

Material Safety Data Sheet

DS-ES

1. Product and company identification

Product name : DS-ES

Material uses : Petroleum lubricating grease
Supplier/Manufacturer : LUBRIPLATE® Lubricants Co.

129 Lockwood St. Newark, NJ 07105

Telephone no.: 1-973-589-9150

Validation date : 2/16/2012.

Prepared by : Atrion Regulatory Services, Inc.

In case of emergency : CHEM-TEL 1-800-255-3924 (24 hour)

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Solid. [grease]
Color : Off-white.
Odor : Mineral oil.

Emergency overview

Signal word : CAUTION!

Hazard statements : MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED

OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

Precautions : Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep

container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

InhalationIngestionSlightly irritating to the respiratory system.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Slightly irritating to the skin.

Eyes : Slightly irritating to the eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation :

2. Hazards identification

Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Eyes

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

United States

Name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	30-60
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	64742-55-8	30-60
Lithium stearate	4485-12-5	5-10
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5

Canada

Name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	30-60
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	64742-55-8	30-60
Lithium stearate	4485-12-5	5-10
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

First aid measures 4.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Accidental release measures 6.

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

7. Handling and storage

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
Lithium stearate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total particulate mass
Zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Fume TWA: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Respirable fraction

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Zinc oxide	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[a]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	Ļ	[b]
	BC 9/2010	-	2	_	-	10	-	_	-	Ļ	[b]
	ON 7/2010	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	Ļ	[a]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	ici
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	[c] [d]
, ,	ON 7/2010	-	5	_	-	10	-	_	-	Ļ	[e]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	_	-	10	-	_	-	Ļ	[e]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	[e] [d]
	ON 7/2010	-	5	_	-	10	-	_	-	Ļ	[e]
	QC 6/2008	-	5	_	-	10	-	_	_	ļ.	[e]
Lithium stearate	US ACGIH 2/2010	-	10	_	-	-	-	_	_	ļ.	Ĭf1
	AB 4/2009	-	10	_	-	-	-	_	_	ļ.	[f] [3]
	BC 9/2010	-	10	_	-	-	-	-	-	}	'
	ON 7/2010	-	10	L	-	-	-	_	-	Ļ	[f]

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

[3]Skin sensitization

Form: [a]Respirable fraction [b]Respirable [c]fume [d]Inhalable fraction [e]mist [f]Total particulate mass

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid. [grease]

Flash point : Open cup: 218°C (424.4°F) [Cleveland.]

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Flammable limits : Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 7%

Color : Off-white.

Odor : Mineral oil.

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : >288°C (>550.4°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Relative density : 0.91

Density : Not available.

Vapor pressure : <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg)

Vapor density : >5 [Air = 1]
Odor threshold : Not available.

2/16/2012. **United States/Canada** *5/10*

9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate : <0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.39 cm²/s (39 cSt)

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

LogK_{ow}: Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid

: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	3900 mg/m3	4 hours
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	15 g/kg	-

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitizer

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Lithium stearate	A4	-	-	-	-	-
Zinc oxide	A4	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 to 2.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3077	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)	9	≡	₩ 22	Limited quantity Yes. Special provisions 8, 146, 335, B54, IB8, IP3, N20, T1, TP33

DS-ES						
14. Transpo	rt inforr	nation				
TDG Classification	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)		III	2 MAMRE POLLITART	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5 Special provisions 16
IMDG Class	UN3077	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide).	9	III		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F

9

PG*: Packing group

IATA-DGR Class

Regulatory information 15.

UN3077

United States

HCS Classification

: Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) IUR: Not determined

Marine pollutant (Zinc

hazardous substance,

Environmentally

solid, n.o.s. (Zinc

oxide)

oxide)

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

Ш

Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation:

limitation: 400 kg

limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions:

Packaging instructions: 956

Packaging instructions: 956 Limited Quantities -Passenger Aircraft Quantity

Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity

400 kg

Y956

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Zinc oxide

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Delayed (chronic) health hazard:

Zinc oxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc oxide; zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5
Supplier notification	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1-5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES,

HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC; ZINC OXIDE FUME

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ZINC OXIDE (ZNO)

California Prop. 65

Not available.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Zinc

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue : 2/16/2012.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : '

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.