

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Electro-Wash® PX

## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: Electro-Wash® PX
<b>Supplier</b>	: Chemtronics 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152  Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244
<b>Synonym</b>	: ES1210 (NSN 6850-01-393-9054), ES810, ES1210A, ES1210C, ES810BC
<b>Trade name</b>	: Electro-Wash® PX
<b>Material uses</b>	: Not available.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: Chemtronics 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152  Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244
<b>Code</b>	: ES810, ES1210A, ES1210
<b>MSDS #</b>	: 0213
<b>Validation date</b>	: 10/14/2013.
<b>Print date</b>	: 10/14/2013.
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887 24/7
<b>Product type</b>	: Aerosol.

## 2. Hazards identification

### Emergency overview

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
<b>Color</b>	: Clear.
<b>Odor</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>Signal word</b>	: DANGER!
<b>Hazard statements</b>	: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.
<b>Precautionary measures</b>	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>Routes of entry</b>	: Not available.
<b><u>Potential acute health effects</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Harmful if inhaled. At very high concentrations, can displace the normal air and cause suffocation from lack of oxygen.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
<b>Skin</b>	: Irritating to skin.
<b>Eyes</b>	: Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### Potential chronic health effects

## 2. Hazards identification

- Chronic effects** : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.
- Carcinogenicity** : Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: the nervous system, eye, lens or cornea.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the reproductive system, liver, spleen, peripheral nervous system, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
dizziness/vertigo  
drowsiness/fatigue  
headache

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness

- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	40 - 60
ethanol	64-17-5	10 - 20
1,1-difluoroethane	75-37-6	5 - 25
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 5
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 5
propyl acetate	109-60-4	1 - 3
n-hexane	110-54-3	0.1 - 3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

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## 4. First aid measures

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- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

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- Flammability of the product** : Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
halogenated compounds  
carbonyl halides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special remarks on fire hazards** : Not available.
- Special remarks on explosion hazards** : Not available.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Other	

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ethanol	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	1000	1880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	-	-	-	1000	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	1000	1880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,1-difluoroethane	US AIHA 10/2011	1000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Isopropyl alcohol	US ACGIH 3/2012	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	200	492	-	400	984	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	200	-	-	400	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	400	983	-	500	1230	-	-	-	-	
Carbon dioxide	US ACGIH 3/2012	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	[2]
	AB 4/2009	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
	BC 4/2012	5000	-	-	15000	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	5000	9000	-	30000	54000	-	-	-	-	
propyl acetate	US ACGIH 3/2012	200	835	-	250	1040	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	200	835	-	250	1040	-	-	-	-	[3]
	BC 4/2012	200	-	-	250	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 1/2013	200	835	-	250	1040	-	-	-	-	
	QC 12/2012	200	835	-	250	1040	-	-	-	-	
n-hexane	US ACGIH 3/2012	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	AB 4/2009	50	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	BC 4/2012	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	ON 1/2013	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	QC 12/2012	50	176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]

[1]Absorbed through skin. [2]Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant] [3]Skin sensitization

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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<b>Skin</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b>Other protection</b>	: Not available.
<b>Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)</b>	: Not available.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

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<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
<b>Flash point</b>	: -29 C
<b>Burning time</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Burning rate</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flammable limits</b>	: Not available.
<b>Color</b>	: Clear.
<b>Odor</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>Taste</b>	: Not available.
<b>Molecular weight</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Molecular formula</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: Weighted average: 79.27°C (174.7°F)
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	: Weighted average: -108.7°C (-163.7°F)
<b>Critical temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: 0.7
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 26.4 kPa (198 mm Hg) [room temperature]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: 3 Air = 1
<b>Volatility</b>	: Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: <1
<b>SADT</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Not available.
<b>Ionicity (in water)</b>	: Not available.
<b>Dispersibility properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Solubility</b>	: Not available.
<b>Physical/chemical properties comments</b>	: Not available.
<b><u>Aerosol product</u></b>	
<b>Type of aerosol</b>	: Spray
<b>Heat of combustion</b>	: 3.468 kJ/g

## 10. Stability and reactivity

- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. open flames, sparks and static discharge
- Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing materials Alkaline. metals alkalis
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
propyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	9370 mg/kg	-
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-



## 11. Toxicological information

n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
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**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitizer

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
ethanol	A3	1	-	-	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	A4	3	-	None.	-	-
propyl acetate	-	-	-	None.	-	-

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Synergistic products** : Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 µl/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
propyl acetate	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l	Fish - Gambusia affinis	96 hours
	Acute LC50 60000 to 64000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-hexane	Acute LC50 113000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

Not available.



## 12. Ecological information

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Bioconcentration factor</b>	: Not available.
<b>Mobility</b>	: Not available.
<b>Toxicity of the products of biodegradation</b>	: Not available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.




**Waste stream** : Not available.

**RCRA classification** : Not available.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		Use ORM-D Label
<b>TDG Classification</b>	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		-
<b>Mexico Classification</b>	-	Consumer commodity ORM-D	ORM-D	-		-
<b>ADR/RID Class</b>	UN1950	Aerosol. Flammable	2.1	-		<b>Tunnel code</b> (E)
<b>IMDG Class</b>	1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1	-		-
<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	1950	Aerosol. Flammable	2.1	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-2: Flammable liquid  
Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

### Canadian lists

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Ethanol; Volatile organic compounds; Isopropyl alcohol; n-Hexane

**CEPA Toxic substances** : The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Carbon dioxide

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

**This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.**

### International regulations

**International lists** : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Japan inventory**: Not determined.  
**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.  
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

## 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AEROSOL. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	1
Flammability	3
Physical hazards	1

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.**

**References** : Not available.

**Other special considerations** : Not available.

## 16. Other information

**Date of printing** : 10/14/2013.  
**Date of issue** : 10/14/2013.  
**Date of previous issue** : 10/14/2013.  
**Version** : 3  
**Prepared by** : Not available.

▣ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.