QUEST AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier CYAN TO PURPLE

Other means of identification

Product Code FXT-9487-HP Recommended use Not available.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Quest Automotive Products

Address 600 Nova Drive SE

Massillon, OH 44646

United States

Telephone General Assistance (330) 830-6000

E-mail rpandrus@quest-ap.com

Contact person Ron Andrus

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, inhalationCategory 4Skin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 1

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

iong tominaza

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Very toxic

to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear

Category 1

protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

reuse. In case of line. Ose appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE SDS US

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

69.62% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 67.77% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 67.77% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	20 to <30
magnesium flouride		7783-40-6	10 to <20
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	10 to <20
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	5 to <10
1-propoxypropan-2-ol		1569-01-3	1 to <5
chromium, elemental		7440-47-3	1 to <5
Aluminum		7429-90-5	0.1 to <1
Butyl benzyl phthalate		85-68-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable leve	els		40 to <50

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Skin contact

Eye contact

Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

so without risk.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

containment and cleaning up

Methods and materials for

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid

discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

3 / 12

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE SDS US

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3	Respirable dust. Total dust.
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	PEL	2.5 mg/m3	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 23-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
JS. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1	000)	150 ppm	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	Dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction
hromium, elemental (CAS 440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS I 23-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
23-00-4)	TWA	150 ppm	
JS. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemic	cal Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
,		250 ppm	
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
(5.16.7.120.00.0)		5 mg/m3	Welding fume or pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Total
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE

SDS US

FXT-9487-HP Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-07-2015

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)	3 mg/l	Fluoride	Urine	*
	2 mg/l	Fluoride	Urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling -144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.4 % estimated

(%)

range

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

16 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 136.54 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

797 °F (425 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Not available.

Other information

Viscosity

Density 9.28 lbs/gal

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 76.1 % Specific gravity 1.11

VOC 0.8274865106563047 lbs/gal Material

2.4192791087420429 lbs/gal Regulatory 99.157708571944994 g/l Material 289.90221560055897 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Nitrates.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contactCauses skin irritation.Eye contactCauses serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
1-propoxypropan-2-ol (CAS	S 1569-01-3)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	4.29 ml/kg
		3.55 g/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2.83 ml/kg
		2.8 g/kg
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE

SDS US

FXT-9487-HP Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-07-2015

Components	Species	Test Results
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS	S 85-68-7)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Mouse	6700 mg/kg
	Rat	6700 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	13500 mg/kg
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-	-9)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86	6-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes se

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - May cause drowsiness and dizziness. single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE SDS US

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1))		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Aluminum (CAS 7429-	90-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0.16 mg/l, 96 hours
Butyl benzyl phthalate	(CAS 85-68-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 0.96 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Shiner perch (Cymatogaster aggregata)	0.47 - 0.56 mg/l, 96 hours
chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.01 - 0.7 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	14.3 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl acetate (CAS 7	9-20-9)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
n-butyl acetate (CAS 1	23-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 1-propoxypropan-2-ol
 0.621

 acetone
 -0.24

 Butyl benzyl phthalate
 4.91

 Methyl acetate
 0.18

 n-butyl acetate
 1.78

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

Paint, Paint Related Material, MARINE POLLUTANT (CYAN/PURPLE 230L 10095053, Santicizer **UN** proper shipping name

160 98148)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) П Packing group **Environmental hazards**

> Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28 **Special provisions**

Packaging exceptions 150 202 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П **Packing group Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 3H

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Allowed. Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es) Class

3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group

Environmental hazards

Yes Marine pollutant F-E, S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE

FXT-9487-HP Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-07-2015

IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

TSCA Chemical Action Plans, Chemicals of Concern

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Phthalates Action Plan

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Listed. acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Listed. chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3) Listed. Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) Listed. n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories**

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
chromium, elemental	7440-47-3	1 to <5
Aluminum	7429-90-5	0.1 to <1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE

SDS US FXT-9487-HP Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-07-2015

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

J 117,

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

magnesium flouride (CAS 7783-40-6)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7)

chromium, elemental (CAS 7440-47-3)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Butyl benzyl phthalate (CAS 85-68-7) Listed: December 2, 2005

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE FXT-9487-HP Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-07-2015

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-07-2015

Version # 01

United States & Puerto Rico

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.

Material name: CYAN TO PURPLE SDS US

No