SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: 12038152 - eXtreme SD Light Magenta IJS

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Printing ink. For professional use only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Chimigraf Ibérica S.L.
C/Compositor Carcassi, 6 – 8. Pol. Ind. Can Jardí
08191 Rubí - Barcelona - Spain
Phone.: +34 93 586 20 40 - Fax: +34 93 588 56 77
docum.tecnica@chimigraf.com
www.chimigraf.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34618645217

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:

This product was classified in accordance with Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC, adapting the requirements to Regulation (EC) nº1907/2006 (REACH regulation).
Xi: R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes
Xn: R20/21/22 - Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

2.2 Label elements:

Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:

In accordance with the legislation, the elements on the label are as follows:

Xn

Harmful

R Phrases:

R20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed
R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes

S Phrases:

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection
S51: Use only in well-ventilated areas

Supplementary information:

Non-applicable

Substances that contribute to the classification:

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate

2.3 Other hazards:

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins in solvents

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) nº1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 112-07-2 EC: 203-933-3 Index: 607-038-00-2 REACH: 01-2119475112-47-XXXX	**Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate**	ATP CLP00	**50 - <75 %**
	Directive 67/548/EC	Xn: R20/21	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Warning	

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continue)

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 96-48-0 EC: 202-509-5 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119471839-21-XXXX	**Gamma-butyrolactone**	Self-classified	**10 - <25 %**
	Directive 67/548/EC	Xi: R41; Xn: R22	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	**2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate**	ATP ATP01	**2,5 - <10 %**
	Directive 67/548/EC	R10	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Warning	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	**Xylene (mixture of isomers)**	ATP CLP00	**<1 %**
	Directive 67/548/EC	Xi: R38; Xn: R20/21; R10	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	**Ethylbenzene**	ATP CLP00	**<1 %**
	Directive 67/548/EC	F: R11; Xn: R20	
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H332; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the MSDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply,etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with luke warm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the MSDS of the product.

By consumption:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the MSDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head up to avoid inhalation. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use, containing flammable substances. In the case of inflammation as a result of improper manipulation, storage or use preferably use polyvalent powder extinguishers (ABC powder), in accordance with the Regulation on fire protection systems. IT IS NOT RECOMMENDED to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive subproducts are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continue)

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflamation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertizing agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as dangerous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Avoid projections and pulverizations. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	5 ºC
Maximun Temp.:	30 ºC
Maximum time:	12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification	Environmental limits		
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	IOELV (8h)	20 ppm	133 mg/m³
CAS: 112-07-2	IOELV (STEL)	50 ppm	333 mg/m³
EC: 203-933-3	Year	2012	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m³
CAS: 108-65-6	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m³
EC: 203-603-9	Year	2012	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m³
CAS: 1330-20-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m³
EC: 215-535-7	Year	2012	
Ethylbenzene	IOELV (8h)	100 ppm	442 mg/m³
CAS: 100-41-4	IOELV (STEL)	200 ppm	884 mg/m³
EC: 202-849-4	Year	2012	

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 112-07-2	Dermal	102 mg/kg	Non-applicable	102 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-933-3	Inhalation	775 mg/m³	333 mg/m³	133 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Gamma-butyrolactone	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-48-0	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	19 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-509-5	Inhalation	958 mg/m³	Non-applicable	130 mg/m³	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	153,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	275 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m³	289 mg/m³	77 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Non-applicable	293 mg/m³	77 mg/m³	Non-applicable

DNEL (Population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	Oral	18 mg/kg	Non-applicable	4,3 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 112-07-2	Dermal	27 mg/kg	Non-applicable	36 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-933-3	Inhalation	499 mg/m³	166 mg/m³	67 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Gamma-butyrolactone	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-48-0	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-509-5	Inhalation	340 mg/m³	Non-applicable	28 mg/m³	Non-applicable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,67 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	54,8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	33 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m³	Non-applicable
Ethylbenzene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 100-41-4	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 202-849-4	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15 mg/m³	Non-applicable

PNEC:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continue)

Identification				
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	STP	90 mg/L	Fresh water	0,304 mg/L
CAS: 112-07-2	Soil	0,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0304 mg/L
EC: 203-933-3	Intermittent	0,56 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	2,03 mg/kg
	Oral	60 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,203 mg/kg
Gamma-butyrolactone	STP	452 mg/L	Fresh water	0,056 mg/L
CAS: 96-48-0	Soil	0,014683 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0056 mg/L
EC: 202-509-5	Intermittent	0,56 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,24 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,02 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,0635 mg/L
EC: 203-603-9	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
EC: 202-849-4	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	20 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the professional exposure limits. In case of using indivudual protection equipment they should have the ""CE marking"" in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.
All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

LRP Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	CE CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

LRP Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	CE CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

D.- Ocular and facial protection

LRP Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face mask	CE CAT II	EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN 172:1994/A1:2000 EN 172:1994/A2:2001 EN 165:2005	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Bodily protection

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continue)

LRP Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks	CE CAT III	EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk	CE CAT III	EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006 EN ISO 20344:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Volatil organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 1999/13/EC, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 94,15 % weight

V.O.C. density at 20 ºC: 924,13 kg/m³ (924,13 g/L)

Average carbon number: 7,25

Average molecular weight: 146,99 g/mol

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 ºC: Liquid

Appearance: Not available

Color: Not available

Odor: Not available

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 188 ºC

Vapour pressure at 20 ºC: 106 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 ºC: 692 Pa (1 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 20 ºC: Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 20 ºC: 982 kg/m³

Relative density at 20 ºC: 0,982

Dynamic viscosity at 20 ºC: Non-applicable *

Kinematic viscosity at 20 ºC: Non-applicable *

Kinematic viscosity at 40 ºC: Non-applicable *

Concentration: Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continue)

pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 ºC:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 ºC:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 ºC:	Non-applicable *
Solubility property:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	72 ºC
Autoignition temperature:	300 ºC
Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 ºC:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected if the following technical instructions storage of chemicals. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the conditions no hazardous reactions are expected to produce a pressure or excessive temperatures.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Precaution	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Not applicable	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

No experimental information is available on the product itself in relation to the toxicological properties. When performing the danger classification on corrosive or irritant effects the recommendations included in section 3.2.5 of Annex VI of Directive 67/548/EC, in paragraphs b) and c) of section 3 of article 6 of Directive 1999/45/EC and in section 3.2.3.3.5. of Annex I of CLP Regulation were taken into account.

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A.- Ingestion:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continue)

Exposure in high concentrations can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion and in serious cases, loss of concentration.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes:

Produces serious eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensibilizing effects. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-time exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 112-07-2	LD50 dermal	1480 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 203-933-3	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Gamma-butyrolactone	LD50 oral	1300 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 96-48-0	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
EC: 202-509-5	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	5000 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-603-9	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethylbenzene	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 100-41-4	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 202-849-4	LC50 inhalation	17,2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the ecotoxicological properties of the mixture itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Specie	Genus
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	LC50	80 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
CAS: 112-07-2	EC50	37 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-933-3	EC50	500 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Alga
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
EC: 203-603-9	EC50	Non-applicable		
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	LC50	13,5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	0,6 mg/L (96 h)	Gammarus lacustris	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Alga

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continue)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Specie	Genus
Ethylbenzene	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 100-41-4	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-849-4	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Alga

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	30 mg/L
CAS: 112-07-2	Code	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 203-933-3	BOD5/COD	0.51	% Biodegradable	77,3 %
Gamma-butyrolactone	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 96-48-0	Code	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 202-509-5	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	77 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	Code	Non-applicable	Period	8 days
EC: 203-603-9	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
Ethylbenzene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 100-41-4	Code	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 202-849-4	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	BCF	3
CAS: 112-07-2	Pow Log	1,51
EC: 203-933-3	Potential	Low
Gamma-butyrolactone	BCF	3
CAS: 96-48-0	Pow Log	-0,64
EC: 202-509-5	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0,43
EC: 203-603-9	Potential	Low
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2,77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
Ethylbenzene	BCF	1
CAS: 100-41-4	Pow Log	3,15
EC: 202-849-4	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	5,532E-1 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 112-07-2	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	No
EC: 203-933-3	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Gamma-butyrolactone	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-48-0	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 202-509-5	Surface tension	38540 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	Koc	202	Henry	5,249E+2 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene	Koc	520	Henry	7,984E+2 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 100-41-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 202-849-4	Surface tension	28590 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Directive 2008/98/EC)
08 03 12*	Waste ink containing dangerous substances	Dangerous

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2000/532/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) nº1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2000/532/EC: Commission Decision of 3 May 2000

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This product is not regulated for transport (ADR/RID,IMDG,IATA)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Active substances for which a decision of non-inclusion onto Annex I (Regulation (EU) No 528/2012): Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) 689/2008, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII, REACH):

Non-applicable

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

Non-applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) Nº 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) Nº 453/2010)

Modifications related to the previous security card which concerns the ways of managing risks. :

Content of the 3rd section presenting modifications:

· Gamma-butyrolactone (96-48-0): REACH Number

Text of R-phrases considered in section 3:

Directive 67/548/EC and Directive 1999/45/EC:

R10: Flammable
R11: Highly flammable
R20: Harmful by inhalation
R20/21: Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin
R22: Harmful if swallowed
R38: Irritating to skin
R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes

CLP Regulation (EC) nº 1272/2008:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continue)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu
http://echa.europa.eu
http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
-IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
-IATA: International Air Transport Association
-ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
-COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
-BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
-BCF: Bioconcentration factor
-LD50: Lethal Dose 50
-CL50: Lethal Concentration 50
-EC50: Effective concentration 50
-Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient
-Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -