SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form: Substance
Substance name: Boron Trifluoride
CAS No: 7637-07-2
Product code: SG-1001-00070
Formula: BF3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture: Manufacture of substances, Laboratory chemicals, Semiconductor Purposes

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Air Liquide USA LLC and its affiliates
9811 Katy Freeway, Suite 100
Houston, TX 77024 - USA
T 1-800-819-1704
www.us.airliquide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Gases under pressure: H280
Compressed gas: H330
Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas): H314
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A: H318
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1: H335
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 2: H371
Full text of H statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US): GHS04, GHS05, GHS06, GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US): Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US): H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H330 - Fatal if inhaled
H371 - May cause damage to organs (kidneys) (Inhalation)
CGA-HG11 - Symptoms may be delayed
CGA-HG22 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract
Precautionary statements (GHS-US): P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe gas
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective gloves, protective clothing
P284 - Wear respiratory protection. Consult respirator supplier’s product information for the selection of the appropriate respiratory protection
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125 °F
CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping
CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty
CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure
CGA-PG14 - Approach suspected leak area with caution
CGA-PG18 - When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug
CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly

2.3. Other hazards
No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)
Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance
Substance type : Mono-constituent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boron Trifluoride</td>
<td>(CAS No) 7637-07-2</td>
<td>&gt; 99.9</td>
<td>Compressed gas, H280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1A, H314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE 3, H335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE 2, H371</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture
Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Apply artificial respiration with bag and mask if breathing stopped. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. May cause damage to organs (kidneys) (Inhalation). Symptons/injuries after skin contact : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration : Not known.
Chronic symptoms : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
If you feel unwell, seek medical advice. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Fire hazard: The product is not flammable.
Explosion hazard: Product is not explosive. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.
Reactivity: None known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters
Firefighting instructions: In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Protection during firefighting: Standard protective clothing and equipment (e.g., Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for firefighters. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures: Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel
Protective equipment: Wear protective equipment consistent with the site emergency plan.

6.1.2. For emergency responders
Protective equipment: Standard protective clothing and equipment (e.g., Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for firefighters. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures: Evacuate and limit access. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Try to stop release if without risk.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
For containment: Try to stop release if without risk.
Methods for cleaning up: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections
See also Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Additional hazards when processed: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty.
Precautions for safe handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Hygiene measures: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Technical measures: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions: Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 52 °C/125 °F. Keep container closed when not in use. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Store in well-ventilated area. Store locked up.
Incompatible products: None known.
Incompatible materials: Alkali metals. Calcium oxide.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>ACGIH TWA (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10/10/2016 EN (English US) SDS ID: 900002 3/9
### Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Limit (mg/m³)</th>
<th>Limit (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>0.7 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDLH</td>
<td>25 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls**: Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Alarm detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.

**Hand protection**: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand protection. Wear chemically resistant protective gloves when making or breaking process connections.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear goggles and a face shield when transferring or breaking transfer connections. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection.

**Skin and body protection**: Wear suitable protective clothing, e.g. lab coats, coveralls or flame resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**: Wear a respirator when performing non-routine tasks not limited to line breaking or sampling. Wear a respirator during routine operations if determined to be necessary during a process-specific review. Consult respirator suppliers' product information or their representatives for the selection of the appropriate respirator. See Sections 5 & 6.

**Thermal hazard protection**: None necessary during normal and routine operations.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

**Other information**: Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Clear, colorless gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Pungent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>-129 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>-100 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical temperature</td>
<td>-11.35 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical pressure</td>
<td>4980 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable (non-flammable gas)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>See Section 2.1 and 2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits</td>
<td>Not applicable (non-flammable gas)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not applicable (non-flammable gas).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing properties</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>40.7 hPa -13°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density at 20 °C</td>
<td>2.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity / density</td>
<td>2.84 kg/m³ (at 15 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular mass</td>
<td>67.82 g/mol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative gas density</td>
<td>Heavier than air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Water: No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Boron Trifluoride
Safety Data Sheet
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

9.2 Other information
Gas group: Compressed gas
Additional information: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity
None known.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5 Incompatible materials
Alkali metals. Calcium oxide.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information
11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity: Inhalation: gas: Fatal if inhaled.

**Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LCS0 inhalation rat (ppm)</td>
<td>432 ppm/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (gases)</td>
<td>432.000 ppmV/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious eye damage/irritation</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory or skin sensitization</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carcinogenicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive toxicity</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs (kidneys) (Inhalation).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration hazard</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after inhalation</td>
<td>Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. May cause damage to organs (kidneys) (Inhalation).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after skin contact</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after eye contact</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries after ingestion</td>
<td>Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration</td>
<td>Not known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic symptoms</td>
<td>Adverse effects not expected from this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2) | EC50 Daphnia 1 | 21.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2) | Persistence and degradability | Hydrolyses. Not applicable for inorganic gases. |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2) | Log Pow | Not applicable for inorganic gases. |
| Log Pow | Bioaccumulative potential | No data available. |

12.4. Mobility in soil

| Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2) | Ecology - soil | Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution. |

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.
Effect on ozone layer: No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods: Contact supplier if guidance is required. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.

Waste disposal recommendations: Refer to the CGA Pamphlet P-63 "Disposal of Gases" available at www.cganet.com for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description: UN1008 Boron trifluoride, 2.3

UN-No.(DOT): UN1008
Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Boron trifluoride
Class (DOT): 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Poisonous gas 49 CFR 173.115
Subsidiary risk (DOT): 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Hazard labels (DOT): 2.3 - Poison gas
8 - Corrosive

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 302
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 314,315
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102): 2 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone B (see 173.116(a) or 173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter
B9 - Bottom outlets are not authorized
B14 - Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx): None
### Boron Trifluoride Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

| DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) | Forbidden |
| DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) | Forbidden |
| DOT Vessel Stowage Location | D - The material must be stowed “on deck only” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded |
| DOT Vessel Stowage Other | 40 - Stow “clear of living quarters” |
| Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number | 125;173 |
| Other information | No supplementary information available. |
| Special transport precautions | Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver’s compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. |

**TDG**

| Transport document description | UN1008 BORON TRIFLUORIDE, 2.3 |
| UN-No. (TDG) | UN1008 |
| Proper Shipping Name | BORON TRIFLUORIDE |
| TDG Primary Hazard Classes | 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Toxic Gas. |
| TDG Subsidiary Classes | 8 |
TDG Special Provisions

23 - (1) A consignor of these dangerous goods must include, except for UN1005, ANHYDROUS AMMONIA, the words “toxic by inhalation” or “toxique par inhalation” or “toxicité par inhalation” in the following places, unless the words are already part of the shipping name: (a) on a shipping document, immediately after the description of the dangerous goods; (b) on a small means of containment, next to the shipping name of the dangerous goods; and (c) on a large means of containment, next to the placard for the primary class of the dangerous goods or the placard for the subsidiary class, if any. For example, the notation on a shipping document would be “UN1935, CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S., Class 6.1, PG I, toxic by inhalation”. (2) This special provision does not apply to a person who transports these dangerous goods in accordance with an exemption set out in sections 1.15, 1.17 or 1.17.1 of Part 1 (Coming Into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases). (3) A consignor of UN1005, ANHYDROUS AMMONIA, must include the words “inhalation hazard” or “dangereux par inhalation”: (a) on a shipping document, immediately after the shipping name of the dangerous goods; and (b) on a small means of containment, next to the shipping name of the dangerous goods. When UN1005, ANHYDROUS AMMONIA, is contained in a large means of containment on which is affixed the anhydrous ammonia placard, the words “Anhydrous Ammonia, Inhalation Hazard” or “Ammoniac anhydre, dangerueux par inhalation” must be displayed next to the placard in accordance with paragraph 4.18.2(b).

SOR/2014-306.145 - (1) Neutron radiation detectors containing non-pressurized boron trifluoride gas may transported under this shipping name if (a) the absolute pressure in each detector does not exceed 105 kPa at 20°C; (b) the amount of gas does not exceed 13 g per detector; (c) each detector is manufactured under a quality assurance program; ISO 9001:2008 is an example of a quality assurance program; (d) each detector is of welded metal construction with brazed metal to ceramic feed through assemblies; (e) each detector has a minimum burst pressure of 1 800 kPa, demonstrated by design type qualification testing; and (f) each detector is tested to a 1 x 10⁻¹⁰ cm³/s leaktightness standard before being filled. (2) Neutron radiation detectors containing non-pressurized boron trifluoride gas transported as individual components must be offered for transport and transported as follows: (a) they must be packed in a sealed intermediate plastic liner with sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire gas contents; (b) they must be packed in a strong outer means of containment; (c) in their outer means of containment, they must be capable of withstanding a 1.8 m drop test without any leakage of the gas contained in the detectors; and (d) the total amount of gas contained in all the detectors in each outer means of containment must not exceed 52 g. (3) Completed neutron radiation detection systems containing detectors that meet the requirements of subsection (1) must be offered for transport and transported as follows: (a) the detectors must be housed in a strong sealed outer casing; (b) the casing must contain sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire gas contents of the detectors; and (c) unless the outer casing affords equivalent protection, the completed systems must be packed in a strong outer means of containment capable of withstanding a 1.8 m drop test without any leakage of the gas contained in the detectors. (4) The shipping document must include the statement “Transported in accordance with special provision 145” or “Transporté conformément à la disposition special 145”. (5) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to (a) neutron radiation detectors, including those with solder glass joints, containing not more than 1 g of boron trifluoride gas, if they may be transported under this shipping name and are packed in accordance with subsection (2); and (b) radiation detection systems containing detectors described in paragraph (a) if the systems are packed in accordance with subsection (3).

SOR/2014-306
SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)</th>
<th>500 lb</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</td>
<td>1.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WHMIS Classification</th>
<th>Class A - Compressed Gas</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class E - Corrosive Material</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EU-Regulations

Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Boron Trifluoride (7637-07-2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State or local regulations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information:
This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA’s Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR, 1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product.

Full text of H-phrases:

- H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H318: Causes serious eye damage
- H330: Fatal if inhaled
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation
- H371: May cause damage to organs