosive concentrations.

**Hazardous combustion** 

products

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrocarbons.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

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Prepared by 3E Company

#### **Environmental precautions**

If facility or operation has an "oil or hazardous substance contingency plan", activate its procedures. Stay upwind and away from spill. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Do not enter or stay in area unless monitoring indicates that it is safe to do so. Isolate hazard area and restrict entry to emergency crew. Flammable. Review Firefighting Measures, Section 5, before proceeding with clean up. Keep all sources of ignition (flames, smoking, flares, etc.) and hot surfaces away from release. Contain spill in smallest possible area. Recover as much product as possible (e.g. by vacuuming). Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Spilled material may be absorbed by an appropriate absorbent, and then handled in accordance with environmental regulations. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment or drainage systems and natural waterways. Contact fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. If spill of any amount is made into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines, contact the National Response Center at 1-800-424-8802. For highway or railways spills, contact Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300.

#### **Methods for containment**

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. This material is a water pollutant and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Small Spills: Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Should not be released into the environment.

#### Other information

Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

### 7. Handling and Storage

### Handling

Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid release to the environment.

### Storage

Flammable liquid storage. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep out of the reach of children.

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

# Occupational exposure limits Engineering controls

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment.

## Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection
Skin protection

Wear safety glasses. If splash potential exists, wear full face shield or chemical goggles.

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Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves. Full body suit and boots are recommended when handling large volumes or in emergency situations. Flame retardant protective clothing is recommended.

### Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn. Proper respirator selection should be determined by adequately trained personnel, based on the contaminants, the degree of potential exposure and published respiratory protection factors. This equipment should be available for nonroutine and emergency

General hygiene considerations

Consult supervisor for special handling instructions. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Keep away from food and drink. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Colorless liquid.

Physical stateLiquid.FormLiquid.ColorColorless.

**Odor** Odorless to mild paraffin.

Odor thresholdNot available.pHNot available.Vapor pressureNot available.

Vapor density > 1

**Boiling point** 354.2 - 588.2 °F (179 - 309 °C)

Melting point/Freezing pointNot available.Solubility (water)InsolubleSpecific gravityNot available.

Flash point 132.8 - 136.4 °F (56.0 - 58.0 °C)

Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume

Not available.

Flammability limits in air,

lower, % by volume

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature 494.6 °F (257 °C) Viscosity 1.9 - 4.1 cP (40°C)

Other data

**Density** 0.77 g/ml (15°C)

# 10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

**Chemical stability** Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not pressurize,

Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Acids. Alkalis.

cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks, static

electricity, or other sources of ignition; they may explode and cause injury or death.

Incompatible materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No nazardous decomposition products are known.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**Sensitization** No sensitizing effects known.

Acute effects Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. In high concentrations, vapors and spray mists

are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. The toxicological

properties of this material have not been evaluated.

**Chronic effects** Suspect cancer hazard - may cause cancer.

Carcinogenicity International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): Whole diesel engine exhaust – IARC Group

1. Exposure may cause lung cancer and also noted a positive association with an increased risk

of bladder cancer.

**Neurological effects** May cause central nervous system disorder (e.g., narcosis involving a loss of coordination,

weakness, fatigue) and/or damage.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed. Toxicological properties of this material have not been fully

investigated.

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### 12. Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity**Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and degradability Not available.

Bioaccumulation / Not available.

Accumulation

Mobility in environmental No

media

No data available.

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 °F

**Disposal instructions**Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Dispose of this material and its container to

hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not

contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

## 14. Transport Information

### DOT

**Basic shipping requirements:** 

UN number UN1202
Proper shipping name Diesel fuel

Hazard class Combustible Liquid

Packing group

**Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes

Additional information:

Special provisions 144, B1, IB3, T2, TP1

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk203Packaging bulk242

**IATA** 

UN number UN1202
UN proper shipping name Gas oil
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG code 3L

**IMDG** 

UN number UN1202 UN proper shipping name DIESEL FUEL

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-E, S-E

**TDG** 

UN number UN1202
Proper shipping name DIESEL FUEL
Hazard class Combustible Liquid

Packing group III
Marine pollutant Yes
Special provisions 82, 88

## 15. Regulatory Information

**US federal regulations** This product is hazardous according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

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### CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

None

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Section 302 extremely hazardous substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A)

No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Drug Enforcement

Not controlled

Administration (DEA) (21 CFR

1308.11-15)

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled

Products Regulations, Section 33, and the MSDS contains all required information.

WHMIS status Controlled

WHMIS classification B3 - Combustible Liquids

D2A - Other Toxic Effects-VERY TOXIC D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC

### WHMIS labeling





#### Inventory status

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

Yes

### State regulations

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Not listed

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List** 

Not regulated.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Not regulated.

Mexico regulations This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Official Mexican Standard

(NOM-018-STPS-2000).

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A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other Information

Other information Note: This material Safety Data Sheet applies to the listed products and synonym descriptions for

Hazard Communication purposes only. Technical Specifications vary greatly depending on the products and are not reflected in this document. Consult specification sheets for technical

information.

HMIS® ratings Health: 2\*

Flammability: 2 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

**Disclaimer** This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) was prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 by

Diamond Green Diesel. Diamond Green Diesel does not assume any liability arising out of product use by others. The information, recommendations, and suggestions presented in this MSDS are based upon test results and data believed to be reliable. The end user of the product has the responsibility for evaluating the adequacy of the data under the conditions of use, determining the safety, toxicity and suitability of the product under these conditions, and obtaining additional or clarifying information where uncertainty exists. No guarantee expressed or implied is made as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained, or the safety and toxicity of the product in any specific application. Furthermore, the information herein is not represented as absolutely

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use, or because of applicable laws or government regulations.