# Carboguard 504 Part A

**Altex Coatings Ltd** 

Chemwatch: **9-42469**Version No: **1.2**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 4

Issue Date: **10/12/2013**Print Date: **10/01/2014**S.GHS.NZL.EN

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Carboguard 504 Part A
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	Not Applicable

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Use according to manufacturer's directions.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Altex Coatings Ltd
Address	New Zealand
Telephone	+64 7 5411221
Fax	+64 7 5411310
Website	www.altexcoatings.co.nz
Email	Not Available

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	Not Available		
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766		
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	 	

#### **CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE**

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial  ${\bf 01}$ 

# **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation.

GHS Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Flammable Liquid Category 2, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Reproductive Toxicity Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1B, 6.8B, 8.3A, 9.1C	

#### Label elements

**GHS** label elements







SIGNAL WORD DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

# Version No: 1.2

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H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H318	Causes serious eve damage
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

### Precautionary statement(s): Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.	
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.	
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider	
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use to extinguish.	
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.	

# Precautionary statement(s): Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405	Store locked up.

# Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

_	
P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
25068-38-6	20-30	bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, solid
108-10-1	10-20	methyl isobutyl ketone
71-36-3	1-10	n-butanol
64742-95-6.	1-10	aromatic hydrocarbon solvent

# **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures	
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.  Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing media**

Foam.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

#### Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Liquid and vapour are highly flammable.

#### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Remove all ignition sources.

**Major Spills** 

Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

#### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	■ Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours.
Other information	Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

Packing as supplied by manufacturer.

Storage incompatibility

Barium sulfate (barytes)













Must not be stored together

May be stored together with specific preventions

May be stored together

# PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Control parameters

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	methyl isobutyl ketone	Methyl isobutyl ketone	205 (mg/m3) / 50 (ppm)	307 (mg/m3) / 75 (ppm)	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	n-butanol	n-Butyl alcohol	Not Available	Not Available	150 (mg/m3) / 50 (ppm)	Skin absorption

#### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, solid	125 / 50 / 4 / 7.5(ppm)	350 / 150 / 12.5 / 25(ppm)	500 / 100 / 150(ppm)	500(ppm)
methyl isobutyl ketone	75(ppm)	75(ppm)	500(ppm)	500(ppm)
n-butanol	50(ppm)	50(ppm)	50(ppm)	1400(ppm)
aromatic hydrocarbon solvent	500(ppm)	750(ppm)	750(ppm)	750(ppm)

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
methyl isobutyl ketone	3,000(ppm)	500(ppm)

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n-butanol 8,000(ppm) 1,400 [LEL](ppm)

#### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	■ Safety glasses with side shields.		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hand protection	The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.		
Body protection	See Other protection below		
Other protection	▶ Overalls.		
Thermal hazards			

#### Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the: Carboguard 504 Part A Not Available

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

### Respiratory protection

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	AX-AUS / Class 1	-	AX-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	Air-line*	-	-
up to 100 x ES	-	AX-3	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

\* - Continuous-flow; \*\* - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

#### **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Coloured with Characteristic Odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.45
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	435
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	122	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	23	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	1.4	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	8.3	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	1.2	Volatile Component (%vol)	27
Vapour pressure (kPa)	0.87	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	3.46	VOC g/L	Not Available

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# **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ Presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information	on to	oxicolo	ogical	effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Ingestion	All cases of acute oral barium poisoning in adults exhibit gastrointestinal disturbances as the initial symptoms.
Skin Contact	The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis.
Eye	When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation.
Chronic	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Carboguard 504 Part A	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Carboguard 304 Part A	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, solid	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Oral (rat) LD50: 2080 mg/kg	Eye (human): 200 ppm/15m
methyl isobutyl ketone	Oral (rat) LD50: 2460 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 40 mg - SEVERE
methyl isobutyl ketone		Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild
		Skin (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild
	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 3400 mg/kg	Eye (human): 50 ppm - irritant
n-butanol	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 8000 ppm/4h	Eye (rabbit): 1.6 mg-SEVERE
n-butanoi	Oral (rat) LD50: 790 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 24 mg/24h-SEVERE
		Skin (rabbit): 405 mg/24h-moderate
	Not Available	Not Available
and the lands and an advant	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
aromatic hydrocarbon solvent	Not Available	Not Available

Carboguard 504 Part A	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.			
BISPHENOL A/ EPICHLOROHYDRIN RESIN, SOLID	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.  CAUTION: Epoxy resin products may contain sensitising glycidyl ethers, even when these are not mentioned in the information given for the product. in solid grades of the resin.			
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE, N-BUTANOL, AROMATIC HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.			
Acute Toxicity	Not Applicable	Carcinogenicity	Not Applicable	
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	Not Applicable	Reproductivity	Reproductive Toxicity Category 2	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Serious Eye Damage Category 1 STOT - Single Exposure Not Applicable			
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	Not Applicable	STOT - Repeated Exposure	Not Applicable	
Mutagenicity	Not Applicable	Aspiration Hazard	Not Applicable	

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#### **CMR STATUS**

SKIN	n-butanol	New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) - Skin	Skin absorption
Orthy	11 batarioi	11017 Zodiana 11011placo Expoduro diandardo (1120) Gian	Citil aboorption

### **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

# Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Not Available	Not Available

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

# **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.	
	Insure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

#### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required



# Land transport (UN)

UN number	1263
Packing group	II .
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Environmental hazard	No relevant data
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163;367 limited quantity 5 L

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263
Packing group	II
UN proper shipping name	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds); Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base)
Environmental hazard	No relevant data
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class 3 ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code 3L

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Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A3A72
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	364
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	353
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	5 L
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y341
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	1 L

#### Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1263		
Packing group	Ш		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Environmental hazard	No relevant data		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk		
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-E,S-E Special provisions 163 Limited Quantities 5 L		

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration - Outside Special Area (% w/w)	Residual Concentration
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances	n-butanol	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

#### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard **HSR Number** Group Standard

HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2006

#### bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, solid(25068-38-6) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Chemicals (single components)", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data", "New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 -Schedule 1 Quantity limits", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution - United Kingdom'

#### methyl isobutyl ketone(108-10-1) is found on the following regulatory lists

"International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Reviewed by the IARC Monographs", "New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk","IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Dangerous Goods", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List", "IOFI Global Reference List of Chemically Defined Substances", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "FisherTransport Information", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data", "New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution - Norway"

#### n-butanol(71-36-3) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)", "IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Dangerous Goods", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","IOFI Global Reference List of Chemically Defined Substances","IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "FisherTransport Information", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "Acros Transport Information", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Chemicals (single components)","New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals","New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data", "New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)","International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution – Norway"

#### aromatic hydrocarbon solvent(64742-95-6.) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) SIN List (\*Substitute It Now!)","International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List","New Zealand Land Transport Rule; Dangerous Goods 2005 - Schedule 2 Dangerous Goods in Limited Quantities and Consumer

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Commodities", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index"

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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# Carboguard 504 Part B

**Altex Coatings Ltd** 

Chemwatch: 9-42472 Version No: 1.4

Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: **10/12/2013** Print Date: **10/01/2014** S.GHS.NZL.EN

#### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Carboguard 504 Part B
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available
CAS number	Not Applicable

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Use according to manufacturer's directions.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Altex Coatings Ltd	 	
Address	New Zealand	: !	
Telephone	+64 7 5411221	 	
Fax	+64 7 5411310	 	
Website	www.altexcoatings.co.nz		
Email	Not Available		

#### Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available	1	
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766		
Other emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	1	

#### **CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE**

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

# **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation.

GHS Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Flammable Liquid Category 3, Metal Corrosion Category 1, Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B, Serious Eye Damage Category 1, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, STOT - SE (Narcosis) Category 3, Aspiration Hazard Category 1		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI		
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1C, 6.1D (dermal), 6.1D (inhalation), 6.1E (aspiration), 6.5B (contact), 6.9 (narcotic), 8.1A, 8.2B, 8.3A		

#### Label elements

GHS label elements









SIGNAL WORD

DANGER

Chemwatch: 9-42472 Version No: 1.4

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# Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
P234	Keep only in original container.	
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.	
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.	
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.	
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	

#### Precautionary statement(s): Response

P301+P310+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.		
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth.		
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.		
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider		
P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).		
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use to extinguish.		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap		
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.		
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.		

# Precautionary statement(s): Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P405	Store locked up.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-95-6.	70-80	aromatic hydrocarbon solvent
68412-09-9	10-20	oleic acid/ triethylenetetramine amide
71-36-3	1-10	n-butanol

## **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

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NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.  Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Immediately flush body and clothes with large amounts of water, using safety shower if available.  Quickly remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Wash skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre.  Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> <li>Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes) may cause lung oedema.</li> <li>Corrosive substances may cause lung damage (e.g. lung oedema, fluid in the lungs).</li> <li>As this reaction may be delayed up to 24 hours after exposure, affected individuals need complete rest (preferably in semi-recumbent posture) and must be kept under medical observation even if no symptoms are (yet) manifested.</li> <li>Before any such manifestation, the administration of a spray containing a dexamethasone derivative or beclomethasone derivative may be considered.</li> <li>This must definitely be left to a doctor or person authorised by him/her. (ICSC13719)</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Avoid giving milk or oils.</li> <li>Avoid giving alcohol.</li> <li>For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.</li> <li>Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.</li> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> <li>If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.</li> </ul>

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

For acute or short term repeated exposures to xylene:

- ▶ Gastro-intestinal absorption is significant with ingestions. For ingestions exceeding 1-2 ml (xylene)/kg, intubation and lavage with cuffed endotracheal tube is recommended. The use of charcoal and cathartics is equivocal.
- $\,\blacktriangleright\,$  Pulmonary absorption is rapid with about 60-65% retained at rest.
- Primary threat to life from ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure.
- Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress (e.g. cyanosis, tachypnoea, intercostal retraction, obtundation) and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 < 50 mm Hg or pCO2 > 50 mm Hg) should be intubated.
- Arrhythmias complicate some hydrocarbon ingestion and/or inhalation and electrocardiographic evidence of myocardial injury has been reported; intravenous lines and cardiac monitors should be established in obviously symptomatic patients. The lungs excrete inhaled solvents, so that hyperventilation improves clearance.
- A chest x-ray should be taken immediately after stabilisation of breathing and circulation to document aspiration and detect the presence of pneumothorax.
- Epinephrine (adrenalin) is not recommended for treatment of bronchospasm because of potential myocardial sensitisation to catecholamines. Inhaled cardioselective bronchodilators (e.g. Alupent, Salbutamol) are the preferred agents, with aminophylline a second choice. BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDEX - BEI

These represent the determinants observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker exposed at the Exposure Standard (ES or TLV):

Determinant	Index	Sampling Time	Comments
Methylhippu-ric acids in urine	1.5 gm/gm creatinine	End of shift	
	2 mg/min	Last 4 hrs of shift	

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is indicated. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation is therefore essential. Immediate administration of an appropriate spray, by a doctor or a person authorised by him/her should be considered. (ICSC24419/24421

#### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Foam.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

#### Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	g   ■ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	▶ Liquid and vapour are flammable.	

#### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	Remove all ignition sources.	
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind.	

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	© Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours.	
Other information	Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.	

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container Packing as supplied by manufacturer.

















Must not be stored together

- May be stored together with specific preventions
- May be stored together

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	n-butanol	n-Butyl alcohol	Not Available	Not Available	150 (mg/m3) / 50 (ppm)	Skin absorption

### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
aromatic hydrocarbon solvent	500(ppm)	750(ppm)	750(ppm)	750(ppm)
n-butanol	50(ppm)	50(ppm)	50(ppm)	1400(ppm)

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
n-butanol	8,000(ppm)	1,400 [LEL](ppm)

#### Exposure controls

Expectate controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.	
Personal protection		
Eye and face protection	▶ Chemical goggles.	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below	
Hand protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.	

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Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	▶ Overalls.
Thermal hazards	

#### Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the: Carboguard 504 Part B Not Available

Material		CPI
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<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

#### Respiratory protection

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

#### ^ - Full-face

 $A(All\ classes) = Organic\ vapours,\ B\ AUS\ or\ B1 = Acid\ gasses,\ B2 = Acid\ gas\ or\ hydrogen\ cyanide(HCN),\ B3 = Acid\ gas\ or\ hydrogen\ cyanide(HCN),\ E = Sulfur\ dioxide(SO2),\ G = Agricultural\ chemicals,\ K = Ammonia(NH3),\ Hg = Mercury,\ NO = Oxides\ of\ nitrogen,\ MB = Methyl\ bromide,\ AX = Low\ boiling\ point\ organic\ compounds(below\ 65\ degC)$ 

#### **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Coloured with Characteristic Odour		
Аррешинос	Coloured with Characteristic Cdour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.88
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	460
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	147	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	41	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	0.7	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	7.2	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	0.6	Volatile Component (%vol)	82
Vapour pressure (kPa)	1.3	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	3.9	VOC g/L	Not Available

### **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ Presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on toxicological effects

mornation on toxicological effects		
Inhaled	The acute toxicity of inhaled alkylbenzenes is best described by central nervous system depression.	
Ingestion	The material can produce chemical burns within the oral cavity and gastrointestinal tract following ingestion.	

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Skin Contact	Skin contact with the material may be harmful; systemic effects may result following absorption.		
Eye	The material can produce chemical burns to the	e eye following direct contact.	
Chronic	Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosives may result in the erosion of teeth, inflammatory and ulcerative changes in the mouth and necrosis (rarely) of the jaw.		
Carboguard 504 Part B	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	Not Available	Not Available	
aromatic hydrocarbon solvent	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
aromatic flydrocarbon solvent	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
oleic acid/ triethylenetetramine amide	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY IRRITATION		
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 3400 mg/kg Eye (human): 50 ppm - irritant		
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 8000 ppm/4h Eye (rabbit): 1.6 mg-SEVERE		
n-butanol	Oral (rat) LD50: 790 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 24 mg/24h-SEVERE	
		Skin (rabbit): 405 mg/24h-moderate	
	Not Available	Not Available	
Carboguard 504 Part B	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.		
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON SOLVENT, OLEIC ACID/ TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE AMIDE, N-BUTANOL	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.		
Acute Toxicity	ty Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4 Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4  Carcinoge		Not Applicable
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1B	Reproductivity	Not Applicable
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Serious Eye Damage Category 1	STOT - Single Exposure	STOT - SE (Narcosis) Category 3

# **CMR STATUS**

SKIN	n-butanol	New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES) - Skin	Skin absorption
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STOT - Repeated Exposure

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Not Applicable

Aspiration Hazard Category 1

# **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation

Mutagenicity

### Toxicity

When spilled this product may act as a typical oil, causing a film, sheen, emulsion or sludge at or beneath the surface of the body of water.

Skin Sensitizer Category 1

Not Applicable

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Not Available	Not Available

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Not Available	Not Available

### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal  Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.	
	Insure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

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# **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# Labels Required





Marine Pollutant: NO

HAZCHEM

•3WE\*; •3W\*

# Land transport (UN)

UN number	3469	
Packing group	III	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	
Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk 8	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163;223;367 limited quantity 5 L	

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

• •			
UN number	3469		
Packing group	III		
UN proper shipping name	Paint, flammable, corrosive (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material, flammable, corrosive (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Environmental hazard	No relevant data		
	ICAO/IATA Class 3		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subrisk 8		
	ERG Code 3C		
	Special provisions	A3A72	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	365	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L	
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	354	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	5L	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y342	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	1L	
		1	

# Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3469	
Packing group	III	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	
Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk 8	
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-E,S-C Special provisions 163 223 Limited Quantities 5 L	

# Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category	Residual Concentration - Outside Special Area (% w/w)	Residual Concentration
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances	n-butanol	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

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#### SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002663	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Corrosive) Group Standard 2006

aromatic hydrocarbon solvent(64742-95-6.) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Chemical Secretariat (ChemSec) SIN List (\*Substitute It Now!)", "International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List", "New Zealand Land Transport Rule; Dangerous Goods 2005 - Schedule 2 Dangerous Goods in Limited Quantities and Consumer Commodities", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index"

oleic acid/ triethylenetetramine amide(68412-09-9) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)"

n-butanol(71-36-3) is found on the following regulatory lists

"New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)","IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Other Liquid Substances", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Dangerous Goods", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "International Council of Chemical Associations (ICCA) - High Production Volume List", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List","IOFI Global Reference List of Chemically Defined Substances","IMO IBC Code Chapter 18: List of products to which the Code does not apply", "GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "FisherTransport Information", "Sigma-AldrichTransport Information", "Acros Transport Information", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Chemicals (single components)", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals", "New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data", "New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)", "International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations", "International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)", "Belgium Federal Public Service Mobility and Transport, Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail - Table A: Dangerous Goods List - RID 2013 (Dutch)","International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code) - Substance Index", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "OSPAR National List of Candidates for Substitution - Norway"

#### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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