

Material Safety Data Sheet

Issuing Date 09-May-2011 Revision Date Revision Number 0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name CAN/CGSB-1.74(2001) S/B CONING WHITE

Product Code(s) T-40-3596

UN-Number UN1263

Recommended Use Traffic paint

Product Technology S/B

Supplier Address

Ennis Paint Inc.

5910 North Central Expressway

Suite 1050 Dallas TX 75206 T: 800.331.8118

800.331.8118 (For Technical Inquiries)

Chemical Emergency Phone Number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

DANGER!

Emergency Overview

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Irritating to eyes and skin

Risk of serious damage to the lungs (by aspiration)
Causes central nervous system depression.

Cancer hazard

May adversely affect nervous system, liver, kidney and heart.

Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Appearance WhitePhysical StateLiquid.Odor Aromatic solvent/toluene

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Acute Toxicity

Eyes Moderately irritating to the eyes

Skin Irritating to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Inhalation Inhalation in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system. May cause central

nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and incoordination.

Sanding and grinding dust may be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes. Aspiration may

cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause additional affects as listed under

"Inhalation".

Chronic Effects Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and inhala

Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. May cause adverse liver and kidney effects. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Exposure to chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as chloroform and trichloroethane, may increase toxic effects. Liver disorders, kidney disorders, central nervous system, cardiovascular, blood disorders and respiratory disorders. Skin disorders. Pre-existing eye disorders.

Interactions with Other Chemicals

Use of alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Environmental Hazard

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	15-40
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	15-40
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10-30
Heptane	142-82-5	3-7
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	3-7
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	1-5
Hexane	110-54-3	1-5
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1-5
Quartz	14808-60-7	1-5
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1-1
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	301-08-6	0.1-1
Benzene	71-43-2	<0.1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Advice If swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. Show this safety

data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use. Consult a physician.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, contact emergency medical services

immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a

physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Notes to Physician Aspiration hazard. Treat symptomatically.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Flash Point -14°F / -10°C

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight

streams

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting

fire may be inefficient.

Explosion Data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge None Yes.

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH

(approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA Health Hazard 2 Flammability 3 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical

Hazards -

HMIS Health Hazard 2* Flammability 3 Physical Hazard 0 Personal Protection -

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes

and clothing.

Environmental Precautions Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not allow material to

contaminate ground water system.

Methods for Containment Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to

reduce vapors.

Methods for Cleaning Up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder,

sawdust). Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Pick up and transfer to

properly labeled containers.

Other InformationWater spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary

measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Storage Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and

sources of ignition. Keep in properly labeled containers.

^{*}Indicates a chronic health hazard.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm
108-88-3		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m ³	TWA: 375 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m ³	STEL: 560 mg/m ³
		Ceiling: 300 ppm	
Heptane	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	IDLH: 750 ppm
142-82-5	TWA: 400 ppm	TWA: 2000 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 440 ppm 15 min
		(vacated) TWA: 400 ppm	Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 min
		(vacated) TWA: 1600 mg/m ³	TWA: 85 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 350 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 2000 mg/m ³	
Methyl alcohol	STEL = 250 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 6000 ppm
67-56-1	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
	S*	(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 260 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m ³	STEL: 325 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 250 ppm	STEL: 250 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) S*	
Hexane	STEL: 1000 ppm other than n-Hexane	TWA: 500 ppm	IDLH: 1100 ppm
110-54-3	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 510 ppm 15 min
	S*	(vacated) TWA: 50 ppm	Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 min
		(vacated) TWA: 180 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 180 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 3600 mg/m ³	
Titanium dioxide	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m³total dust	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
13463-67-7		(vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³total dust	
Quartz	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³respirable fraction	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (vacated)	IDLH: 50 mg/m³ respirable dust
14808-60-7			TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ respirable dust
Ethyl benzene	STEL: 125 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 800 ppm
100-41-4	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 435 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³	STEL: 125 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 125 ppm	STEL: 545 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 545 mg/m ³	
Stoddard solvent	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	IDLH: 20000 mg/m ³
8052-41-3		TWA: 2900 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 min
		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 350 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 525 mg/m ³	

OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines

Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Engineering Measures

Showers. Eyewash stations. Explosion proof ventilation systems.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection
Skin and Body Protection
Respiratory Protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Wear protective gloves/clothing.

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Hygiene Measures

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance White. Odor Aromatic solvent/toluene.

Odor Threshold No information available Physical State Liquid

pH No information available.

Flash Point -14°F / -10°C Autoignition Temperature No information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available. **Boiling Point/Boiling Range** >35°C / >95°F

Melting Point/Range No information available

Flammability Limits in Air (Toluene)
Upper 7.1%
Lower 1.1%

Solubility No information available. Evaporation Rate No information available

Vapor Pressure No data available Vapor Density No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Explosion Limits

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Incompatible Products Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorinated compounds.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

No acute toxicity information is available for this product.

Component Information

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	= 930 mg/kg (Rat)	= 0.2 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 20 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Toluene	= 636 mg/kg (Rat)	12124 mg/kg (Rat) 8390 mg/kg (Rabbit)	26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 73680 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Heptane		= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 103 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Methyl alcohol	5628 mg/kg (Rat)	15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	83.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h 64000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic		= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
Hexane	= 25 g/kg (Rat)	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 48000 ppm (Rat)4 h
Quartz	500 mg/kg (Rat)		
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 47635 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat)4 h

Chronic Toxicity

Chronic Toxicity

Contains toluene. Exposure to toluene in animals via inhalation and intentional overexposure to toluene in humans has caused adverse fetal development effects. May cause adverse liver and kidney effects. This product contains titanium dioxide in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of titanium dioxide is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Titanium dioxide has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) by inhalation. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product. Crystalline silica (quartz) has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a known human carcinogen (Group 1).

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Toluene		Group 3	-	-
Titanium dioxide		Group 2B		Х
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Group 3	-	-
Quartz	A2	Group 1	Known	X
Ethyl benzene	A3	Group 2B		X
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt		Group 3	Reasonably Anticipated	Х
Benzene	A1	Group 1	Known	X

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen

A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3: Not Classifiable as to its Carcinogenicity to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen

OSHA: (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity Product is or contains a chemical which is a known or suspected reproductive hazard.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS). Cardiovascular system Respiratory system. Kidney. Liver.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Naphtha, petroleum,				LC50 96 h: = 2.6 mg/L
hydrotreated light				(Chaetogammarus marinus)
Toluene	EC50: >433 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 h EC50: 12.5 mg/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 72 h static	LC50: 15.22-19.05 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h flow-through LC50: 12.6 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96 h static LC50: 5.89-7.81 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h flow-through LC50: 14.1-17.16 mg/L	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 11.5 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
		Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h static LC50: 5.8 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h semi-static LC50: 11.0-15.0 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96 h static LC50: 54 mg/L Oryzias latipes		
		96 h static LC50: 28.2 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h semi-static LC50: 50.87-70.34 mg/L Poecilia reticulata 96 h static		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	EC50 72 h: = 4700 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)			
Heptane		LC50 96 h: = 375.0 mg/L (Cichlid fish)		EC50 24 h: > 10 mg/L (Daphnia magna)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		LC50 96 h: 13.1-16.5 mg/L flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: 13.5-17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 2.661-4.093 mg/L static (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50 96 h: 23.53-29.97 mg/L static (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: 30.26-40.75 mg/L static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50 96 h: 7.711-9.591 mg/L static (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 13.4 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas) LC50 96 h: = 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50 96 h: = 780 mg/L semistatic (Cyprinus carpio) LC50 96 h: > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio)	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	LC50 48 h: = 0.6 mg/L (Gammarus lacustris) EC50 48 h: = 3.82 mg/L (water flea)
Hexane		LC50 96 h: 2.1-2.98 mg/L flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		EC50 24 h: > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Methyl alcohol	-	LC50 96 h: 13500 - 17600	EC50 = 39000 mg/L 25 min	-
•		mg/L flow-through (Lepomis	EC50 = 40000 mg/L 15 min	
		macrochirus)	EC50 = 43000 mg/L 5 min	
		LC50 96 h: 18 - 20 mL/L		
		static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50 96 h: 19500 - 20700		
		mg/L flow-through		
		(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
		LC50 96 h: = 28200 mg/L		
		flow-through (Pimephales		
		promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: > 100 mg/L static		
		(Pimephales promelas)		
Ethyl benzene	EC50 96 h: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L	LC50 96 h: 11.0-18.0 mg/L	EC50 = 9.68 mg/L 30 min	EC50 48 h: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EC50 = 96 mg/L 24 h	(Daphnia magna)
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 7.55-11 mg/L		
	EC50 72 h: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L	flow-through (Pimephales		
	static (Pseudokirchneriella	promelas)		
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 9.1-15.6 mg/L		
	EC50 72 h: = 4.6 mg/L	static (Pimephales promelas)		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	LC50 96 h: = 32 mg/L static		
	subcapitata)	(Lepomis macrochirus)		
	EC50 96 h: > 438 mg/L	LC50 96 h: = 4.2 mg/L semi-		
	(Pseudokirchneriella	static (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
	subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: = 9.6 mg/L static		
Danner	F050 70 ht = 20 mm/l	(Poecilia reticulata)		F050 40 h; 0.70 45 0 m m/l
Benzene	EC50 72 h: = 29 mg/L	LC50 96 h: 10.7-14.7 mg/L		EC50 48 h: 8.76 - 15.6 mg/L
	(Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	flow-through (Pimephales promelas)		Static (Daphnia magna) EC50 48 h: = 10 mg/L
	Subcapitata)	LC50 96 h: 22330-41160		
		μg/L static (Pimephales		(Daphnia magna)
		promelas)		
		LC50 96 h: 70000-142000		
		μg/L static (Lepomis		
		macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 22.49 mg/L		
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		
		LC50 96 h: = 28.6 mg/L static		
		(Poecilia reticulata)		
		LC50 96 h: = 5.3 mg/L flow-		
		through (Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss)		

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Toluene	2.65
Heptane	4.66
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	3.15
Methyl alcohol	-0.77
Ethyl benzene	3.118
Benzene	1.83

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. This material, as supplied, is a hazardous

waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR 261).

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld

containers. Do not re-use empty containers.

US EPA Waste Number D001

D008 D018 U019 U056 U154 U220

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams:		U220
		F005, F024, F025, F039,		
		K015, K036, K037, K149,		
		K151		
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1		Included in waste stream:		U154
		F039		
Ethyl benzene - 100-41-4		Included in waste stream:		
		F039		
Benzene - 71-43-2	waste number U019	Included in waste streams:	= 0.5 mg/L regulatory level	U019
		F005, F024, F025, F037,		
		F038, F039, K085, K104,		
		K105, K141, K142, K143,		
		K144, K145, K147, K151,		
		K159, K169, K171, K172		

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene - 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025	
			Waste description:	
			Condensed light ends, spent	
			filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from	
			the production of certain	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons are those	
			having carbon chain lengths	
			ranging from one to and including five, with varying	
			amounts and positions of	
			chlorine substitution.	

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Toluene	Toxic
	Ignitable
Heptane	Toxic
	Ignitable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Toxic
	Ignitable
Hexane	Toxic
	Ignitable
Methyl alcohol	Toxic
	Ignitable
Ethyl benzene	Toxic
	Ignitable
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	Toxic

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste
Benzene	Toxic
	Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: This product contains hazardous materials with reportable quantities as listed in Section 15.

Based on net weight of product, the shipping description and label may need to be marked with

"RQ."

DOT

UN-Number UN1263
Proper shipping name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Subsidiary Class None
Packing Group II

Description UN1263,Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

Emergency Response Guide 128

Number

TDG

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Description UN1263,PAINT,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

MEX

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ICAO

UN-Number UN1263

Proper shipping name Paint related material

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group

Description UN1263,Paint related material,3,PG II

IATA

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
ERG Code 3L

Description UN1263,Paint,3,PG II

IMDG/IMO

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
EmS No. F-E, S-E

Marine Pollutant Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO

Description UN1263, Paint,3,PG II,Marine Pollutant

RID

UN-Number UN1263 Proper Shipping Name Paint Hazard Class 3

Packing Group || Classification Code || F1

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADR

UN-Number UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Classification Code F1

Description UN1263 Paint,3,II

ADN

UN-No UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II
Classification Code F1

Special Provisions 163, 640C, 650 Description UN1263 Paint, 3, II

Hazard Labels 3
Limited Quantity LQ6
Ventilation VE01

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies DSL Complies

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

U.S. Federal Regulations

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	301-08-6	0.1-1	1.0
Toluene	108-88-3	15-40	1.0
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1-5	1.0
Hexane	110-54-3	1-5	1.0
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0 1-1	0.1

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt		X		
Toluene	1000 lb	X	X	X
Benzene	10 lb	X	X	X
Ethyl benzene	1000 lb	X	X	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	RQ
Toluene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ
Methyl alcohol	5000 lb		RQ= 2270 kg final RQ RQ= 5000 lb final RQ
Benzene	10 lb		RQ 10 lb final RQ RQ 4.54 kg final RQ
Hexane	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)			RQ 100 lb final RQ RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
Ethyl benzene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No	California Prop. 65
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, lead(2+) salt	301-08-6	Carcinogen
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen
		Developmental
		Male Reproductive
Quartz	14808-60-7	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-,			X	X	
lead(2+) salt					
Stoddard solvent	Χ	X	X		X
Toluene	Χ	X	X	Х	X
Toluene		X			X
Ethyl benzene	X	X	Х	Х	X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		X			X
Heptane	Χ	X	X		X
Methyl alcohol	Χ	X	X	X	X
Hexane	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
Quartz	Χ	X	X	-	X

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Titanium dioxide		Mexico: TWA= 10 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 20 mg/m ³
Toluene		Mexico: TWA= 50 ppm
		Mexico: TWA= 188 mg/m ³

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Heptane		Mexico: TWA 400 ppm
·		Mexico: TWA 1600 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 500 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 2000 mg/m ³
Methyl alcohol		Mexico: TWA= 200 ppm
•		Mexico: TWA= 260 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 250 ppm
		Mexico: STEL= 310 mg/m ³
Benzene	A2	Mexico: TWA= 1 ppm
		Mexico: TWA= 3.2 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 16 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL= 5 ppm
Hexane		Mexico: TWA 50 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 176 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 1000 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 3500 mg/m ³
Quartz		Mexico: TWA= 0.1 mg/m ³
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 150 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 655 mg/m ³
Ethyl benzene		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 435 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 125 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 545 mg/m ³
Stoddard solvent		Mexico: TWA 100 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 523 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 200 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 1050 mg/m ³

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 Flammable liquid D2A Very toxic materials D2B Toxic materials



Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

Chemical Name	NPRI
Toluene	X
Methyl alcohol	X
Benzene	X
Hexane	X
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	X
Ethyl benzene	χ

Legend X - Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Product Stewardship

23 British American Blvd.

Latham, NY 12110 1-800-572-6501

Issuing Date 09-May-2011

Revision Date

Revision Note Initial Release.

General Disclaimer

The information provided on this MSDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication and it does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. We urge each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the potential hazards associated with the product. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. Any use of the product not in conformance with this MSDS or in combination with any other product or process is the responsibility of the user. Customary precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Remove all soiled and contaminated clothing immediately.

End of Safety Data Sheet