

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier : Hydrogen chloride

CAS No. : 7647-01-0

Chemical formula : HCl

Synonyms : Hydrogen chloride

REACH Registration Number: 01-2119484862-27

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : General Industrial

Restrictions on Use : No data available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet : Versum Materials UK, Limited
5th Floor
6 St. Andrew Street
London
EC4A 3AE

Email Address – Technical Information : techinfo@versummaterials.com

Telephone :

1.4. Emergency telephone number :

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas. H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Acute toxicity - Inhalation Category 3 H331:Toxic if inhaled.
Skin corrosion - Category 1A H314:Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious Eye Damage - Category 1 H318:Causes serious eye damage.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms/symbols



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Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314:Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H331:Toxic if inhaled.
EUH071:Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention : P260:Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280:Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response : P303+P361+P353 :IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340 :IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 :IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P315 :Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Storage : P403:Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405:Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

Use a back flow preventative device in the piping.
Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use.
Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction, rated for cylinder pressure.
Close valve after each use and when empty.
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.
Symptoms may be delayed.
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.
Direct contact with liquid can cause frostbite.
May react violently with water.
Do not breathe gas.
Corrosive to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
Compressed liquefied gas.

Environmental Effects

Dangerous for the environment.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Components	EINECS / ELINCS Number	CAS Number	Concentration (Volume)
Hydrogen Chloride	231-595-7	7647-01-0	100 %

Components	Classification (CLP)	REACH Reg. #
Hydrogen Chloride	Press. Gas (Liq.) ;H280 Acute Tox. Inha 3 ;H331	01-2119484862-27

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	Skin Corr. 1A ;H314 Eye Dam. 1 ;H318	
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Refer to section 16 for full text of each relevant hazard statement (H).

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to technical specifications.

3.2. Mixtures : Not applicable.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- General advice : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped. Use chemically protective clothing.
- Eye contact : In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
- Skin contact : Flush with copious amounts of water until treatment is available. Immediate medical treatment is necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin heal slowly and badly.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
- Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately. Mouth to mouth resuscitation is not recommended. Use a barrier device. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms : Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Cough.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat bronchospasm and laryngeal edema if present. Observe for delayed chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary hemorrhage or edema. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : All known extinguishing media can be used.

- Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons. : No data available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- : Product is nonflammable and does not support combustion. Upon exposure to intense heat or flame, cylinder will vent rapidly and or rupture violently. Product is nonflammable and does not support combustion. Use of water may result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Move away from container and cool with water from a protected position. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water

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courses. If possible, stop flow of product.

- 5.3. Advice for firefighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate the area. Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Use self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with mask and escape pack in areas where concentration is unknown or above the exposure limits.
- 6.2. Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up : Ventilate the area. Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water. Reduce vapor with fog or fine water spray.
- Additional advice : Large releases may require considerable downwind evacuation. If possible, stop flow of product. Increase ventilation to the release area and monitor concentrations. If leak is from cylinder or cylinder valve, call the emergency telephone number. If the leak is in the user's system, close the cylinder valve, safely vent the pressure, and purge with an inert gas before attempting repairs.
- 6.4. Reference to other sections : For more information refer to Sections 8 & 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Carbon steel, stainless steel, Monel or copper are suitable materials of construction when no moisture is present. Hastelloy, platinum or gold offer good resistance to corrosion when moisture is present. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle compressed gases/cryogenic liquids. Before using the product, determine its identity by reading the label. Know and understand the properties and hazards of the product before use. When doubt exists as to the correct handling procedure for a particular gas, contact the supplier. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Before connecting the container, check the complete gas system for suitability, particularly for pressure rating and materials. Before connecting the container for use, ensure that back feed from the system into the container is prevented. Ensure the complete gas system is compatible for pressure rating and materials of construction. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use. Employ suitable pressure regulating devices on all containers when the gas is being emitted to systems with lower pressure rating than that of the container. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. Open valve slowly. If

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user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close valve after each use and when empty. Replace outlet caps or plugs and container caps as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Do not subject containers to abnormal mechanical shock. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap or guard. Do not use containers as rollers or supports or for any other purpose than to contain the gas as supplied. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Do not smoke while handling product or cylinders. Never re-compress a gas or a gas mixture without first consulting the supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Always use backflow protective device in piping. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended. When returning cylinder install valve outlet cap or plug leak tight. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Containers should not be subjected to temperatures above 50°C (122°F). Never attempt to increase liquid withdrawal rate by pressurizing the container without first checking with the supplier. Never permit liquefied gas to become trapped in parts of the system as this may result in hydraulic rupture.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Full containers should be stored so that oldest stock is used first. Containers should be stored in a purpose build compound which should be well ventilated, preferably in the open air. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Local codes may have special requirements for toxic gas storage. Protect containers stored in the open against rusting and extremes of weather. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent toppling. The container valves should be tightly closed and where appropriate valve outlets should be capped or plugged. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Return empty containers in a timely manner.

Technical measures/Precautions

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Containers should be segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (e.g. flammable, toxic, etc.) and in accordance with local regulations.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Refer to section 1 or the extended SDS if applicable.

Storage Temperature : < 22 °C

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit(s)

Hydrogen Chloride	Time Weighted Average (TWA): EH40 WEL	1 ppm	2 mg/m ³
Hydrogen Chloride	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): EH40 WEL	5 ppm	8 mg/m ³
Hydrogen Chloride	Time Weighted Average (TWA): EU ELV	5 ppm	8 mg/m ³
Hydrogen Chloride	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): EU ELV	10 ppm	15 mg/m ³
Hydrogen Chloride	Time Weighted Average (TWA): EU SCOELS	5 ppm	8 mg/m ³

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Hydrogen Chloride	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL): EU SCOELS	10 ppm	15 mg/m ³
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If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on CSA.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures

- Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery.
- Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to prevent accumulation above exposure limits.
- Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection** : Keep self-contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Use gas filters and full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers. Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency. Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known. Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and full face mask - EN 136. Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
- Hand protection** : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk. Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness. The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period. Acid resistant gloves.
- Eye/face Protection** : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection.
- Skin and body protection** : Acid resistant gloves (e.g. butyl rubber, neoprene, polyethylene) and splash suit when connecting, disconnecting or opening cylinders. Cold temperatures may cause embrittlement of protective material resulting in breakage and exposure. Contact with cold evaporating liquid on gloves or suit may cause cryogenic burns or frostbite. Safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear. Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.
- Special instructions for protection and hygiene** : Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide good ventilation and/or local exhaust to prevent accumulation of concentrations above exposure limits.
- Environmental Exposure** : If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on

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Controls

CSA.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a/b) Physical state/Colour : Liquefied gas. Colorless. Gives off white fumes in moist air

(c) Odour : Pungent.

(d) Density : 0.0015 g/cm³ (0.094 lb/ft³) at 21 °C (70 °F)
Note: (as vapor)

(e) Relative Density : 1.2 (water = 1)

(f) Melting point / freezing point : -174 °F (-114.2 °C)

(g) Boiling point/range : -121 °F (-85 °C)

(h) Vapor pressure : 617.84 psia (42.60 bara) at 68 °F (20 °C)

(i) Water solubility : 720 g/l Hydrolyses.

(j) Partition coefficient:
n-octanol/water [log Kow] : Not applicable for inorganic gases.

(k) pH : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

(l) Viscosity : No reliable data available.

(m) Particle characteristics : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

(n) Upper and lower explosion /
flammability limits : No data available.

(o) Flash point : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

(p) Autoignition temperature : Not known.

(q) Decomposition
temperature : Not applicable.

9.2. Other information

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable.

Molecular Weight : 36.46 g/mol

Odor threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

Evaporation rate : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

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Flammability (solid, gas) : Refer to product classification in Section 2
Specific Volume : 0.6586 m³/kg (10.55 ft³/lb) at 21 °C (70 °F)
Relative vapor density : 1.259 (air = 1) Heavier than air.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions : No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid : Exposure to moisture.
10.5. Incompatible materials : Water.
Aluminium.
Brass.
Incompatible with bases.
Zinc.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products : Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure

Effects on Eye : Causes severe eye burns. May cause permanent eye injury.
Effects on Skin : Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite. Causes skin burns.
Inhalation Effects : May be fatal if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can cause severe lung damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Delayed adverse effects possible. Prolonged exposure to small concentrations may result in pulmonary edema. Delayed fatal pulmonary edema possible.
Ingestion Effects : No data available.
Symptoms : Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Cough.

Acute toxicity

Acute Oral Toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.
Acute Inhalation Toxicity : LC50 (1 h) : 2810 ppm Species : Rat.
Acute Dermal Toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.

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Skin corrosion/irritation : No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No data available.

Sensitization. : No data available.

Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures

Carcinogenicity : No data available.

Reproductive toxicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Germ cell mutagenicity : No data is available on the product itself.

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure) : Liver. Lungs. Skin. Acute or chronic respiratory conditions. Asthma.

Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure) : Pregnant rats exposed for one hour to 300 ppm hydrochloric acid had a five-fold higher incidence of fetal death than control rats. In addition, the surviving rat pups showed disturbances in kidney function. Exposure may cause spasm of the larynx or bronchi. This product is toxic, causing severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract upon inhalation, and irritation of the eyes and the skin on contact.

Aspiration hazard : No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity : LC50 (96 h) : 3.25 - 3.5 mg/l Species : Fish.
EC50 (48 h) : 4.92 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna.
EC50 (72 h) : 4.7 mg/l Species : Algae.
May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Toxicity to other organisms : No data is available on the product itself.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Refer to Section 9 "Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)".

Bioaccumulation - Components

Hydrogen Chloride Negligible bioaccumulation potential.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

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12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

If applicable, refer to the extended section of the SDS for further information on CSA.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Effect on the ozone layer
Ozone Depleting Potential : No data available.

Global Warming Potential : No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods : In accordance with local and national regulations. Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier. Contact supplier if guidance is required. Must not be discharged to atmosphere. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc. 30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. List of hazardous waste codes: 16 05 04: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances.

Contaminated packaging : Return cylinder to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

UN/ID No. : UN1050
Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS
Class or Division : 2
Tunnel Code : (C/D)
Label(s) : 2.3 (8)
ADR/RID Hazard ID no. : 268
Marine Pollutant : No

IATA

Transport Forbidden

IMDG

UN/ID No. : UN1050
Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS
Class or Division : 2.3
Label(s) : 2.3 (8)
RQ Substance : Yes
Marine Pollutant : No
Segregation Group: : None

* NOTE: This product contains a USDOT Hazardous Substance and will meet the Reportable Quantity definition when shipped to, from, or within the United States, in the amount specified in 49CFR 172.101 Appendix A.

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RID

UN/ID No. : UN1050
Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS
Class or Division : 2
Label(s) : 2.3 (8)
Marine Pollutant : No

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

Further Information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Country	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory.
EU	EINECS	Included on Inventory.
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory.
Australia	AICS	Included on Inventory.
Japan	ENCS	Included on Inventory.
South Korea	ECL	Included on Inventory.
China	SEPA	Included on Inventory.
Philippines	PICCS	Included on Inventory.

Other Regulations

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974

Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2000 c.388, and as amended

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The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (Application to Environmentally Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2002 (England and Wales and Scotland) 11 March 2002 c.282, and as amended

Health and Safety at Work Order (Application to Environmentally Hazardous Substances) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003 (Northern Ireland) 14 March 2003 c52, and as amended

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015 c483

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015 c325

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2011 c1885, and as amended

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations with amendments (Northern Ireland) 2011 c365

The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017 c.407

The Water Environment Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2017 c.81

Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999 c.24

The Fluorinated Greenhouse Gases Regulations 2015 c.310

The Fluorinated Greenhouse Gases Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015 c.425

The Acetylene Safety (England and Wales and Scotland) Regulations 2014 c.1639

The Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations 1972 c.917

The Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1975 c.256

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2003 c.152

The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 c.2776

Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

Ozone Depleting Substances Regulations 2015

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Applicable EXPOSURE SCENARIOS are available at the following link:
www.versummaterials.com/esds/7647-01-0

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SECTION 16: Other information

Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Hazard Statements:

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.

Indication of Method:

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Calculation method

Acute toxicity Category 3 Toxic if inhaled. Calculation method

Skin corrosion Category 1A Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Calculation method

Serious Eye Damage Category 1 Causes serious eye damage. Calculation method

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS - European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
Kow - octanol-water partition coefficient
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
RMM - Risk Management Measure
OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
STOT - Specific Target Organ Toxicity
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
EN - European Standard
UN - United Nations
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
IATA - International Air Transport Association
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
WGK - Water Hazard Class

Key literature references and sources for data:

ECHA - Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets
ECHA - Guidance on the application of the CLP Criteria
ARIEL database

Prepared by : Versum Materials, Product Regulatory Department

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For additional information, please visit Versum Materials' Product Stewardship web site.
<http://www.versummaterials.com/productstewardship/>

This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with the applicable European Directives and applies to all countries that have translated the Directives in their national laws. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.
