

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 300000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Carbon monoxide

Chemical formula : CO

Synonyms : Carbon monoxide, Carbonic Oxide, Carbon Oxide

Product Use Description : General Industrial

Manufacturer/Importer/Distributor : Air Products and Chemicals, Inc  
7201 Hamilton Blvd.  
Allentown, PA 18195-1501  
GST No. 123600835 RT0001  
QST No. 102753981 TQ0001

Telephone : 1-610-481-4911 Corporate  
1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv  
1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv

Emergency telephone number (24h) : 800-523-9374 USA  
+1 610 481 7711 International

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### GHS classification

Flammable gases - Category 1  
Gases under pressure - Compressed gas.  
Acute toxicity - Inhalation Category 3  
Reproductive toxicity - Category 1A  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Inhalation Category 1

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms/symbols



# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

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Signal Word: Danger

## Hazard Statements:

H220:Extremely flammable gas.

H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H331:Toxic if inhaled.

H360:May damage fertility or the unborn child

H372c:Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

May form explosive mixtures in air.

Asphyxiating even with adequate oxygen.

## Precautionary Statements:

### Prevention

: P201:Obtain special instructions before use.

P202:Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210:Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260:Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264:Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270:Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271:Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P281:Use personal protective equipment as required.

### Response

: P304+P340 :IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P308+P313 :IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P311 :Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P377 :Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 :Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

### Storage

: P403+P233:Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405:Store locked up.

P410+P403:Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

### Disposal

: P501:Disposal of contents/container to be specified in accordance with regulations.

## Hazards not otherwise classified

Toxic by inhalation.

High pressure gas.

Extremely flammable.

May form explosive mixtures in air.

Immediate fire and explosion hazard exists when mixed with air at concentrations exceeding the lower flammability limit (LFL).

Do not breathe gas.

Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) may be required.

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 300000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Concentration (Volume)
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	100 %

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to technical specifications.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.
- Eye contact : In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.  
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
- Skin contact : Flush with copious amounts of water until treatment is available.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
- Inhalation : In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Move to fresh air. Consult a doctor. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.
- Most important symptoms/effects - acute and delayed : Pre-existing respiratory conditions may be aggravated by over-exposure to Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Monoxide can aggravate some diseases of the cardiovascular system such as coronary artery disease and angina pectoris.

### Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

- Treatment : Hyperbaric oxygen is the most efficient treatment of carbon monoxide and dramatically reduces the biological half-life of carboxyhemoglobin. Although less effective, 100% oxygen by mask is useful if hyperbaric facilities are not available. Stimulant drugs are not indicated. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : All known extinguishing media can be used.
- Specific hazards : If flames are accidentally extinguished, explosive re-ignition may occur; therefore, appropriate measures should be taken(e.g. total evacuation to protect persons from cylinder fragments and toxic fumes should a rupture occur). Upon exposure to intense heat or flame, cylinder will vent rapidly and or rupture violently. Combustion by-products may be toxic. Move away from container and cool with water from a protected position. Keep adjacent cylinders cool by spraying with large amounts of water until the fire burns itself

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 300000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

out. If possible, shut off the source of gas and allow the fire to burn itself out. Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Extinguish fire only if gas flow can be stopped.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Never enter a confined space or other area where the flammable gas concentration is greater than 10% of its lower flammable limit. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Ventilate the area.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area. Approach suspected leak areas with caution.

Additional advice : If possible, stop flow of product. Increase ventilation to the release area and monitor concentrations. If leak is from cylinder or cylinder valve, call the emergency telephone number. If the leak is in the user's system, close the cylinder valve, safely vent the pressure, and purge with an inert gas before attempting repairs.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle compressed gases/cryogenic liquids. Before using the product, determine its identity by reading the label. Know and understand the properties and hazards of the product before use. When doubt exists as to the correct handling procedure for a particular gas, contact the supplier. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Before connecting the container, check the complete gas system for suitability, particularly for pressure rating and materials. Before connecting the container for use, ensure that back feed from the system into the container is prevented. Ensure the complete gas system is compatible for pressure rating and materials of construction. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use. Employ suitable pressure regulating devices on all containers when the gas is being emitted to systems with lower pressure rating than that of the container. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. Open valve slowly. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 300000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

immediately to the supplier. Close valve after each use and when empty. Replace outlet caps or plugs and container caps as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Do not subject containers to abnormal mechanical shock. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap or guard. Do not use containers as rollers or supports or for any other purpose than to contain the gas as supplied. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Do not smoke while handling product or cylinders. Never re-compress a gas or a gas mixture without first consulting the supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Always use backflow protective device in piping. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended. When returning cylinder install valve outlet cap or plug leak tight. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Containers should not be subjected to temperatures above 50°C (122°F). All piped systems and associated equipment must be grounded.

## Storage

Open/close valve slowly. Close when not in use. Wear Safety Eye Protection. Check Safety Data Sheet before use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Open/close valve slowly. Close when not in use. Wear Safety Eye Protection. Check Safety Data Sheet before use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Containers should be stored in a purpose build compound which should be well ventilated, preferably in the open air. Full containers should be stored so that oldest stock is used first. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Local codes may have special requirements for toxic gas storage. Protect containers stored in the open against rusting and extremes of weather. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent toppling. The container valves should be tightly closed and where appropriate valve outlets should be capped or plugged. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Smoking should be prohibited within storage areas or while handling product or containers. Display "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in the storage areas. The amounts of flammable or toxic gases in storage should be kept to a minimum. Return empty containers in a timely manner. Flammable storage areas should be separated from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. (6.1 m.) or by a barrier of non-combustible material at least 5 ft. (1.5 m.) high, having a fire resistance rating of at least 1/2 hour.

## Technical measures/Precautions

Containers should be segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (e.g. flammable, toxic, etc.) and in accordance with local regulations. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Keep away from combustible material. All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with flammable materials stored. Containers containing flammable gases should be stored away from other combustible materials. Where necessary containers containing oxygen and oxidants should be separated from flammable gases by a fire resistant partition.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Engineering measures

Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.  
Provide natural or explosion-proof ventilation adequate to ensure concentrations are kept below exposure limits.  
Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 300000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

## Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection : Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Use self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with mask and escape pack in areas where concentration is unknown or above the exposure limits. Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.
- Hand protection : Sturdy work gloves are recommended for handling cylinders. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Eye protection : Safety glasses recommended when handling cylinders.
- Skin and body protection : Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Wear as appropriate: Flame retardant protective clothing.
- Special instructions for protection and hygiene : Provide good ventilation and/or local exhaust to prevent accumulation of concentrations above exposure limits. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## Exposure limit(s)

Carbon monoxide	Time Weighted Average (TWA): ACGIH	25 ppm	-
Carbon monoxide	Recommended exposure limit (REL): NIOSH	35 ppm	40 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified): NIOSH	200 ppm	229 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Permissible exposure limit: OSHA Z1	50 ppm	55 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Time Weighted Average (TWA): OSHA Z1A	35 ppm	40 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Ceiling Limit Value: OSHA Z1A	200 ppm	229 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Time Weighted Average (TWA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): US CA OEL	25 ppm	29 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Ceiling Limit Value: US CA OEL	200 ppm	-
Carbon monoxide	Time Weighted Average (TWA): TN OEL	35 ppm	40 mg/m3
Carbon monoxide	Ceiling Limit Value: TN OEL	1,500 ppm	-
Carbon monoxide	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): TN OEL	200 ppm	229 mg/m3

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : Compressed gas. Colorless gas
- Odor : No odor warning properties.
- Odor : Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odor: No odor warning properties.
- Odor threshold : No data available.

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

pH	: Not applicable.
Melting point/range	: -337 °F (-205.1 °C)
Boiling point/range	: -313 °F (-191.5 °C)
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Refer to product classification in Section 2
Upper/lower explosion/flammability limit	: 74 %(V) / 12.5 %(V)
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Water solubility	: 0.030 g/l
Relative vapor density	: 0.967 (air = 1) Lighter or similar to air.
Relative density	: 0.79 (water = 1)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 620 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Molecular Weight	: 28.01 g/mol
Density	: 0.075 lb/ft3 (0.0012 g/cm3) at 70 °F (21 °C) Note: (as vapor)
Specific Volume	: 13.80 ft3/lb (0.8615 m3/kg) at 70 °F (21 °C)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	: Stable under normal conditions. Stable.
Conditions to avoid	: Heat, flames and sparks.
Materials to avoid	: Iron. Natural rubber. Neoprene. Nickel.

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

Oxygen.  
Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products : No data available.  
Possibility of hazardous Reactions/Reactivity : No data available.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Likely routes of exposure

Effects on Eye : In case of direct contact with eyes, seek medical advice.  
Effects on Skin : No data available.  
Inhalation Effects : May be fatal if inhaled.  
Ingestion Effects : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.  
Symptoms : No data available.

#### Acute toxicity

Acute Oral Toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.  
Inhalation : LC50 (1 h) : 3760 ppm Species : Rat.  
Acute Dermal Toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.  
Skin corrosion/irritation : No data available.  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No data available.  
Sensitization. : No data available.

#### Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures

Carcinogenicity : No data available.  
Reproductive toxicity : Inhalation may damage fertility or the unborn child (Increased risk of preterm birth; risk of cardiac defects)  
Germ cell mutagenicity : No data is available on the product itself.  
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure) : No data available.



# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure) : No data available.

Aspiration hazard : No data available.

Pre-existing respiratory conditions may be aggravated by over-exposure to Carbon Monoxide. Carbon Monoxide can aggravate some diseases of the cardiovascular system such as coronary artery disease and angina pectoris. Asthma.

Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause damage to the heart., Inhalation may damage fertility or the unborn child (Increased risk of preterm birth; risk of cardiac defects)Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause damage to the heart.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity effects

Aquatic toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Toxicity to other organisms : No data available.

### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : No data is available on the product itself.

Mobility : Carbon Monoxide will not be mobile in the environment. Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground pollution.

Bioaccumulation : Does not bioaccumulate. Refer to Section 9 "Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)".

### Further information

This product has no known eco-toxicological effects.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products : In accordance with local and national regulations. Contact supplier if guidance is required. Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier. Must not be discharged to atmosphere.

Contaminated packaging : Return cylinder to supplier.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT

UN/ID No. : UN1016

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

Proper shipping name : Carbon monoxide, compressed  
Class or Division : 2.3  
Label(s) : 2.3 (2.1)  
PIH Zone : D  
Marine Pollutant : No

## IATA

Transport Forbidden

## IMDG

UN/ID No. : UN1016  
Proper shipping name : CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED  
Class or Division : 2.3  
Label(s) : 2.3 (2.1)  
Marine Pollutant : No

## TDG

UN/ID No. : UN1016  
Proper shipping name : CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED  
Class or Division : 2.3  
Label(s) : 2.3 (2.1)  
Marine Pollutant : No

## Further Information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.  
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) 12(b) Component(s):

None.

Country	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory.
EU	EINECS	Included on Inventory.
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory.
Australia	AICS	Included on Inventory.
Japan	ENCS	Included on Inventory.
South Korea	ECL	Included on Inventory.

# Safety Data Sheet

Version 1.14

Revision Date 08/01/2016

SDS Number 3000000000023

Print Date 12/16/2017

China	SEPA	Included on Inventory.
Philippines	PICCS	Included on Inventory.

EPA SARA Title III Section 312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Classification

Fire Hazard. Acute Health Hazard Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### NFPA Rating

Health : 2  
Fire : 4  
Instability : 0

### HMIS Rating

Health : 1  
Flammability : 4  
Physical hazard : 3

Prepared by : Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Global EH&S Product Safety Department

Telephone : 1-610-481-4911 Corporate  
1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv  
1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv

Preparation Date : 12/16/2017

For additional information, please visit our Product Stewardship web site at  
<http://www.airproducts.com/productstewardship/>