

Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 09-May-2011 Revision Date Revision Number 0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name CAN/CGSB-1.74(2001) S/B CONING CHROME YELLOW

Product Code(s) T-40-3597

UN-Number UN1263

Recommended Use Traffic paint

Product Technology S/B

Supplier Address

Ennis Paint Inc.

5910 North Central Expressway

Suite 1050 Dallas TX 75206 T: 800.331.8118

800.331.8118 (For Technical Inquiries)

Chemical Emergency Phone Number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

DANGER!

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Irritating to eyes and skin

Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration)
Causes central nervous system depression.

Cancer hazard

May adversely affect nervous system, liver, kidney and heart.

Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Appearance YellowPhysical State Liquid.Odor Aromatic solvent/toluene

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Eyes Moderately irritating to the eyes

Skin Irritating to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Inhalation Inhalation in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. May cause central

nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination.

Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Aspiration may

cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Dried film of this coating may be harmful if chewed

or swallowed. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

Chronic Effects

Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1). This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney.

Main Symptoms

Lead poisoning is characterized by a metallic taste in the mouth, loss of appetite indigestion, nausea, vomiting, constipation, sleep disturbances and overall weakness. Severe exposures can lead to shock, circulatory collapse, and death..

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Exposure to chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform and trichloroethane, may increase toxic effects. Liver disorders, kidney disorders, central nervous system, cardiovascular, blood disorders and respiratory disorders. Skin disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders.

Interactions with Other Chemicals

Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Environmental Hazard

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	15-40
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	10-30
Calcined Kaolin	92704-41-1	7-13
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	7-13
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5-10
Heptane	142-82-5	5-10
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1-5
Hexane	110-54-3	1-5
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1-5
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1-5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1-1
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	301-08-6	0.1-1
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. Show this safety

data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep **Eye Contact**

eye wide open while rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use. Consult a physician.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, contact emergency medical services

immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a Ingestion

physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Aspiration hazard. Treat symptomatically. Notes to Physician

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to **Protection of First-aiders**

protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Flash Point -14°F / -10°C

Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight Suitable Extinguishing Media

streams.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting

fire may be inefficient.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge

None Yes.

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a "P" may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH

(approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Health Hazard 2 **Physical and Chemical NFPA** Flammability 3 **Instability** 0

Hazards -

HMIS Health Hazard 2* Flammability 3 **Physical Hazard** 0 Personal Protection -

^{*}Indicates a chronic health hazard.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes

and clothing.

Environmental Precautions Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to

reduce vapors.

Methods for Cleaning Up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder,

sawdust). Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Pick up and transfer to

properly labeled containers.

Other Information Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Storage Keep tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep away

from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from heat. Keep away from direct sunlight.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt			IDLH: 100 mg/m³ Pb TWA: 0.050 mg/m³Pb
301-08-6			-
Stoddard solvent 8052-41-3	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2900 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 525 mg/m³	IDLH: 20000 mg/m³ Ceiling: 1800 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 350 mg/m³
Lead chromate 7758-97-6	TWA: 0.012 mg/m³ Cr TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ Pb	TWA: 5 μg/m³ TWA: 50 μg/m³ Pb Action Level: 2.5 μg/m³ Cr Action Level: 30 μg/m³ Pb Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025 (vacated) Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m³ Ceiling: 0.1 mg/m³ CrO3 applies to any operations or sectors for which the Hexavalent Chromium standard [29 CFR 1910.1026] is stayed or is otherwise not in effect	IDLH: 100 mg/m³ Pb IDLH: 15 mg/m³ Cr(VI) TWA: 0.050 mg/m³Pb TWA: 0.001 mg/m³Cr
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	STEL = 250 ppm TWA: 200 ppm S*	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m³ (vacated) S*	IDLH: 6000 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m³ STEL: 325 mg/m³ STEL: 250 ppm
Hexane 110-54-3	STEL: 1000 ppm other than n-Hexane TWA: 50 ppm S*	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 50 ppm (vacated) TWA: 180 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 3600 mg/m³	IDLH: 1100 ppm Ceiling: 510 ppm 15 min Ceiling: 1800 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 180 mg/m³
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m³total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
Ethyl benzene 100-41-4	STEL: 125 ppm TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 125 ppm (vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m³	IDLH: 800 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³
Heptane 142-82-5	STEL: 500 ppm TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 2000 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 500 ppm (vacated) STEL: 2000 mg/m³	IDLH: 750 ppm Ceiling: 440 ppm 15 min Ceiling: 1800 mg/m³ 15 min TWA: 85 ppm TWA: 350 mg/m³
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m³ Ceiling: 300 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m³ STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 560 mg/m³
Quartz 14808-60-7	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³respirable fraction	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (vacated)	IDLH: 50 mg/m³ respirable dust TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ respirable dust

OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Engineering Measures Showers. Eyewash stations. Explosion proof ventilation systems.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Skin and Body Protection Respiratory Protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Safety glasses with side-shields.

Wear protective gloves/clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance

with current local regulations.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and **Hygiene Measures**

clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and

immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Yellow. Aromatic solvent/toluene. Odor **Appearance**

No information available **Odor Threshold Physical State** Liquid

Ha No information available.

-14°F / -10°C **Flash Point**

No information available. **Autoignition Temperature** >35°C / >95°F

Decomposition Temperature No information available. **Boiling Point/Boiling Range** Melting Point/Range No information available

Flammability Limits in Air (Toluene) **Explosion Limits** No information available.

Upper 7.1% Lower 1.1%

No information available. No information available Solubility **Evaporation Rate**

Vapor Pressure No data available Vapor Density No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Stability

Incompatible Products Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Chlorinated compounds.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon oxides. Lead and chromium compounds.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. **Hazardous Polymerization**

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

No acute toxicity information is available for this product.

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	= 0.2 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 20 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 73680 ppm (Rat)4 h
Methyl alcohol	5628 mg/kg (Rat)	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	83.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h 64000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic		= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
Hexane	= 25 g/kg (Rat)	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 48000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 47635 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Heptane		= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 103 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Toluene	= 636 mg/kg (Rat)	12124 mg/kg (Rat) 8390 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Quartz	500 mg/kg (Rat)		

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity

Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1). This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. May adversely affect the lung, liver, heart, and kidney.

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Toluene		Group 3	-	-
Lead chromate	A3	Group 2A	Known	X
	A2	Group 1		
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Group 3	-	-
Ethyl benzene	A3	Group 2B		X
Quartz	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt		Group 3	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Benzene	A1	Group 1	Known	Χ

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS). Central vascular system (CVS). Kidney. Liver. Respiratory

system.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Toluene	EC50: >433 mg/L	LC50: 15.22-19.05 mg/L	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L
	Pseudokirchneriella	Pimephales promelas 96 h	_	Static (Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata 96 h	flow-through		EC50 48 h: = 11.5 mg/L
	EC50: 12.5 mg/L	LC50: 12.6 mg/L Pimephales		(Daphnia magna)
	Pseudokirchneriella	promelas 96 h static		
	subcapitata 72 h static	LC50: 5.89-7.81 mg/L		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h		
		flow-through		
		LC50: 14.1-17.16 mg/L		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h		
		static		
		LC50: 5.8 mg/L		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h		
		semi-static		
		LC50: 11.0-15.0 mg/L		
		Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static		
		LC50: 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes		
		96 h static		
		LC50: 28.2 mg/L Poecilia		
		reticulata 96 h semi-static LC50: 50.87-70.34 mg/L		
		Poecilia reticulata 96 h static		
Naphtha, petroleum,		1 decina reticulata 90 11 static		LC50 96 h: = 2.6 mg/L
hydrotreated light				(Chaetogammarus marinus)
Calcined Kaolin	EC50 72 h: > 100 mg/L	LC50 96 h: > 100 mg/L semi-		EC50 48 h: > 1 mg/L
	(Desmodesmus subspicatus)	static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		(Daphnia magna)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	EC50 72 h: = 4700 mg/L			
light aliphatic	(Pseudokirchneriella			
	subcapitata)			
Heptane		LC50 96 h: = 375.0 mg/L		EC50 24 h: > 10 mg/L
Vulanca (a. m. n. isomora)		(Cichlid fish)	FC50 = 0.0004 mg/L 24 h	(Daphnia magna)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		LC50 96 h: 13.1-16.5 mg/L	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	LC50 48 h: = 0.6 mg/L
		flow-through (Lepomis		(Gammarus lacustris) EC50 48 h: = 3.82 mg/L
		macrochirus) LC50 96 h: 13.5-17.3 mg/L		(water flea)
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		(water flea)
		LC50 96 h: 2.661-4.093 mg/L		
		static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50 96 h: 23.53-29.97 mg/L		
		static (Pimephales promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: 30.26-40.75 mg/L		
		static (Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50 96 h: 7.711-9.591 mg/L		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 13.4 mg/L flow-		
		through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: = 19 mg/L		
		(Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 780 mg/L semi-		
		static (Cyprinus carpio)		
		LC50 96 h: > 780 mg/L		
Hoyana		(Cyprinus carpio) LC50 96 h: 2.1-2.98 mg/L		ECEO 24 h: > 4000 ma/l
Hexane		flow-through (Pimephales		EC50 24 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
		promelas)		(Daprillia Illaylla)
		promeias)		

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Methyl alcohol	-	LC50 96 h: 13500 - 17600	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	-
		mg/L flow-through (Lepomis	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
		macrochirus)	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	
		LC50 96 h: 18 - 20 mL/L	_	
		static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50 96 h: 19500 - 20700		
		mg/L flow-through		
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50 96 h: = 28200 mg/L		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: > 100 mg/L static		
		(Pimephales promelas)		
Ethyl benzene	EC50 96 h: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L	LC50 96 h: 11.0-18.0 mg/L	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	(Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 7.55-11 mg/L		
	EC50 72 h: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L	flow-through (Pimephales		
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	promelas)		
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 9.1-15.6 mg/L		
	EC50 72 h: = 4.6 mg/L	static (Pimephales promelas)		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	LC50 96 h: = 32 mg/L static		
	subcapitata)	(Lepomis macrochirus)		
	EC50 96 h: > 438 mg/L	LC50 96 h: = 4.2 mg/L semi-		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: = 9.6 mg/L static		
		(Poecilia reticulata)		
Benzene	EC50 72 h: = 29 mg/L	LC50 96 h: 10.7-14.7 mg/L		EC50 48 h: 8.76 - 15.6 mg/L
	(Pseudokirchneriella	flow-through (Pimephales		Static (Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	promelas)		EC50 48 h: = 10 mg/L
		LC50 96 h: 22330-41160		(Daphnia magna)
		μg/L static (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: 70000-142000		
		μg/L static (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 22.49 mg/L		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 28.6 mg/L static		
		(Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50 96 h: = 5.3 mg/L flow-		
		through (Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Toluene	2.65
Heptane	4.66
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15
Methyl alcohol	-0.77
Ethyl benzene	3.118
Benzene	1.83

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. This material, as supplied, is a hazardous

waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld

containers. Do not re-use empty containers.

US EPA Waste Number D001

D018 U019 U056 U154 U220

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams:		U220
		F005, F024, F025, F039,		
		K015, K036, K037, K149,		
		K151		
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1		Included in waste stream:		U154
		F039		
Ethyl benzene - 100-41-4		Included in waste stream:		
		F039		
Benzene - 71-43-2	waste number U019	Included in waste streams:	= 0.5 mg/L regulatory level	U019
		F005, F024, F025, F037,		
		F038, F039, K085, K104,		
		K105, K141, K142, K143,		
		K144, K145, K147, K151,		
		K159, K169, K171, K172		

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3			Toxic waste	
			waste number F025	
			Waste description:	
			Condensed light ends, spent	
			filters and filter aids, and	
			spent desiccant wastes from	
			the production of certain	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons, by free radical	
			catalyzed processes. These	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons are those	
			having carbon chain lengths	
			ranging from one to and	
			including five, with varying	
			amounts and positions of	
			chlorine substitution.	

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Toluene	Toxic
	Ignitable
Lead chromate	Toxic
	Corrosive
	Ignitable
Heptane	Toxic
	Ignitable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Toxic
	Ignitable
Hexane	Toxic
	Ignitable
Methyl alcohol	Toxic
·	Ignitable

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Ethyl benzene	Toxic
	Ignitable
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	Toxic
Benzene	Toxic
	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

This product contains hazardous materials with reportable quantities as listed in Section 15. Note:

Based on net weight of product, the shipping description and label may need to be marked with

"RQ."

DOT

UN-Number UN1263 Proper shipping name Paint **Hazard Class** 3 **Subsidiary Class** None **Packing Group** Ш

Description UN1263, Paint, 3, PG II, Marine Pollutant 128

Emergency Response Guide

Number

TDG

UN-Number UN1263 **Proper Shipping Name** Paint **Hazard Class** 3 **Packing Group** Ш

Description UN1263,PAINT,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

MEX

UN-Number UN1263 **Proper Shipping Name** Paint **Hazard Class** 3 Ш **Packing Group**

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ICAO

UN-Number UN1263

Proper shipping name Paint related material

Hazard Class Packing Group

Description UN1263, Paint related material, 3, PG II

IATA

UN-Number UN1263 **Proper Shipping Name** Paint **Hazard Class** 3 **Packing Group** Ш **ERG Code** 3L

UN1263, Paint, 3, PG II Description

IMDG/IMO

UN-Number UN1263 Paint **Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class** 3 **Packing Group** Ш EmS No. F-E. S-E

Marine Pollutant Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

Description UN1263, Paint, 3, PG II, Marine Pollutant

RID

UN1263 **UN-Number** Paint **Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class** 3

Packing Group || Classification Code || F1

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADR

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Classification Code F1

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADN

UN-No UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Classification Code F1

Special Provisions 163, 640C, 650 Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

Hazard Labels 3
Limited Quantity LQ6
Ventilation VE01

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	19.899	0.1
Toluene	108-88-3	55.7604	1.0
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1.06	1.0
Hexane	110-54-3	1.75	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-,		X		
lead(2+) salt				
Lead chromate		X		
Benzene	10 lb	X	X	X
Ethyl benzene	1000 lb	Х	X	X
Toluene	1000 lb	Х	X	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Methyl alcohol	5000 lb		RQ= 2270 kg final RQ RQ= 5000 lb final RQ
Benzene	10 lb		RQ 10 lb final RQ RQ 4.54 kg final RQ
Hexane	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Ethyl benzene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)			RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Toluene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	301-08-6	Carcinogen
Lead chromate	7758-97-6	Carcinogen
		Developmental
		Female Reproductive
		Male Reproductive
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen
		Developmental
		Male Reproductive
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Quartz	14808-60-7	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Quartz	X	X	Х	-	X
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt			Х	Х	
Stoddard solvent	X	X	X		X
Titanium dioxide	X	X	Х	-	X
Lead chromate	X	X	X	Х	X
Toluene	Χ	X	Х	X	X
Ethyl benzene	Χ	X	Х	X	X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		X			X
Heptane	X	X	X		X
Methyl alcohol	Χ	X	Х	X	X
Hexane	X	X	Х	Х	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Stoddard solvent		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 523 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 200 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 1050 mg/m ³
Ci 77491		Mexico: TWA 5 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 10 mg/m ³
Iron oxide		Mexico: TWA 5 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 10 mg/m ³
Lead chromate	A1	Mexico: TWA= 0.01 mg/m ³
		Mexico: TWA= 0.05 mg/m ³
		Mexico: TWA= 0.15 mg/m ³
		Mexico: TWA= 0.5 mg/m ³
Methyl alcohol		Mexico: TWA= 200 ppm
·		Mexico: TWA= 260 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 250 ppm
		Mexico: STEL= 310 mg/m ³
Benzene	A2	Mexico: TWA= 1 ppm
		Mexico: TWA= 3.2 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 16 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 5 ppm
Hexane		Mexico: TWA 50 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 176 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 1000 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 3500 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide		Mexico: TWA= 10 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 20 mg/m ³
Ethyl benzene		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 125 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 545 mg/m ³
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 150 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 655 mg/m ³
Heptane		Mexico: TWA 400 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 1600 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 500 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 2000 mg/m ³
Toluene		Mexico: TWA= 50 ppm
		Mexico: TWA= 188 mg/m ³
Quartz		Mexico: TWA= 0.1 mg/m ³

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 Flammable liquid D2A Very toxic materials D2B Toxic materials



Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Chemical Name	NPRI
Lead chromate	X
Methyl alcohol	X
Benzene	X
Hexane	X
Ethyl benzene	X

Chemical Name	NPRI
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	X
Toluene	X

Legend

X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Product Stewardship

23 British American Blvd. Latham, NY 12110

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Issuing Date Revision Date

Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication and it does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. We urge each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the potential hazards associated with the product. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. Any use of the product not in conformance with this MSDS or in combination with any other product or process is the responsibility of the user. Customary precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.

End of Safety Data Sheet