SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 29 July 2016 Version 8

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: CETOL SRD RE DARK OAK SIK250-009	
Product code	: 00366009	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses o	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place	
<u>Emergency telephone</u> <u>number</u>	Pittsburgh, PA 15272 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)	

Technical Phone Number : 1-800-441-9695 (8:00 am to 5:00 pm EST)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 67.9%

GHS label elements

Product name CETOL SRD RE DARK OAK SIK250-009

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture
- : Mixture
- Product name

: CETOL SRD RE DARK OAK SIK250-009

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥20 - ≤50	64742-88-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-82-1
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	<1.0	55406-53-6
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	136-52-7
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	: No specific data.	

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	• No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures		Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	:	Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.		ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 400 ppm OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
		TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurize	ed heavy	None.		
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	,	None.		
2-butanone oxime		IPEL (PPG).		
		TWA: 3 ppm		
		STEL: 9 ppm		
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).		
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.		
ethylbenzene		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).		
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).		
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
	Key to abbreviations			
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak CGIH = American Conference of Governmer	tal Industrial Hygionists	S = Potential skin absorption SR = Respiratory sensitization		
C = Ceiling Limit	ital industrial rygienists.	SS = Skin sensitization		
F = Fume		STEL = Short term Exposure limit values		
IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit		TD = Total dust		
 DSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Adn R = Respirable 	ninistration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average		
Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z	- Toxic and Hazardous Substances	8 8		
onsult local authorities for acceptab				
· · · · ·	-	with exposure limits, personal, workplace		
procedures atmos the ve protect Refer	phere or biological monitorin ntilation or other control mea tive equipment. Reference	ng may be required to determine the effectiveness of asures and/or the necessity to use respiratory should be made to appropriate monitoring standard ocuments for methods for the determination of		
ontrols other recom vapor	engineering controls to keep mended or statutory limits.	. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a The engineering controls also need to keep gas, w any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof		
nvironmental exposure : Emiss ontrols : they c cases	ions from ventilation or work omply with the requirements	a process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some ingineering modifications to the process equipment		

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical pro- eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contamina Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stat showers are close to the workstation location.	eriod. ated clothing.
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will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: Recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Brown.
Odor	1	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	4	Not available.
Melting point	4	Not available.
Boiling point	1	157°C (314.6°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 49°C (120.2°F)
Material supports combustion.	:	Yes.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	1	Lower: 0.64%
(flammable) limits		Upper: 6.73%
Evaporation rate	4	0.0015 (butyl acetate = 1)
Vapor pressure	:	4.4 kPa (33.33 mm Hg) [room temperature]

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.94
Density(lbs / gal)	: 7.84
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm²/s (<7 cSt)
Volatility	: 34% (v/v), 29.124% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 70.876

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3000 mg/kg	-
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Irritation/Corrosion			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Eyes :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Respiratory :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Sensitization			
Conclusion/Summary			
Skin :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Respiratory :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>			
Conclusion/Summary :	There are	e no data av	ailable on the mixture itself.
Carcinogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary :	There are	e no data av	vailable on the mixture itself.
Classification			
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
balt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	2B	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen OSHA: + Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

ethylbenzene

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Th	ere are no data available on the mixture itself.
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2B

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1
ethylbenzene	Category 2

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, skin. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, upper respiratory tract, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Aspiration hazard

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleu Naphtha (petroleum), hydr ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
nformation on the likely r	outes of exposure	
Potential acute health eff	ects	
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or crit	ical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system dizziness.	(CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause s	kin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system enters airways.	(CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and
Over-exposure signs/syn	nptoms	
Eye contact	: No specific data.	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include th nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	e following:
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include th irritation dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	e following:
	: Adverse symptoms may include th nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	-
	fects and also chronic effects from she	
Conclusion/Summary	concentrations in excess of the state health effects such as mucous me effects on the kidneys, liver and ce headache, dizziness, fatigue, musi- loss of consciousness. Solvents n through the skin. There is some e vapors in combination with constant expected from exposure to noise a irritation and reversible damage. I This takes into account, where know	mixture itself. Exposure to component solvent vapor ated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse mbrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse entral nervous system. Symptoms and signs include cular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, hay cause some of the above effects by absorption vidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent at loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause ngestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. bwn, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and a contact.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
		There are no data available on the minture itself
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	octs	
General	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	Suspected of damaging fertility.
Numerical measures of toxic	ity	
Acute toxicity estimates		
Not available.		

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Description of the second s	0.63	5.01	low
	3.15	79.43	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport in	normation		
	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph., Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy)	Not applicable.
Product RQ (lbs)	20768.5	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

14. Transport information

Additional information

DOT	:	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
IMDG	1	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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14. Transport information

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
2-butanone oxime	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

Supplier notification	: cot

	<u>Chemical name</u>
1	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
	ethylbenzene

<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
136-52-7	0.1 - 1
100-41-4	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Ass	ociation (U.S.A.)	
Health : 2 Flammability : 2 Instability : 0		
Date of previous issue	: 5/1/2016	
Organization that prepared the MSDS	: EHS	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.