

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DOW CORNING(R) 688 GLAZING AND CLADDING SEALANT

CLEAR

Product code : 00000000004063593

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Dow Corning Australia Pty Ltd, ABN 36 008 444 166

Address : Darling Park, Tower 2

Level 20, 201 Sussex Street

Sydney. NSW 2000

Locked Bag 2095 North Ryde, NSW 1670

Telephone : 1300-369-745

Emergency telephone number : 1300-360-732 (24 Hours)

Telefax : 1300-650-785

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Adhesive, binding agents

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical ad-

vice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Silicone

Sealant

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	< 10
Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane	22984-54-9	< 10
Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane	2224-33-1	< 10
3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane	919-30-2	< 10
Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane isomers	Not Assigned	< 10
and oligomers		
Ethyl methyl ketoxime	96-29-7	< 10
Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane	68928-76-7	< 10
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	< 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.



Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 Version Revision Date: SDS Number: 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water In case of eye contact

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides Silicon oxides

Formaldehyde

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec: :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from water. Protect from moisture.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may re-

quire added precautions.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	TWA (Res- pirable dust)	2 mg/m3	AU OEL	
Dimethylbis[(1- oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane	68928-76-7	TWA	0.1 mg/m3 (Tin)	AU OEL	
	Further information: Some compounds in these groups are classified as carcinogenic or as sensitisers. Check individual classification details on the safety data sheet for information on classification., Skin absorption				
		STEL	0.2 mg/m3 (Tin)	AU OEL	
	Further information: Some compounds in these groups are classified as carcinogenic or as sensitisers. Check individual classification details on the safety data sheet for information on classification., Skin absorption				
		TWA	0.1 mg/m3 (Tin)	ACGIH	
		STEL	0.2 mg/m3 (Tin)	ACGIH	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	TWA	10 ppm	DCC OEL	

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m3	AU OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined ammonia/amines and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : paste

Colour : colourless

Odour : slight

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 1.03



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Use at elevated temperatures may form highly hazardous

compounds.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed upon con-

tact with water or humid air.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : Exposure to moisture

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Water

Hazardous decomposition products

Contact with water or humid : Ethyl methyl ketoxime

Ethanol

Thermal decomposition : Formaldehyde

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Skin contact

Ingestion Eye contact



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Silicon dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 3,300 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.08 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,520 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on test data

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.57 ml/kg

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 4.29 ml/kg



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,326 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 - 1,800 mg/kg

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 894 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,800 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2975 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.5 ml/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

Silicon dioxide:

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Remarks: Based on test data

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Silicon dioxide:

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Remarks: Based on test data

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks: Based on test data

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks: Based on test data



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane isomers and oligomers:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Silicon dioxide:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Test Type: Skin: test type not specified

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Test Type: Buehler Test Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane isomers and oligomers:

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: positive

Assessment: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Test Type: Maximisation Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Silicon dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Result: negative

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Genotoxicity in vivo : Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the

literature.

Germ cell mutagenicity - : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Assessment

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time: 26 Months

Result: positive

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: No effects on fertility Remarks: Based on test data

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: No effects on fertility Remarks: Based on test data

Effects on foetal develop- : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

ment Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Symptoms: Effects on fertility

Symptoms: Effects on fertility Remarks: Based on test data

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)
Symptoms: No effects on foetal development

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >10 to

100 mg/kg bw.

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >10 to

100 mg/kg bw.

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d

or less.

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 200 mg/kg

bw or less.

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane isomers and oligomers:

Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >10 to

100 mg/kg bw.

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Exposure routes: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10

mg/kg bw or less.

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour)

Target Organs: Blood

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.2

mg/l/6h/d or less.

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Target Organs: Immune system, Central nervous system

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 10

mg/kg bw or less.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or

ess.

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 200 mg/kg

bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Remarks: Based on test data

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane isomers and oligomers:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Target Organs: Blood

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Species: Rat LOAEL: 0.36 mg/l



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat NOAEL: 4 mg/l LOAEL: 20 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 28 Days

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: < 1.6 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact Remarks: Based on test data

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: During use of the material, small amounts of methylethylketoxime (MEKO) will be released. Rodents exposed to chronic MEKO inhalation throughout their lifetimes showed significant increases in liver tumour rates.

Components:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Remarks: Results from a 2 year repeated vapour inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 94 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 934 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp.): 331 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 201 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 11.8



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)):

2.56 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

aqualic invertebrates (C

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 281 mg/l

Exposure time: 17 h

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 17 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 37 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 5.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.022 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp.): > 0.015 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): >= 0.0044 mg/l

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.0079 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 14.5 % Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Vinyltri (methylethylketoxime) silane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A

Stability in water : Degradation half life: < 1 min (2 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 27 % Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Dimethylbis[(1-oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3 % Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 69.3 - 144 h (24.6 °C) pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Methyltri(ethylmethylketoxime)silane:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 11.2



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

octanol/water

3-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 100

Ethyl methyl ketoxime:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5 - 0.6 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.63

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 6.48 (25.1 °C)

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Remarks: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for PBT and vPvB. In Canada, D4 has been assessed and deemed to meet the PiT criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living

organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.



Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 13.11.2015 2.2 22.04.2016 1099535-00005 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements Dimethylbis[(1-

oxoneodecyl)oxy]stannane

Refer to model WHS Act and Regulations for prohibition, authorisation

and restricted use.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

KECI All ingredients listed, exempt or notified.

AICS All ingredients listed or exempt.

IECSC All ingredients listed or exempt.

PICCS All ingredients listed or exempt.

REACH All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.

ENCS/ISHL All components are listed on ENCS/ISHL or exempted from

inventory listing.

NZIoC All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to :

compile the Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

AU OEL : Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Con-

taminants.

DCC OEL : Dow Corning Guide

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average AU OEL / STEL : Exposure standard - short term exposure limit

DCC OEL / TWA : Time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration: NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific mate-



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 13.11.2015

 2.2
 22.04.2016
 1099535-00005
 Date of first issue: 13.01.2015

rial identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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