SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation

of the mixture

CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

Registration number

Synonyms

FORMULA: MF 1161 CORSODYL ANISEED MOUTHWASH * FORMULA: MF 2322 CORSODYL

MINT MOUTHWASH * MW-SP-0012/2 * CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE, FORMULATED

PRODUCT

Issue date 21-March-2014

Version number

21-March-2014 **Revision date** 21-March-2014 Supersedes date

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Medicinal Product

> This safety data sheet is written to provide health, safety and environmental information for people handling this formulated product in the workplace. It is not intended to provide information relevant

to medicinal use of the product. In this instance patients should consult prescribing

information/package insert/product label or consult their pharmacist or physician. For health and safety information for individual ingredients used during manufacturing, refer to the appropriate

safety data sheet for each ingredient.

Uses advised against No other uses are advised.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

GlaxoSmithKline UK 980 Great West Road

Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9GS UK

UK General Information (normal business hours): +44-20-8047-5000

Email Address: msds@gsk.com Website: www.gsk.com

1.4. Emergency telephone

number

TRANSPORT EMERGENCIES::

UK In-country toll call: +(44)-870-8200418 International toll call: +1 703 527 3887

available 24 hrs/7 days; multi-language response

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Exempt from requirements - product regulated as a medicinal product, cosmetic product or medical device.

Supplemental label information None.

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

2.3. Other hazards See section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

CAS-No. / EC No. REACH Registration No. INDEX No. **Chemical name** % **Notes**

D-SORBITOL 5 - < 10 50-70-4

200-061-5

Classification: DSD: -

CLP: -

ETHANOL 5 - 6 64-17-5 603-002-00-5

200-578-6

Classification: **DSD:** F;R11, Xi;R36

> Flam. Liq. 2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;H319 CLP:

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE 0.2 - 1.218472-51-0

242-354-0

Classification: **DSD:** T+;R26, Xi;R36/38, N;R51/53

Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Acute Tox. 2;H330, Aquatic

Chronic 2;H411

PEPPERMINT OIL < 0.38006-90-4

Classification: **DSD:** Xi;R38, R43, N;R51/53

Skin Irrit. 2;H315, Skin Sens. 1;H317, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411

Other components below reportable levels 80 - < 90

CLP: Regulation No. 1272/2008.

DSD: Directive 67/548/EEC.

M: M-factor

vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.

#: This substance has been assigned Community workplace exposure limit(s).

The full text for all R- and H-phrases is displayed in section 16. **Composition comments**

SECTION 4: First aid measures

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label General information

where possible). Pre-placement and periodic health surveillance is not usually indicated. The final determination of the need for health surveillance should be determined by local risk assessment.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if Eye contact

irritation develops and persists.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison Ingestion

control centre immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Vapours have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. No specific antidotes are recommended. Treat according to locally accepted protocols. For additional guidance, refer to the local poison control information centre.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards Flammable liquid and vapour.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. By heating and fire, harmful vapours/gases may be formed. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Fully encapsulating, vapour protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. Avoid breathing vapour. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Medicinal Product

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

cupational exposure limits			
GSK Components	Туре	Value	
CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE (CAS 18472-51-0)	8 HR TWA	100 mcg/m3	
,	OHC	3	
D-SORBITOL (CAS 50-70-4)	OHC	1	
UK. EH40 Workplace Exposi	ure Limits (WELs)		
Components	Туре	Value	
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1920 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
commended monitoring cedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		
rived No Effect Level (DNEL)	Not available.		

pro

Rec

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) Not available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

No particular ventilation requirements. An Exposure Control Approach (ECA) is established for operations involving this material based upon the OEL/Occupational Hazard Category and the

outcome of a site- or operation-specific risk assessment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Not normally needed. Follow all local regulations if personal protective equipment (PPE) is used in

the workplace.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). (eg. EN 166)

Skin protection

- Hand protection The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality

features and is different from one producer to the other. Glove selection must take into account any solvents and other hazards present. Select suitable chemical resistant protective gloves (EN

374) with a protective index 6 (>480min permeation time).

Wear suitable protective clothing. (EN 14605 for splashes, EN ISO 13982 for dust) - Other

Respiratory protection No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

For advice on suitable monitoring methods, seek guidance from a qualified environment, health Hygiene measures

and safety professional.

Environmental exposure controls

Not available. Hazard guidance and control recommendations

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Colour Colourless. Odour Not available. **Odour threshold** Not available.

5.1 - 5.3 (100 % solution, 22 °C (71.6 °F)) pН

Melting point/freezing point Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point 54 °C (129.2 °F) Closed cup. (Does not support sustained combustion)

Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Not available. Vapour pressure Not available. Vapour density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. Solubility (other) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. **Viscosity** Not available. **Explosive properties** Not available. Oxidizing properties

No relevant additional information available. 9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. 10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous

Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the products decomposition.

decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Skin contactHealth injuries are not known or expected under normal use. **Eye contact**Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be harmful if swallowed.

Components **Species** Test results CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE (CAS 18472-51-0) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 0.3 - 0.43 mg/l chlorhexidine diacetate Oral LD50 Rat 2000 mg/kg **Subchronic** Dermal LOEL Rabbit 250 mg/kg/day minimal irritationchlorhexidine diacetate NOAEL Rabbit 500 mg/kg/day liver- chlorhexidine diacetate D-SORBITOL (CAS 50-70-4) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat 15.9 g/kg ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) Acute Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg Chronic Oral LOAEL 40 %, 48 months % ingested calories Monkey **Subacute** Oral LOEL Rat 16.9 g/kg, 4 weeks Dietary - Dose given as g/kg/day 6 %, 4 weeks percent in diet - continuous **Subchronic** Inhalation

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

LOEL

NOAEL

Oral LOAEL

SDS UK 5 / 12

2 ml, 36 weeks haematological parameters

5000 mg/kg/day, 10 weeks Liver toxicity

3000 ppm No adverse effects

86 mg/m3, 90 Day Daily dosing

Rat

Rat

Rat

Guinea pig

Species Components **Test results**

80 ml/kg, 85 Day Daily dose - Liver toxicity

10.2 g/kg, 12 weeks Dosed in drinking

water - Continuous

7.7 g/kg, 12 weeks Dosed in drinking water

- continuous

PEPPERMINT OIL (CAS 8006-90-4)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 2426 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Corrosivity

ETHANOL OECD 404

Result: Negative; not considered a significant irritant

Species: Rabbit

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE OECD 404, chlorhexidine diacetate

> Result: negative Species: Rabbit

Serious eye damage/eye

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation Eye

> **ETHANOL OECD 405**

> > Result: Severe Species: Rabbit

OECD 405, chlorhexidine diaceate CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE

Result: Severe Species: Rabbit

Respiratory sensitisation Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Contains a potential skin sensitizer. Skin sensitisation

Sensitisation

ETHANOL OECD 406

> Result: negative Species: Guinea pig

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE Occupational exposure, Sensitive individuals

Result: positive

Species: Human

Germ cell mutagenicity

Mutagenicity

ETHANOL Ames

Result: negative

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE Ames, chlorhexidine digluconate

Result: negative

ETHANOL Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, CHO cells

Result: negative

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, chlorhexidine

> digluconate Result: negative

ETHANOL Dominant lethal assay

Result: positive Species: Mouse Dominant lethal assay Result: positive Species: Rat

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE Dominant lethal assay, chlorhexidine digluconate

Result: negative Species: Mouse

ETHANOL Gene mutation and repair

> Result: negative Species: Bacteria

Gene mutation and repair

Result: positive Species: Bacteria

In vitro cytogenetics assay

Result: positive

SDS LIK 6 / 12

Mutagenicity

ETHANOL In vitro cytogenetics assay

Result: positive

Species: Aspergillus niger

L5178Y mouse lymphoma thymidine kinase locus assay

Result: Weakly positive

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE Micronucleus Test, chlorhexidine digluconate

Result: negative Species: Mouse

ETHANOL Yeast mutation

Result: negative Yeast mutation Result: positive

in vitro micronucleus assay

Result: negative

in vivo cytogenetics assay

Result: negative Species: Hamster in vivo cytogenetics assay

Result: negative Species: Rat

in vivo cytogenetics assay

Result: positive Species: Mouse

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE in vivo cytogenetics assay, chlorhexidine digluconate

Result: negative Species: Hamster

ETHANOL sister chromatid exchange

Result: positive

Carcinogenicity

Ethanol produced carcinogenic effects in humans. High concentrations or doses administered

over an extended period of time were required to produce adverse effects.

ETHANOL

Epidemiology, causation linked to excessive consumption.

Species: Human

Organ: oral cavity, larynx, pharynx, oesophagus, liver

Neonatal, inadequate study

Result: negative Species: Rat inadequate study

Result: Increase in liver sarcomas

Species: Mouse inadequate study

Result: Time to tumour reduced

Species: Mouse Test Duration: 80 weeks inadequate study Result: negative Species: Hamster Test Duration: 807 Day inadequate study

Result: negative Species: Mouse Test Duration: 1020 Day

inadequate study Result: negative Species: Rat inadequate study Result: negative Species: Rat

Test Duration: 78 weeks

Reproductive toxicity

Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals.

Reproductivity ETHANOL

0.3 - 4.1 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose

Species: Monkey

Organ: facial anomolies, nervous system dysfunction 1 - 2 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose

Result: embryolethality

Species: Rat

1.8 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose

Result: Increased abortion

Species: Monkey

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

Reproductivity

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE 15.63 mg/kg/day Embryofetal Development, chlorhexidine

diacetate

Result: Maternal NOAEL

Species: Rat

ETHANOL 5 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose -

intravenous

Result: reduced foetal body weight; no malformations or

other variations Species: Monkey

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE 62.5 mg/kg/day Embryofetal Development, chlorhexidine

diacetate

Result: Developmental NOAEL - High dose

Species: Rat

ETHANOL 7 - 17 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose -

gavage Species: Rat

Organ: skeletal malformations, dilated renal pelves Embryo-foetal development - Oral, 15-30% in diet

Result: resorptions, neural defects, cardiac malformations

Species: Mouse

Embryo-foetal development - Oral, Causation is linked to

excessive consumption.

Species: Human

Organ: growth deficiency, CNS dysfunction, facial defects,

major organ malformation

Embryofetal Development, in utero - 36% total calories

Species: Rat

Organ: gonadal growth and development Fertility, Female, 10% in drinking water

Result: negative Species: Rat

Fertility, Female, 20-25% total calories

Result: negative Species: Rat

Fertility, Male, 5-6% v/v liquid diet

Species: Mouse

Organ: significant effects on testes and seminal vesicles

Test Duration: 70 Day

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.

Aspiration hazard May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Mixture versus substance

information

No information available.

Other information None known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. ToxicityNo information is available about the potential of this product to produce adverse environmental

effects. Contains a substance which causes risk of hazardous effects to the environment. The product contains a substance which may cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

Components Species Test results

CHLORHEXIDINE DIGLUCONATE (CAS 18472-51-0)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish EC50 Brown trout (Adult Salmo trutta) 3.2 mg/l, 96 hours Static test

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic

Acute

Algae EC50 Blue-green algae (Microcystis 1450 mg/l, 72 hours

aeruginosa)

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 9190 mg/l, 48 hours Static test

Fish EC50 Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales 14200 mg/l, 96 hours Flow-through test

promelas)

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

Components Species Test results

Rainbow trout (Adult Salmo gairdneri)

13000 mg/l, 96 hours Static test

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Photolysis

Half-life (Photolysis-aqueous)

ETHANOL 1 - 36.6 years Measured

Half-life (Photolysis-atmospheric)

ETHANOL 4 - 5.9 Days Estimated

Biodegradability

Percent degradation (Aerobic biodegradation-inherent)

ETHANOL 37 - 86 %, 5 days BOD5, Activated sludge

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

D-SORBITOL -2.2 ETHANOL -0.31

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

D-SORBITOL 1 Estimated

12.4. Mobility in soil

Adsorption

Soil/sediment sorption - log Koc

D-SORBITOL 0.3 Estimated ETHANOL 1.2 Calculated

Not available.

Mobility in general

Volatility

Henry's law

D-SORBITOL 0 atm m^3/mol Estimated ETHANOL 0.000005 atm m3/mol Measured

12.5. Results of PBT

and vPvB assessment

a vi vi

12.6. Other adverse effects Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

EU waste codeThe Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

 Class
 3

 Subsidiary risk

 Label(s)
 3

 Hazard No. (ADR)
 30

 Tunnel code
 D/E

14.4. Packing group III **14.5. Environmental hazards** No.

14.6. Special precautions Not available.

for user

Additional information:

LTD QTY index LQ7 Special Provisions 144, 601,

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping Ethanol solution

name

14.3. Transport hazard 3

class(es)

Subsidiary class(es) 14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards No.
Labels required 3
ERG Code 3L

14.6. Special precautions

for user

Other information

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

Not available.

Additional Information:

Passenger & cargoAllowed.Packaging Instruction355Pkg Inst cargo only366Pkg Inst pasenger & cargoY344

LQ

SP See 44 A3,A58,A180

Max net qty pkg 60 L Max net qty pkg cargo only 220 L Max net qty pkg LQ 10 L

IMDG

14.1. UN number UN1170

14.2. UN proper shipping ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) or ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)

name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
14.4. Packing group III
14.5. Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No

Marine pollutantNo.EmSF-E, S-D14.6. Special precautionsNot available.

for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II ofMARPOL Annex II applies to liquids used in a ship's operation that pose a threat to the marine environment. These materials may not be transported in bulk.

MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

ADR; IATA; IMDG



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex II

Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 2 as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 689/2008 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry

Not listed

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(1) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at

work

Not listed

Directive 92/85/EEC: on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding

Not listed.

Other EU regulations

Directive 96/82/EC (Seveso II) on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances

Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Not listed.

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. Other regulations

This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

National regulations

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents.

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

Not available.

References

GSK Hazard Determination

Information on evaluation method leading to the

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation

classification of mixture

methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any statements or R-phrases and H-statements under Sections 2 to 15

R10 Flammable.

R11 Highly flammable. R20 Harmful by inhalation. R26 Very toxic by inhalation.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information Training information

Disclaimer

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

The information and recommendations in this safety data sheet are, to the best of our knowledge, accurate as of the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty, express or implied. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the applicability of this information and

the suitability of the material or product for any particular purpose.

Material name: CORSODYL MINT MOUTHWASH