

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: BH - Heat Shield Manufacturer:

> **Products** Federal-Mogul Corporation

26555 Northwestern Highway

Southfield, MI 48033

MSDS# TN-115 24hr Emerg # (Infotrac): 1-800-535-5053

> International: 001-352-323-3500 Non-Emerg #: 248-354-9844

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

BH – Heat Shield products are fiberglass-based with a laminated aluminum face composite material, molded to complex shapes. They provide superior protection from radiant heat for plastic fuel tanks, plastic engine components and brake and steering components.

Although several of the ingredients used to formulate this product may be hazardous in the raw state, the manufacturing process results in a solid, infusible form, binding and otherwise, rendering the product inert. The constituents identified below may be present in quantities greater than 1% (0.1% for carcinogens) that may be released from the product by such operations as operations such as overheating, burning, machining, abrading, or riveting.

The information in this document provides the minimum criteria for safe usage and handling of this product. Companies using this product should develop their own occupational health program to protect employees from injury or adverse health effects.

Ingredient	CAS No.	% Weight	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Phenolic resin (as phenol)	108-95-2	45	5 ppm	5 ppm
Continuous filament glass fibers	65997-17-3	30	1 f/cc*	1 f/cc or 5 mg/m ³
Calcium carbonate (filler)	471-34-1	<20	15 mg/m3 (total dust)	10 mg/m ³
Clay (filler)		<20	Not Established	Not Established
Aluminum Foil (metal dust)	7429-90-5	40-80	15 mg/m3 (total dust)	10 mg/m3 (total dust)
Formaldehyde	50-0-0	0.5	0.75 ppm	0.3 ppm (C) (A2)
			2 ppm STEL	, . ,

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Shipped material is not considered hazardous, but operations (e.g., overheating, burning, machining, abrading, or riveting) that can create airborne dust should be avoided.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin: Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.

Eye: Dust particles may cause irritation or corneal injury due to mechanical action.

Ingestion: Not a probable route of entry.

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C means Ceiling limit, a concentration that shall not be exceeded at any time during the workshift

A2 means that formaldehyde is a suspected human carcinogen

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS (continued)				
Carcinogenicity:				
	COMPONENT			
	NTP IARC			
	OSHA			
Aluminum Foil (metal dust)				
	No			
	No No			
Oaleina aad aasta (Clad				
Calcium carbonate (filler)	No			
	No			
	No			
Clay (filler)				
	No			
	No No			
	110			
Continuous filament glass fibers	No			
	3			
	No			
Formaldehyde				
·	R			
	2A Yes			
Phenolic resin (as phenol)	No			
	3			
	No			

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure to Selected Individual Components

PHENOLIC RESIN

May cause irritation to eyes, nose, and throat when heated during the curing process.

CONTINUOUS FILAMENT GLASS FIBERS

Acute - May cause irritation to skin, eyes, nose, and throat. May cause skin rash, conjunctivitis, coughing and sneezing.

Chronic – Although some studies of fibrous and mineral wool workers have shown a link to lung cancer in humans, those studies have clearly provided no evidence of a link between lung cancer and continuous filament fiberglass exposure.

FORMALDEHYDE

Acute – Gastrointestinal effects may develop if ingested; may cause nausea, vomiting and severe abdominal pain. Exposure to the skin may cause irritation and contact dermatitis at low to moderate levels. Inhalation may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract, a burning sensation of the nose and throat, sneezing, coughing, headache, difficulty breathing, nausea, vomiting, and excessive thirst. May cause conjunctivitis, eye irritation/redness/burning and excessive tearing.

Chronic – May sensitize respiratory tract and cause an asthmatic reaction. May sensitize the skin and cause an allergic skin reaction. May aggravate asthma and inflammatory or fibrotic pulmonary disease.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: Rinse thoroughly with ample amounts of water. If irritation persists, seek medical

attention.

Skin Contact: Wash exposed area with soap and cool water. Avoid scratching irritated areas. If

irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Not a probable route of entry.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Material is not flammable or combustible.

Flashpoint: N/A LEL: N/A UEL: N/A Autoignition Temperature: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Use media type for surrounding fire.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None known.

Special Fire-Fighting Procedure: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when extinguishing a

fire.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Scrap monofilament may present a slipping hazard. Remove and dispose. If dust is generated, remove by vacuuming or wet-mopping. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Do not use compressed air to blow dust from surfaces.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry place. If dust is generated during shipping, remove the dust from container by vacuuming or wet-mopping. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Do not use compressed air to blow dust from surfaces.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation Protection: Any operation which may produce dust, including machining, grinding, riveting, or

abrading this product, should be adequately exhausted to prevent inhalation of dust.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator if there is a potential for exposure to exceed

applicable PELs or TLVs. (See 29 CFR 1910.134, OSHA Respiratory Protection

Standard.)

Skin Protection: If skin irritation occurs, gloves and other protective garments may be worn. For

cutting operations, gloves and loose-fitting clothing are recommended to be worn.

Eyes: Wear safety glasses or goggles when cutting the material.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:N/AVapor Pressure:N/AMelting Point:Not determinedVapor Density (air = 1):N/ApH:N/A% Volatile:N/A

Specific Gravity: 1.12 – 1.14 g/cc Evaporation Rate: N/A

Water Solubility: Insoluble Form, Color, and Odor: Solid, reddish brown/aluminum,

sweet acrid odor

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Incompatibility Strong oxidizing agents

(Materials/Conditions to Avoid):

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not polymerize.

Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition will start at temperatures exceeding 250°C and

may produce such by-products as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and relatively small amounts of hydrogen cyanide, methane, cresols, xylenols,

phenol, and formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Refer to Section 3

Skin: Refer to Section 3

Eye: Refer to Section 3

Ingestion: Refer to Section 3

Acute: None known

Chronic: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Federal and state law regulates disposal of scrap material or dust as solid waste. Contact local regulatory agencies for guidance.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: Not regulated

Hazard Class:
Identification Number:
Packing Group:
Shipping Label:
Additional Marking Requirement:
None

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. TSCA: All chemicals used to manufacture this product are listed on the U.S.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

California Proposition 65: This product contains formaldehyde, an ingredient known to the State of

California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive effects.

SARA Title III -

This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III/CERCLA "reportable quantities" (RQs) and/or "threshold planning Section 313 Supplier Notification:

quantities" (TPQs) and/or are classified as "Toxic Chemicals" under the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of

1986 and 40 CFR 372:

CAS Number Ingredient

Aluminum (as fume or dust) 7429-90-5 Formaldehyde 50-00-0 Phenol 108-95-2

RCRA Hazardous Waste Code: Not Available

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Phenol and formaldehyde are CERCLA Hazardous Substances.

OSHA: PELs have been established for three of the constituents, but not for the

product.

WHMIS Classification: Not Available

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations:

CAS No.: Chemical Abstract Services Number

OSHA PEL: U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Permissible Exposure Limit

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Value (2005)

ppm: Parts of contaminant per million parts of sampled air, on a volume-to-volume basis.

f/cc: Fibers per cubic centimeter of sampled air

mg/m³: Milligrams of contaminant per cubic meter of sampled air, on a weight-to-volume basis.

Ceiling limit, a concentration that shall not be exceeded at any time during the exposure C:

period.

A2: ACGIH has designated this constituent as a suspected human carcinogen.

STEL: Short-term exposure limit

N/A: Not Applicable

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

National Toxicology Program NTP: HEPA: High-efficiency particulate air

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

The information and recommendations stated above are taken from sources believed to be accurate as of the date of this revision. Federal-Mogul makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information or the suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability, including direct, incidental or consequential damages for any reliance thereof.

This MSDS should not be used as a complete or accurate summary of the content of this product. For specific information on brand names, manufacturers, or quantities, please refer to product specification documents, wherever available.

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