

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier		
Trade name or designation of the mixture	SEPTRIN FOR INFUSION	
Registration number	-	
Synonyms	PARA PERFUSAO INTRAVI INJECTION * SEPTRIN IV A SEPTRIN ROZTWOR DO IN	ULE 400/80 MG/5 ML * SEPTRIN I.V * SEPTRIN I.V SOLUCAO NOSA * SEPTRIN IM INJECTION * SEPTRIN INFUSION * SEPTRIN MPOULS * SEPTRIN IV INFUSION * SEPTRIN IV INJECTION * EKEJI 480 MG/5 ML * SEPTRIN SOLUCION INFUSION I.V 5 ML * PHAMETHOXAZOLE AND TRIMETHOPRIM, FORMULATED
Issue date	09-December-2014	
Version number	07	
Revision date	09-December-2014	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and	uses advised against
Identified uses	Medicinal Product.	
	handling this formulated proc to medicinal use of the produ information/package insert/pi	en to provide health, safety and environmental information for people uct in the workplace. It is not intended to provide information relevant ct. In this instance patients should consult prescribing oduct label or consult their pharmacist or physician. For health and al ingredients used during manufacturing, refer to the appropriate redient.
Uses advised against	No other uses are advised.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of th	e safety data sheet	
	GlaxoSmithKline UK 980 Great West Road Brentford, Middlesex TW8 90 UK General Information (nor Email Address: msds@gs Website: www.gsk.	nal business hours): +44-20-8047-5000 k.com
1.4. Emergency telephone		
number		· • ·
	TRANSPORT EMERGENCII UK In-country toll call:	+(44)-870-8200418
	International toll call:	+1 703 527 3887
	available 24 hrs/7 days; mult	language response

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

2.3. Other hazards Flammable liquid and vapour.

Caution - Pharmaceutical agent. See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	INDEX No.	Notes
/0		REA011 Rogion anon No.	INDEX NO.	NOLES

		%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	. INDEX No.	Notes
Propylene glycol		< 50	57-55-6	-	-	
Classification:	DSD:		200-338-0			
Classification.	CLP:					
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-9	9%	< 15	64-17-5		603-002-00-5	
	370	\$ 10	200-578-6		000-002-00-0	
Classification:	DSD:	F;R11, Xi;R36				
	CLP:	Flam. Liq. 2;H2	25, Eye Irrit. 2;H319,	Carc. 1A;H350		
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		< 10	723-46-6 211-963-3	-	-	
Classification:	DSD:	R52/53				
	CLP:	Aquatic Chroni	c 2;H411			
TRIMETHOPRIM		2	738-70-5 212-006-2	-	-	
Classification:	DSD:	Xn;R22				
	CLP:	Acute Tox. 4;H	302			
SODIUM HYDROXIDE		< 2	1310-73-2 215-185-5	-	011-002-00-6	
		0 005				
Classification:	DSD:	C;R35				
Other components below t of abbreviations and sy	CLP: v reporta ymbols	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use)	12, Skin Corr. 1A;H314		
Other components below at of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community) ed above substance. ance. v workplace exposure	limit(s).		
Other components below at of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al) ed above substance. ance. v workplace exposure			
Other components below at of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of acco where possible).) ed above ubstance. ance. / workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un	limit(s).		
Other components below t of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments ECTION 4: First aid r	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu neasu	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of acc vhere possible). orecautions to pro es Move to fresh air.) ed above substance. ance. / workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un Ensure that medical p otect themselves.	limit(s). displayed in section 16. well, seek medical advice ir	naterial(s) involved, give oxygen. Call a	and take
Other components below at of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments ECTION 4: First aid re neral information	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu fi measu M s e	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of acco where possible). precautions to pro- res Move to fresh air. symptoms develor expected to be an mmediately flush	ed above abstance. ance. workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un Ensure that medical p otect themselves. If breathing is difficul op or persist. Under no n inhalation hazard.	limit(s). displayed in section 16. well, seek medical advice in personnel are aware of the r t, trained personnel should ormal conditions of intended ater. Take off contaminated	naterial(s) involved, give oxygen. Call a d use, this material i	and take physicia s not
Other components below t of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments ECTION 4: First aid r neral information . Description of first aid Inhalation	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of accovhere possible). orecautions to pro- es Move to fresh air. symptoms develo expected to be an mmediately flush Get medical atter	ed above aubstance. ance. workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un Ensure that medical p otect themselves. If breathing is difficul op or persist. Under no inhalation hazard.	limit(s). displayed in section 16. well, seek medical advice in personnel are aware of the r t, trained personnel should ormal conditions of intended ater. Take off contaminated	naterial(s) involved, give oxygen. Call a d use, this material i clothing and wash	and take physicia s not
Other components below at of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments ECTION 4: First aid r neral information . Description of first aid Inhalation Skin contact	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu f measu M s e f f f f f f f f f f	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of acc where possible). orecautions to pro- es Move to fresh air. symptoms develo expected to be air mmediately flush Get medical atter Rinse thoroughly f swallowed, rins amount does occ	ed above substance. ance. workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un Ensure that medical p otect themselves. If breathing is difficul op or persist. Under no ninhalation hazard. If skin with plenty of water for with plenty of water for e mouth with water (co	limit(s). displayed in section 16. well, seek medical advice in personnel are aware of the r t, trained personnel should ormal conditions of intended ater. Take off contaminated ur.	naterial(s) involved, give oxygen. Call a d use, this material is clothing and wash consult a physician. us). If ingestion of a	and take physicia s not before re large
Other components below t of abbreviations and sy CLP: Regulation No. 127 DSD: Directive 67/548/E M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and PBT: persistent, bioaccu #: This substance has be mposition comments ECTION 4: First aid re- neral information . Description of first aid Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact	CLP: v reporta ymbols 72/2008. EC. d very b mulative een assig neasu function measu function measu function fun	Acute Tox. 3;H able levels < 30 that may be use ioaccumulative s and toxic subst gned Community The full text for al res n the case of accovhere possible). precautions to pro- ves Move to fresh air. symptoms develo expected to be an mmediately flush Set medical atter Rinse thoroughly f swallowed, rins amount does occ advice from poiso	ed above above ance. workplace exposure I R- and H-phrases is cident or if you feel un Ensure that medical p otect themselves. If breathing is difficul op or persist. Under no inhalation hazard. If skin with plenty of water for with plenty of water for e mouth with water (co ur, call a poison contro on control center.	limit(s). displayed in section 16. well, seek medical advice in personnel are aware of the r t, trained personnel should ormal conditions of intended ater. Take off contaminated ur. or at least 15 minutes and c nly if the person is consciou	material(s) involved, give oxygen. Call a d use, this material is clothing and wash consult a physician. us). If ingestion of a lot induce vomiting v	and take physicia s not before re large

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards

Flammable liquid and vapour.

5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapours or divert vapour cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid release to the environment. No special control measures required for the normal handling of this product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Medicinal Product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

GSK			
Components	Туре	Value	Note
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE (CAS 723-46-6)	8 HR TWA	2000 mcg/m3	
	OHC	1	
TRIMETHOPRIM (CAS 738-70-5)	8 HR TWA	500 mcg/m3	
	OHC	2	
TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)A MINOMETHANE (CAS 77-86-1)	OHC	1	PROVISIONAL

UK. EH40 Workplace Expos Components	ure Limits (WELs) Type	Value	Form
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1920 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6)	TWA	474 mg/m3	Total vapour and particulates.
		10 mg/m3	Particulate.
		150 ppm	Total vapour and particulates.
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)	STEL	2 mg/m3	
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the	ingredient(s).	
Recommended monitoring procedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		
Derived no-effect level (DNEL)	Not available.		
Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)	Not available.		
Exposure guidelines			
8.2. Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	General ventilation normally adequate. An operations involving this material based up outcome of a site- or operation-specific risk	on the OEL/Occupational	
Individual protection measures,	such as personal protective equipment		
General information	Personal protection equipment should be of discussion with the supplier of the personal personal protective equipment (PPE) is use	I protective equipment. Fo	
Eye/face protection	If contact is likely, safety glasses with side needed.	shields are recommended	. (e.g. EN 166). Not normally
Skin protection			
- Hand protection	For prolonged or repeated skin contact use resistant protective gloves (EN 374) with a normally needed.		
- Other	Wear suitable protective clothing as protec splashes, EN ISO 13982 for dust). Not nor		contamination. (EN 14605 for
Respiratory protection	When workers are facing concentrations all certified respirators. Where breathable aer gases/vapours of organic, inorganic, acid in EN 14387). No personal respiratory protect	osols/dust are formed, use norganic, alkaline compou	suitable combination filter for nds and toxic particles (eg.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothin	ng, when necessary.	
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene me and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking equipment to remove contaminants. For a from a qualified environment, health and sa	g. Routinely wash work clo dvice on suitable monitorin	othing and protective
Environmental exposure contro	ls		
Hazard guidance and control recommendations	Inform appropriate managerial or supervise	ory personnel of all enviror	nmental releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physic	al and chemical pro
Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aqueous solution.
Colour	Not available.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling	Not available.

range

Flash point	44 - 45 °C (111.2 - 113 °F) Closed cup (Estimation based on components).
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	olosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Solubility (other)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not available.
9.2. Other information	No relevant additional information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	Strong acids.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidising agents. Peroxides. Phenols.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the product's decomposition.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Oral LD50

General information	Occupational exposure to the	substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.	
Information on likely route	s of exposure		
Inhalation	Under normal conditions of in	tended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.	
Skin contact	Health injuries are not known	Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.	
Eye contact	Health injuries are not known	Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.	
Ingestion	Health injuries are not known	or expected under normal use.	
Symptoms	Accidental exposure or contact	ct might produce: nausea, fever, diarrhoea.	
11.1. Information on toxico	logical effects		
Acute toxicity		Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel. Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.	
Components	Species	Test results	
Components ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99%	•	Test results	
	•	Test results	
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99%	•	Test results	
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99%	•	Test results > 2000 mg/kg	
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% Acute Oral	(CAS 64-17-5) Rat		
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% Acute Oral LD50	(CAS 64-17-5) Rat		
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% (Acute Oral LD50 SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS	(CAS 64-17-5) Rat		
ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% Acute Oral LD50 SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS Acute	(CAS 64-17-5) Rat		

Rat

104 - 340 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test results
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE (CAS 723	8-46-6)	
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
TRIMETHOPRIM (CAS 738-70-5)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1360 mg/kg
* Estimates for product may be	e based on additional compone	nt data not shown.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Health injuries are not known	or expected under normal use. May be irritating to the skin.
Corrosivity		
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Acute dermal irritation
		Result: negative Species: Rabbit
Irritation Corrosion - Skin		
TRIMETHOPRIM		Acute dermal irritation
		Result: negative Species: Rabbit
Serious eye damage/eye	Health injuries are not known	or expected under normal use. May be irritating to eyes.
irritation		
Eye		
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Acute ocular irritation
		Result: negative Species: Rabbit
Respiratory sensitisation	Under normal conditions of int	tended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.
Skin sensitisation		or expected under normal use.
Sensitisation		
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Maximisation assay (Magnusson and Kligman)
		Result: negative
TRIMETHOPRIM		Species: Guinea pig Maximisation assay (Magnusson and Kligman)
TRIME THOF RIM		Result: negative
		Species: Guinea pig
Germ cell mutagenicity	Health injuries are not known	or expected under normal use.
Mutagenicity		
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Ames Assay, GLP assay Result: negative
TRIMETHOPRIM		Ames Assay, GLP assay; Literature data
		Result: negative
		Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, CHO cells, Literature data
		Result: Equivocal (chromosome damage)
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, human peripheral
		lymphocytes Result: negative
TRIMETHOPRIM		Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, human peripheral
-		lymphocytes, Literature data
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Result: negative
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Micronucleus Assay in vitro, cultured human peripheral lymphocytes
		Result: positive
TRIMETHOPRIM		Micronucleus Assay in vitro, cultured human peripheral
		lymphocytes, Literature data Result: positive
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		Syrian Hamster Embryo (SHE) cell transformation assay
Coroinogonicity	Carcinogonic offects are not a	Result: positive expected as a result of occupational exposure. High concentrations
Carcinogenicity		n extended period of time were required to produce adverse effects.
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE		2 year bioassay
		Result: Positive (thyroid tumours) Species: Rat
TRIMETHOPRIM		SAR / QSAR, DEREK, Lhasa, UK
		Result: No structual alerts identified.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity			
SULFAMETHOXAZOLE (CAS 723-46-6)		3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity		ealth injuries are not known or expected under normal use. These effects are linked only to high ses of this substance; low doses did not produce this adverse effect.	
Reproductivity TRIMETHOPRIM		Embryo-foetal development - Oral, Literature data Result: Teratogenic and embryotoxic; folic acid antagonist; adverse effects noted at oral doses 40X equivalent of therapeutic dose Species: Rat Embryo-foetal development - Oral, Literature data Result: Teratogenic and embryotoxic; folic acid antagonist; adverse effects noted at oral doses 6X equivalent of therapeutic dose Species: Rabbit Fertility, Literature data Result: NOAEL / fertility = 70 mg/kg/day (male) and 14 mg/kg/day (female) (maximum doses) Species: Rat	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not assigned.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not assigned.		
Aspiration hazard	No studies have been conduc	ted.	
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.		
Other information	Caution - Pharmaceutical age adverse effects.	nt. Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	Contains a su	ibstance which causes risk of hazardous e	effects to the environment.
Components		Species	Test results
Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6)			
Acute			
	IC50	Activated sludge	> 1000 mg/l, 3 hours
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	19000 mg/l, 14 days
	NOEC	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	15000 mg/l, 14 days
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	43500 mg/l, 48 hours
	NOEC	Daphnia	28500 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	EC50	Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales promelas)	51400 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
		Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhyncus mykiss)	51600 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
	NOEC	Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales promelas)	41000 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
		Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhyncus mykiss)	42000 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
Microtox	EC50	Microtox	51400 mg/l, 30 minutes
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 13	310-73-2)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Fish	EC50	Mosquito fish (Adult Gambusia affinis)	125 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
		Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhyncus mykiss)	45.4 mg/l, 96 hours Static test

SULFAMETHOXAZOLE (CAS		Species	Test results
USE ANE HUNALULE (UAS	6 723-46-6)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Activated Sludge Respiration	IC50	Residential sludge	> 100 mg/l, 3 hours Nominal, OECD 209
Algae	EC50	Blue-green algae (S. leopolensis)	0.0268 mg/l, 96 hours Measured
	NOEC	Blue-green algae (S. leopolensis)	0.0059 mg/l
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	15.51 mg/l, 48 hours OECD 202
		Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 100 mg/l, 48 hours , OECD 202
Fish	EC50	Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhyncus mykiss)	> 1000 mg/l
	NOEC	Zebra fish (Adult Brachydanio rerio)	> 8 mg/l, 10 days
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	0.25 mg/l, 7 days 7 day static renewal, EPA 1002 Method
TRIMETHOPRIM (CAS 738-7	0-5)		
Acute	IC50	Activated sludge	17.8 mg/l
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)	110 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	123 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	NOEC	Zebra fish (Adult Brachydanio rerio)	100 mg/l, 72 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	LOEC	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	10 mg/l, 7 days 7 day static renewal
	NOEC	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	5.6 mg/l, 7 days
* Estimates for product m	ay be based on	additional component data not shown.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis		additional component data not shown.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis			ed
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZO Half-life (Photolysis	s-aqueous)	1.3 - 2.3 years Estimat 2.4 Days Measured	ed
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZC	s-aqueous)	1.3 - 2.3 years Estimat	ed
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZC Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol Biodegradability	s-aqueous) DLE s-atmospheric)	1.3 - 2.3 years Estimat 2.4 Days Measured 32 Hours Estimated	ed
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZO Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol Biodegradability Percent degradation	s-aqueous) DLE s-atmospheric)	1.3 - 2.3 years Estimat 2.4 Days Measured 32 Hours Estimated egradation-inherent)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability Photolysis Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZC Half-life (Photolysis Propylene glycol Biodegradability	s-aqueous) DLE s-atmospheric)	1.3 - 2.3 years Estimat 2.4 Days Measured 32 Hours Estimated egradation-inherent) 62 %, 5 days BOD5, A	ctivated sludge
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TRIMETHOPRIM		3 Estimated
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Adsorption Sludge/biomass distribu SULFAMETHOXAZOLE TRIMETHOPRIM Soil/sediment sorption - TRIMETHOPRIM	-	0.01 Measured, pH 7 1.88 Measured 1.88 Estimated
Mobility in general		
Volatility Henry's law Propylene glycol SULFAMETHOXAZOLE TRIMETHOPRIM		0 atm m ³ /mol Estimated 0 atm m ³ /mol, 25 C Estimated 0 atm m ³ /mol Estimated
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Not available.	
12.6. Other adverse effects	Not available.	
SECTION 13: Disposal con	siderations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Residual waste	product residues. This materia	local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some I and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: ischarge into water courses or onto the ground.
Contaminated packaging		ken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is
EU waste code	The Waste code should be ass disposal company.	signed in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste
Disposal methods/information	•	in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not urses or onto the ground. Dispose in accordance with all applicable
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all	applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

ADI	τ	
	14.1. UN number	UN1170
	14.2. UN proper shipping	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)
	name	
	14.3. Transport hazard class((es)
	Class	3
	Subsidiary risk	-
	Label(s)	3
	Hazard No. (ADR)	30
	Tunnel code	D/E
	14.4. Packing group	III
	14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
	14.6. Special precautions	Not available.
	for user	
IAT	Α	
	14.1. UN number	UN1170
	14.2. UN proper shipping	Ethanol solution
	name	
	14.3. Transport hazard	3
	class(es)	
	Subsidiary class(es)	-
	14.4. Packing group	
	14.5. Environmental hazards	No.
	Labels required	3
	ERG Code	3L
	14.6. Special precautions	Not available.
	for user	
	Other information	
	Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

Additional Information: Passenger & cargo Allowed. IMDG 14.1. UN number UN1170 ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION) 14.2. UN proper shipping name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 Subsidiary risk _ Label(s) 3 14.4. Packing group ||| 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No. F-E. S-D EmS 14.6. Special precautions Not available. for user 14.7. Transport in bulk MARPOL Annex II applies to liquids used in a ship's operation that pose a threat to the marine environment. These materials may not be transported in bulk. according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

ADR; IATA; IMDG

General information



Classifications are for the material when offered for transport as fully regulated. Depending on the specific transport details (Ship-From/Ship To locations, quantities being shipped, type of packaging and mode of transport) it may be possible to ship this material in a manner other than fully regulated. (One example is IATA Limited or Excepted Quantity. There are others.) Be sure to review all regulatory agency packaging instructions and special provisions, referenced in this section, to identify options applicable to the specifics of your shipment.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex II
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 1 as amended
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 2 as amended
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 3 as amended
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry
Not listed.
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA
Not listed.
Authorisations
Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% (CAS 64-17-5)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work

Not listed.

Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso II) on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances Not listed.

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work ETHYL ALCOHOL, 90-99% (CAS 64-17-5)

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-73-2)

Other regulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.
National regulations	Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations	Not available.
References	GSK Hazard Determination
Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.
Full text of any statements or R-phrases and H-statements under Sections 2 to 15	R10 Flammable. R11 Highly flammable. R22 Harmful if swallowed.
	R35 Causes severe burns.
	R36 Irritating to eyes.
	R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H350 May cause cancer.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Revision information	Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification Composition / Information on Ingredients: Undisclosed Ingredient Statement Physical & Chemical Properties: Ecological Information: Ecotoxicity Transport Information: Material Transportation Information Regulatory Information: Risk Phrases - Class. GHS: Classification
Training information	Follow training instructions when handling this material.
Disclaimer	The information and recommendations in this safety data sheet are, to the best of our knowledge, accurate as of the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty, express or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the applicability of this information and the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.