# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 26 April 2016

**Version 4** 

# **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : DEFT CWF AEROSOL
Product code : DFT12CON (F1)

Other means of

: Not available.

identification Product type

: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : PPG Industries, Inc.

One PPG Place Pittsburgh, PA 15272

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

**Technical Phone Number** : 1-800-441-9695 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous

system (CNS), kidneys and liver) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 15.9%

#### **GHS** label elements

United States Page: 1/16

Date of issue 26 April 2016

Version 4

Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL

### Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard pictograms**







Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central

nervous system (CNS), kidneys, liver)

#### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage Disposal**  : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Supplemental label

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

elements

: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

**United States** Page: 2/16

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : DEFT CWF AEROSOL

Ingredient name	%	<b>CAS</b> number
butanone	≥20 - ≤45	78-93-3
Isopropyl alcohol	≥10 - ≤20	67-63-0
4-methylpentan-2-one	≥10 - ≤13	108-10-1
Ligroine	≥10 - ≤20	8032-32-4
xylene	≥1.0 - ≤5.2	1330-20-7
1-propoxypropan-2-ol	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1569-01-3
2-methylpropan-1-ol	≤1.0	78-83-1
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

United States Page: 3/16

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

United States Page: 4/16

Date of issue 26 April 2016

Version 4

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

United States Page: 5/16

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Special precautions** 

Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. Due to the nitrocellulose content of this product, spray dusts and deposits have a low flammability threshold. The product should not be sprayed in the same booth as coatings that generate heat during drying (for instance air drying or forced dry autoxidizing alkyds, styrenated alkyds or polyesters, etc), unless the spray booth and exhaust ducting are completely cleaned between each product change. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

Occupational exposure limits

United States Page: 6/16

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butanone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
loonroud alach al	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
4-methylpentan-2-one	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ligroine	None.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
1-propoxypropan-2-ol	None.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
CHIYIDGHZGHC	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 flig/fit 6 flodis. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	11171. 100 ppin o nodio.

#### Key to abbreviations

Α	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	<ul> <li>Potential skin absorption</li> </ul>
<b>ACGIH</b>	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	= Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	<ul> <li>Skin sensitization</li> </ul>

= Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Date of issue 26 April 2016

Version 4

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber May be used: nitrile rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

> **United States** Page: 8/16

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 11.67°C (53°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 1.4%

(flammable) limits

**Evaporation rate** : 3.44 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Vapor pressure** : 5.1 kPa (38.3 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.89 Density (lbs / gal) : 7.43

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

**Volatility** : 84% (v/v), 76.85% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w) : 23.15

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**Incompatible materials**: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon

dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

United States Page: 9/16

Date of issue 26 April 2016

Product code DFT12CON (F1)

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

Version 4

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butanone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11243 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Isopropyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	72600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.396 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	32772 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
Ligroine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	3400 ppm	4 hours
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
1-propoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3550 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2504 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

United States Page: 10/16

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category
Isopropyl alcohol 4-methylpentan-2-one xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
xylene	Category 2
ethylbenzene	Category 2

**Target organs** 

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, spleen, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contactIngestionCan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Unite	ed States P	age: 11/16
-------	-------------	------------

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact** 

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

: No specific data. Ingestion

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of Carcinogenicity

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

**United States** Page: 12/16

#### **Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL**

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	3909.7 mg/kg
Dermal	13534 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	12054.5 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	46.61 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	6.962 mg/l

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butanone	0.29	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	-	low
xylene	3.16	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	0.76	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	79.43	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

United States Page: 13/16

Date of issue 26 April 2016

Version 4

Product code DFT12CON (F1)

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	1972.2	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, butanone)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

**DOT** : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the

RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

IMDG : None identified.IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

**SARA 302/304** 

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

United States Page: 14/16

Date of issue 26 April 2016

### Section 15. Regulatory information

: Fire hazard Classification

Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
butanone	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Isopropyl alcohol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
4-methylpentan-2-one	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Ligroine	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
1-propoxypropan-2-ol	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

**Chemical name CAS** number **Concentration** Supplier notification Isopropyl alcohol 67-63-0 10 - 30 4-methylpentan-2-one 108-10-1 10 - 30 xylene 1330-20-7 3 - 7 ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 

Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: Health:

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 1

Date of previous issue 11/23/2015

Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

**United States** Page: 15/16

Version 4

**Product name DEFT CWF AEROSOL** 

### Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States Page: 16/16